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WHOLE NO. 1596.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

Washington-Gossip.

[Special to the N. O. Times] WASHINGTON, October 21.—Postmaster General Randall, in reply to a friend in Wisconsin, asked what he ought to do about supporting the Republican State ticket, writes that he would never vote for any man on any ticket who favors impeachment of the President; that there is neither reason nor excuse for this war upon Mr. Johnson; that the latter has endeavored to bring about, upon just terms, a complete restoration of the Union, and has followed the policy of Mr. Lincoln, which all Republicans once approved, that he has had no other policy, and if this policy had been carried out there would have been perfect peace and the Union fully restored; and representatives, loyal all through the war, from Southern States, would now be filling the vacant seats in the House of Representatives; that the Republican party of Wisconsin to-day does not favor a single principle upon which the Government carried on the war; that it is the work of a dominant party outside of the Constitution was stopped, and the country restored, as it ought to have been long ago, if the Republican party had not abandoned its own tenets and made war upon the President because he was true to the principles upon which the people elevated him to his high office.

Secretary McCulloch being interrogated to-day, as to the statement of the Boston Post's correspondent that his McCulloch's resignation was no longer in the President's disposal, and that if his removal was attempted he would avail himself of the tenure of office law and resist, authorized a positive denial of the truth of the paragraph in all its parts. His resignation is and has been at all times subject to the acceptance of the President. There is authority also for saying that the statements of the same correspondent, that the President gave his permission to announce that he would make changes in the Cabinet at the November elections, and that he would resist Congress, etc., are equally unfounded.

Caleb Cushing, and Richard Merriek, who figured as one of the counsel of Sumner, are engaged in preparing cases looking to the restoration to its former owners of all property sold in this district under the confiscation law. Some of these cases are to be taken up to the Supreme Court of the United States on a writ of error, under the plea, that Congress had no power to extend admiralty jurisdiction over cases that were in civil revenue cases, and so demanded the intervention of a jury.

The Next Six Months.

Political excitement during the next six months will run higher than in any previous period of American existence. It may not be so demonstrative as in the days of the Missouri question, or the South Carolina nullification, or the National Bank veto, or the "hard cider" campaign of 1840; but it will be deeper, more important, and fraught with more peril.

The last radical Congress that will ever assemble will be in session; the work of President making will occupy thousands of restless minds and busy hands; conventions so-called will be engaged in some, perhaps all, of the unreconstructed States in laying the foundations for negro governments over white men; and the existence of the South as a white man's country, and the role of the United States as a republic, will be the momentous questions dependent upon the action of uncertain, unscrupulous, ambitious, and corrupt men, for solution.

No man in America is without interest in the political movement, intrigues, plans that will be developed during the coming winter, no man in America has such interests in politics before him as now.

Liberty, liberty, and life are at stake; or civil war may hang on the decision of a caucus—arbitrary and bloodshed may be precipitated by a rash word, a hasty blow, or a partisan vote in a State Legislature or in Congress, or the making of a single man like Brownlow or Hancock or Sheridan, or Stevens, or a imprudence of one, other such man as Johnson or Grant.

While there is much to hope for, we are not certain if there is not quite as much to fear; the people of the North have scarcely realized their danger in time to avert it.

We of this section have no more at stake than the people of the North—can have no more. Negro governments here, our most apparent danger, mean, it is true, our degradation, utter ruin, and expulsion from the homes of our fathers, or the desperate chances of revolution and a war of extermination be-

tween the races; but negro governments here also mean a transfer of the control of the Federal Government to the black race, whose representatives will hold balance of power in the Federal Legislature, and arraignism, repudiation, anarchy, and a war of races here would involve the whole country in its perils and consequences; and reconstruction under the bayonet, probable unless those bids are repealed or suspended by the Northern people acting through their representatives in Congress means negro governments here, and all the consequences North and South.

The destiny of the two sections is the same, —no great evil can come upon the South that will not fall with almost equal weight upon the North,—with the same government, the people of the United States must enjoy a common peace and share a common prosperity, or pass together through common suffering to a common fate; and from the Penobscot to the Pacific, from the Gulf to the Lakes, there is not one intelligent and patriotic citizen who does not feel that all he holds dear in the government and the holds precious for his children, all the prizes of law and liberty, are staked upon the combination and success of the next six months, and not one who does not await with mingled hope and fear the developments of each succeeding hour.

If the November elections result in democratic triumphs, or large democratic gains where triumphs cannot be expected, the people will have put a bit in the mouths of the unscrupulous adventurers who now unfortunately have control of Congress; and beginning with these elections, there will not be a single day until after the adjournment of Congress in which events "big with the fate" of America may not be expected; no one day on the events of which the well or woe of nearly forty millions of people may not depend. —Samuel H. Sengster.

IMPORTANT TO BANKRUPTS.

The period is passing rapidly away within which insolvent debtors of past years may avail themselves of the benefit of the National Bankruptcy Law with such advantages as they now possess. After the 2nd of March, 1868, no debtor will be able to obtain a discharge in bankruptcy unless his assets shall pay fifty per cent of his indebtedness, or by assent in writing of a majority in number and value of his creditors.

THE NEW CODE.

The Montgomery Advertiser of the 13th instant says:

"As announced some days ago, this important addition to the library of every lawyer and judicial officer in the State is printed, and copies are daily delivered to the Secretary of State. It is the only code published since 1801, and of course contains a vast amount of matter. The general arrangement of the old code is retained, and titles, chapters and divisions are the same as far as practicable. The number of pages is about 960, including a very comprehensive index. In the foot notes references are made to the Alabama Supreme Court decisions, and the side notes refer to the acts of the Legislature from which the codification is made. Chief Justice Walker has devoted himself to his part of the work and we doubt if any State can boast of a more complete and satisfactory code of laws.

As some papers have made allusion to the printing of the code at this time, it is proper to say that the law was imperative and could not be evaded. A large part of the cost will come back to the State, as a great many copies have been ordered by parties in Alabama, and some will be sold in other States. The changes by future legislation will not materially interfere with the present work, as most of the modifications necessary by the changed state of affairs have been made by the Legislature, and are included in the Code. The price is fixed at \$3.00 per copy, and those who wish interleaved copies can obtain them by sending \$3.00 additional to Hon. Micah Taul, Secretary of State to whom all letters and orders on the subject should be sent."

We learn that the little village of Rogersville, East Tennessee, was recently the scene of another tragedy. The notorious bushwhacker and murderer, Gizemore, was killed by a man named I. Willis. Gizemore and Willis had belonged to both armies during the war. At the close both were in the Federal service, and returned to Hawkins county, their former home. Gizemore was appointed deputy sheriff upon the reorganization of the courts, and from that time till the day of his death was a terror to the good people of the county, using his official position as a cloak for his villainies. He was, at last, taken by the hands of one of his old army associates, within one hundred yards of where, in cold blood he had murdered four men.

Memphis Avalanche, 22d inst.

The Printer.

The following beautiful tribute to the followers of the "stick and rule," is from the pen of B. F. Taylor of the Chicago Evening Journal:

The printer is the adjunct of thought, and this explains the mystery of the wonderful word that can kindle hope as soon as sung can; that word "we" with hand-in-hand warmth in it—for the author and the printer are engineers together. Engineers indeed! When the Coasian bombarded Adiz, at the distance of five miles, it was deemed the very triumph of engineering. But what is that range to this, whereby they bombard the age yet to come.

There at the "case" he stands—marshals into line the forces armed with truth clothed with immortality and English. And what can be nobler than the equipment of a thought in sterling Saxon—Saxon with a spear or shield therein, and that commissioning it when we are dead to move gradually on to "the latest & noblest of recorded time." This is to win a victory from death, for this has no dying in it.

The printer is called laborer, and the office he performs, his toil. On! it is not work, but a sublime life he is performing, when in this cities he engraves that is to flag a word of truth in grandeur that will never be before described; flag it is to the bosom of an age. He throws off his work, indeed, we wonder rather that he does not put his shoes from his feet, for the place where he stands is holy ground.

A little son, an uttered somewhere long ago, a wanderer though the twilight terrors than a star; it did upon the ear. But the printer takes it up where it was lying there in the silence like a wounded bird, and he sends it forth from the ark that has preserved it, and it flies on into the future with words of peace, and a sound the world will melody, like the dawning of spring morning.

Official Vote of Pennsylvania

It appears by the full, official returns of the late election in Pennsylvania for supreme judge the vote is as follows:

Sharswood, Dem. and Con.	268,886
Williams, Republican.	266,824

Majority for Sharswood 1,262

At the Governor's election last year the vote was:

Geary, Republican	307,224
Clymer, Democrat.	290,68

Majority for Geary, 17,178

The Democratic vote is 22,070, and that of the Republicans 39,070 less than last year.

DRUGS, DRUGS.

P. L. TURNLEY.

(Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibbons.)

Announces to the public that he has and is receiving a very superior stock of Drugs, medicines, chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes, Oils, Lamps, also Clover and Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels confident that he can please all of his Alabama Customers and Friends that will call on him or send their orders. Readjust he may be found at his old conspicuous stand No. 3, under the CHOICE HOTEL, Rome, Ga.

Cheap but Valuable Land

480 ACRES of Land lying on Little Waukey Creek, 12 miles west of Jacksonville, and one half mile from the Jacksonville and Gadsden Railroad, is now offered for sale by the owners, who wish to remove to Louisiana, at a little more than government price. The land is well timbered, has on it five springs, a large portion good soil, and 40 acres believed to contain a very valuable slate quarry. It will be sold at once, or in sections of 50 or 20 acres. For further particulars, enquire at this office. May 18, 1867.

A. D. PRINCE, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PETER, COOPER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail GROCERS

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

We Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper who has had long experience in the Cotton trade will give his special attention to that branch of the business. Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866—6m

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW!

LIGHT FOR THE MILLION!

A VALUABLE DISCOVERY!

The Eureka Illuminating Oil

Costs only One Cent for three hours. Cheap, Clean and Neat. No Smoke. No Offensiveness. No Grease. No Chimney. Not Explosive. Costs only 25 Cts. Per Gallon.

No Family should be without it.

Samples for testing will be sent prepaid, on receipt of 50 cents. County and State Rights for sale on liberal terms either for Cash, Real Estate or Personal Property. Address, Eureka Oil Manufacturing Co., 57 Park Row, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c., of

HON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.

By Henry Cleveland,

Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 16, 1867.

JOHN W. INZER. LEROY F. BOX

INZER & BOX,

Attorneys at Law,

AND

Solicitors in Chancery.

ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,

of Alabama,

Has located in the country near Seale, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he can be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,

TUMORS, POLYPI,

DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South.

He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, at some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

A SAFE

CERTAIN,

AND

Speedy Cure

FOR

NEURALGIA,

AND ALL

NERVOUS

DISEASES.

Its Effects are

Magical.

It is an UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three pills.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing, affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always effects the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can always be used with PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of our most eminent physicians, who give it their unqualified and unqualified approval. Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage.

One package, \$1.00, Postage 5 cents.

Six packages, 5.00, " 27 "

Twelve packages, 9.00, " 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,

120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

Oct. 12, 1867.

By the Governor of Alabama,

A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

STATE OF ALABAMA,

WHEREAS, information has reached this Department, that an atrocious murder was recently committed in Cleburne county upon the body of Michael Pessault; and

Whereas, it is formally charged, that the said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH MARKS; and it appearing that the said Marks has fled from justice, and is still running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. Patton, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars

to any person who may arrest the said Joseph Marks, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1867, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON.

By THE GOVERNOR,

MICAH TAUL,

Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and heavy built, weighs about one hundred and seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair, which was quite long when he fled; his complexion is fair. He is slow spoken. The second toe on the left foot has been cut; so that it hangs down. The first and third toes on the same foot, incline towards each other, and nearly if not quite touch.

Pay Up!

Yes, the time has arrived. Wheat is ready for market, and you can get a fair price. I expect punctuality for "Old things are done away."

So call in at once and pay.

E. L. WOODWARD.

July 20th, 1867.

"WOOD'S"

PRIZE

MOWERS AND REAPERS!

Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Trial at Plymouth, England, July, 1865, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866, the First Premium, GRAND GOLD MEDAL.

The PRIZE MOWER,

While it retains all the advantages which has made it so universal a favorite, is greatly improved by the addition of

Steel Lined Guards,

New Pitman Connections,

Stronger Knives,

Spring Seat,

Adjustable Folding Shoe,

Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and at the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

The SELF-RAKE REAPER!

Justly called the "Victor of every contest" and constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Moving Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Rake Reapers known, and we fully warrant it.

The HAND RAKE REAPER,

Is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered.

It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a Mower it is equal to the best Folding Bar Machine in use. The ease with which it is managed, and in changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice-versa, will at once recommend it.

Manufactured by the

WALTER A. WOOD

Mowing & Reaping Machine Co

Hosack Falls, N. Y.

GENERAL SALESROOMS,

40 Courtlandt Street, N. Y.

206 Lake Street, Chicago.

FOREIGN OFFICE,

77 Upper Thames Street, London.

Descriptive Catalogues sent on application. April 13, '67.

AMERICAN HOTEL,

ALABAMA STREET,

Atlanta Georgia.

WHITE and WHITELOCK, Proprietors.

BRYSON and WILEY, Clerks.

WILLIAM J. SHARP'S

Improved Billiard Tables,

With his PATENT CUSHIONS.

Well known to be superior to any now in use.

The great popularity of SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES has rendered it necessary to make arrangements, in order to supply the increasing demand, and he is now prepared to fill any order with which his patron, or the public generally may favor him.

W. J. Sharp having had practical experience for nearly twenty years, in the manufacture of Billiard Tables, and having made a number of valuable improvements, he guarantees a Table, which for elasticity of touch, mechanical elegance of appearance, will challenge competition.

His newly invented patent Cushions having been pronounced by the most competent judges to be superior to any now in use, he is enabled to furnish the best Billiard Table manufactured in the United States, and sustain the name which Sharp's Tables so justly have acquired.

Balls, Cues and Trimmings constantly on hand. Old Cushions repaired at short notice. Orders by mail punctually attended to.

Send for descriptive circular and price list.

W. J. SHARP,

43 Mercer Street, New York.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY,

ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.

Prof. W. J. BORDE, Principal,

Rev. R. J. C. HALL, Assistant.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 20th inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose.

Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical.

The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced.

The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community.

The Expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$30 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$20 per month for good board in private families.

Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session.

All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it their patronage and support.

For further particulars address the principal, or

G. B. DOUTHITT,

Secretary Board of Trustees.

Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

JUST PUBLISHED.

NEW WORK ON SINGING.

DASSIN'S

Twenty Melodic Exercises,

IN FORM OF

SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR

MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES,

INTENDED AS

Studies to acquire the Art of Singing.

"These exercises were composed to be used simultaneously with his system, 'THE ART OF SINGING,' or with any other method for the cultivation of the voice, and will take the place of CONCONE'S SOLFEGGIOS; being more melodious and better adapted for teaching."

"Some of these exercises are especially beautiful as well as useful, a mingling of the dulcet and the shrill, which secures the interest as well as the improvement of the student. The various styles developed in these exercises render them invaluable in an educational point of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelligence of the pupil. They must be studied carefully with reference to the innumerable marks of expression and forms of ornamentation. Upon the minute accuracy with which these are accomplished depends the actual advancement of the pupil; any evasion or slurring in these respects is time and effort utterly wasted, while, on the other hand, a close and patient investigation, and minutely faithful execution of them, will give unexpected power and facility, and open to the student the means and resources by which great artists produce their most brilliant and proudest respect. —Watson's Art Journal."

In Two Volumes,

Price, each, in Boards, Retail, \$2.00

do. do. in Cloth, Retail, \$2.50

A Sample Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on receipt of Wholesale Price, \$1.50.

Published by W. M. HALL & SON,

No. 513 Broadway, N. Y.

Publishers and dealers in Music, and Manufacturers of FLUTES, FIFES, FLAGEOLETS, &c., &c., &c. Send for catalogue of prices.

Just Received,

Domestics,

Calicoes, &c.

By E. L. WOODWARD.

DURYEE'S

Jacksonville Republican.

JACKSONVILLE ALABAMA

SATURDAY, NOV. 2, 1867.

Terms of Subscription.

For one year, in advance, \$3 00

For six months, " " 1 75

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One square of ten lines or less,

first insertion, \$2 00

Each subsequent insertion, " 1 00

Over one square counted as two, over two as

three, &c. A liberal discount made on

advertisements continued for three, six,

or 12 months.

Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00

Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULENWIDER, with

BUGGS, MOTT & WOODS, of Selma, is

our authorized Agent, to contract, receive

and receipt for subscription and advertising

for the Republican.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and

DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and

correctly printed, for sale by the quire

or single copy, at this office. Also

every description of Blanks for Jus-

tices of the Peace.

To Administrators and Executors,

Administrators and Executors who

desire to publish notices of Grant of Let-

ters, and Sales of Land and other prop-

erty, in the *Republican*, can do so as

heretofore. Such publications are re-

quired to be made, signed, and paid for

by themselves, and not by the Judge of

Probate—consequently they are not "of-

ficial patronage," and not affected by

Gen. Pope's order 49.

Cotton Seed Wanted.

We will give one year's subscription

to the *Jacksonville Republican* for ev-

ery 15 bushels of cotton seed delivered.

Latest Arrival.

Our friend J. M. Carroll has just re-

ceived a nice accession of new goods to

his stock, and having purchased late in

the season is prepared to furnish his

customers and friends as low as the low-

est. He still has No. 1 chewing tobacco

at the reduced price of 50 cts a plug.

Give him a call.

An Earnest Appeal.

Gen. Pope's Order 49, taking from

our paper and all others of like political

characters, all the official patronage of

civil officers, has thrown us entirely up-

on our resources from indebtedness for

former work, to sustain our paper until

"these calamities be overpast."

We are suffering from this vital stab

at the liberty of the press, and unpar-

alleled proscription for political opin-

ion's sake, because we have advocated

the cause of Constitutional liberty, and

the rights of the people against military

despotism. Will they suffer our paper

to be crushed by withholding what is

already due? We confidently hope and

believe they will not. If but a large

proportion of those indebted to us for

subscription, will come forward within

the next month and settle up, which

would be but a small matter to them

individually, it would in the aggregate

afford us ample relief. Could not, also,

many of our present patrons, by a little

effort, get at least one other good paying

subscriber. Friends, we think we have

a right to ask this at your hands; and

we shall see whether there be none left

to aid those who are made to suffer loss

for their adherence to principle.

It is our purpose, commencing with

this number to increase the amount of

reading matter, and leave no effort un-

used to make our paper still more inter-

esting and valuable to its patrons.

New Boarding House,

Rome, Ga.—Mrs. Neigs will open

a new boarding house in Rome, Ga. in

the Griffin building, next door to the

Tennessee House, on 1st Nov., and be

prepared to accommodate regular board-

ers, and transient visitors, on the most

reasonable terms.

From long personal acquaintance with

Mrs. M. we cordially recommend our

friends in this section, when visiting

Rome, to call upon her; and assure

them in advance that they will be well

pleased, and that their patronage could

not be bestowed on one more worthy,

or who would take more delight in min-

istering to their comfort and conven-

ience.

In consequence of our absence

last week, in attendance at St. Clair

court, we failed to call attention to the

important notice of ANKER WILLIAMS,

Cotton Factor and Commission Mer-

chant, of Selma, Ala., who is well and

favorably known to many of our citizen.

He has arrangements which will be very

convenient to Planters, by which Messrs.

Smith & Riddle of Oxford will store and

ship cotton, free of charge to shippers,

and Mr. Williams will pay the tax in

Selma.

By reference to the advertisement

of Dr. H. T. Spalding, it will be seen

that he has resumed the practice of Den-

istry, at W. C. Land's corner on the

public square. His terms are very

moderate, and his work will be found to

be well and neatly executed.

Mr. & Mrs. J. A. Bailey, will

commence their second session of Danc-

ing Lessons at the Jacksonville Hotel,

on Saturday the 2nd inst. So far as

we have been informed their patrons of

the first session were well pleased with

their competency and aptitude in im-

parting instruction.

LARGEST YET.—Mr. Wm. R. Hub-

bard has left with us this week a sweet

potato measuring 26 inches in length,

and weighing five and a quarter pounds

which recently devastated Galveston

was not any one of our friends beat this?

If not Mr. H. must take the premium.

In the Georgia Convention elec-

tion, 29th, 30th and 31st October, so

far as heard from, the whites appear to

have taken very little interest. Enough

is not yet known to warrant an opinion

as to its failure or success.

H. T. Francis, in the neighbor-

hood of Cane Creek Iron Works, has

just received and is now opening, an ex-

tensive and well selected stock of Dry

Goods and Groceries, purchased in New

York on the most advantageous terms,

which enable him to sell at low prices.

This stock in the hands of a gentleman

so correct, reliable and accommodating

as Mr. F. will be a great convenience

to the citizens of that section.

Cotton Wanted.

The undersigned will purchase, at

his store in Jacksonville, loose cotton,

either lint or in the seed, for which a

fair price will be given

J. M. CARROLL.

Eve of Important Events.

Before the issuance of our next paper

the Alabama State Convention will have

met—elections will take place in New

York, New Jersey and other States.

Georgia and Virginia will have enacted

their political "Black Crook," and in a

very few days the 40th Congress, or

piece of a Congress, will again be in

session, with all its threats of impeach-

ment and other destructive measures.

As to what our State Convention may

do, it would perhaps be neither proper

nor profitable to speculate: We must

"wait and see." Overwhelming demo-

cratic victories are confidently antici-

pated in New York and New Jersey,

which will doubtless cause a still greater

shaking in the knees of the Radical

Balsbazar, and probably cause Congress

to recede from impeachment, and mod-

ify its reconstruction policy. But as we

have said, we must wait and see. It is

not right to condemn or approve in ad-

vance. Our readers shall be promptly

advised of all important events as soon

as developed.

STRANGE, YET TRUE.—That the female

community in all sections, are grunting,

suffering and lingering with so many dis-

eases and ailments peculiar to their sex.

Is there no balm for them? Is there no relief from so

many female complaints and irregularities?

Is there no Uterine Tonic to relieve these fe-

male distresses, to strengthen the feeble,

to remove obstructions, to quiet the nervous,

to restore, arouse, adorn and beautify the fe-

male sex? Yes, we have that medicine, and

it is Drowgoolle & Co.'s English Female Bit-

ters.

Negro Suffrage.

The New York Times makes the fol-

lowing practical admission:

Universal negro suffrage, with disfran-

chisement of the great body of the

whites, forced upon the Southern States

by military power, and leading in nearly

all of those States to the absolute su-

premacy of the negroes in the Govern-

ment, must of necessity be odious and

intolerable to the white inhabitants.—

Even if forced to consent to it, such a

step must plant in their minds the most

bitter resentment toward those by whom

the blow is inflicted. Its direct ten-

dency, moreover, is to array the blacks

and whites against each other—to make

each feel that the other is his enemy,

and thus to sow the seed of future col-

lisions and hatred between the two races.

If the work had been done by the people

of those States themselves, the result

would have been very different.

RELIGIOUS.—The Synod of Georgia,

now in session at Atlanta, have resolved

that the next annual meeting of the

Synod be held in Rome, on Wednesday

before the 4th Sabbath in October,

1867, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

MARRIED.—On the 22d of October,

1867, at the residence of Mr. J. W.

Whitley, by Rev. J. J. D. Renfro,

CAPT. A. W. LEDBETTER, of North Al-

abama, to Miss E. J. GREEN, of Alex-

andria.

"He who is bound by love is free;

And love is holy reciprocation,

Doth make home rich,

And life a perfect union."

MARRIED.—On the 24th Oct., 1867,

by the Rev. Nethl. Hood, in Cherokee

county, Ala., Mr. Wm. M. Hyatt, of

Calhoun county, to Miss HANNA L.

Hood, daughter of D. R. Hood, Esq.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 25.—There

were 17 interments from yellow fever

to-day.

The Hamburg steamer Bavaria, has

arrived in the river with over three hun-

dred passengers. This is the first ex-

perimental trip looking to the establish-

ment of a permanent line between New

Orleans and Hamburg.

The Crescent of to-day states that a

private letter received from Corpus

Christi gives the intelligence that the

towns of Brazos, Santiago and Browns-

ville, Texas, and the city of Matamoros,

and the village of Bagdad, Mexico,

were extensively damaged by the storm

which recently devastated Galveston.

The steamer Pizarro which left Brazos

for this port on the 29th ult., has not

been heard from since. It is considered

certain she went down with all on

board.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—It is stated

that the Government agreed to part

with its interest in the New Orleans &

Carrollton Railroad to Pearegard and

others, for \$280,000.

Governor Austin, of Honduras, has

been removed by the British Govern-

ment, for illegally giving the Crown's

land to Southern emigrants.

Haytian rebellion is suppressed.

Late advices from Cabal state that

the Tartars whipped the Imperialists

when within forty miles of Pekin. Pe-

kin is in danger.

The Austrian Emperor is enthusias-

tically received wherever he appears.

General Bixio is the Italian Minister

of Marine.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Bishop

Wilmer has arrived here in good health.

It is estimated at the Bureau of Sta-

tics that the districts still unreported

will add one-sixteenth to the crop esti-

mates.

It was telegraphed last night that the

President has issued a proclamation ap-

pointing the 28th of November as a day

of National Thanksgiving.

RICHMOND, Oct. 26.—Official returns

of the late election indicate the election

of thirty Conservatives and sixty Rad-

icals. Eighteen of the latter were col-

ored men. Returns from 65 counties

Brownlow's Appearance at His Inauguration.

The Nashville Union, in an article on the inauguration of Governor Brownlow, thus notices his personal appearance and the prospect of his death. It says:

His countenance was emaciated in the extreme, and clothed with a death-like palor, while his eyes, restless and luminous, wandered about over the audience and up to the galleries on either side, as he moved slowly down the aisle towards the Speaker's chair. The nervous twitching of the muscles of his chin and mouth, and the palsied agitation of his hands betokened the feeble and utterly prostrate condition of a constitution broken, and system fearfully shattered by disease. He was assisted to an arm chair on the Speaker's rostrum, but was too infirm to stand during the ceremony of inauguration, and too hoarse, he said, in a scarcely audible whisper to the Speaker, to read his brief inaugural address, which was read for him, at his request, by his Secretary. The oath of office was administered to him in due form, and during the reading of the inaugural, he sat, or rather reclined in his chair, with folded hands trembling upon his knees, the chin and lips possessing the same involuntary quiver of the muscles, and his eyes wandering about over the audience, and alternately from floor to ceiling. * * *

He has, in all probability, witnessed the last gubernatorial contest he will ever see upon the earth; and, in his recent election, his last party triumph. His has been a life much mixed up with the bitterness of political strife, and the later years of his career, made more prominent through the circumstance of revolution, stand out in bold relief against the dark background of the clouds of civil war, and his eventual life is closing—closing as a dying taper that flickers fitfully in the socket, and casts a lurid and spectral light back over the scenes, triumph and mistakes of a troubled and troublous existence.

Significant.

We clip the following from the Hartford (Ct.) Times. Coming from that latitude it is somewhat significant.

The New York Evening Post has been surpassed by no other Radical journal in the intensity and entirety of its adhesion to the ultra Radical party doctrines. It now suddenly comes out in favor of the sound Democratic principle of State Rights! And the reasons it gives are those which have all along been offered by the Democratic papers, and which have been denounced as "reason." Nothing but the supremacy of this doctrine, as the Post admits, can now save the country from a centralized despotism. We rejoice that the Evening Post has discovered this important truth, and take pleasure in transferring to our columns the following article from that paper, indicating its future purposes:

From the New York Evening Post.

From these principles it follows inexorably that we are opposed to the concentration of power in the hands of any government, but particularly in that of the central government. During the war there was a necessity for the exercise of a high and almost exclusive authority at Washington. The nation was in peril, and it was to be saved at every hazard. But now that peace has come, we must get back as fast as we can to the normal state of things. Our peculiar political system, which is neither that of a simple homogeneous consolidated nation, nor yet that of a confederacy, but which is that of composite States, or of a State of States, requires that we should maintain the relations of the parts to the whole and of the whole part in the most rigid co-ordination.

The Independence and Rights of the States are as absolutely essential to its harmonious working as the supremacy, in certain respects, of the Federal power. Without the INDEPENDENCE OF THE STATES, indeed, there would be no security for individual rights. Popular liberty is only upheld and made practicable by local self government. Forty million of people, which there soon will be within our borders, cannot be controlled from a single centre—or will be controlled as France is controlled, by successive revolutionary juntas, ending in the strong arm with the sword. Call such a government by what name you will—empire, monarchy, republic or commonwealth—it is ever at heart the same despotism. It cannot be otherwise. A power so inordinate as that which would be required to govern the United States from Maine to Texas, from Sitka to Florida, with their manifold, intricate, diverse and cumbersome interests, could only be wielded on the military principle. All civil life would perish in it, either run into anarchy or be crushed by the iron hand of force.

These, then, are the great purposes which we as Americans and patriots should keep in view, in our support of parties, in our determination of policies, in our place of reconstruction; first, human equality, as the sole and supreme end of all governments; as the very reason for the being of all governments; and, second, State rights, local independence, the dispersion of power as the surest and best means to that end—as the only method of reconstructing a stable authority and union with liberty and progress. To these purposes, at any rate, the Evening Post will devote its most earnest efforts of discussion.

Important Tables.

The following tables will be valued above one year's subscription to our patrons:

DISTANCE FOR PLANTING.	
Standard Apples	20 feet apart
Dwarf Apples,	6 to 8 do
Standard Pears,	20 feet do
Dwarf Pears,	8 to 10 do
Standard Cherries, strong growing varieties,	20 feet do
Standard Cherries, Morellos,	10 to 12 do
Dwarf Cherries, pruned	10 to 12 do
Plums,	16 to 18 do
Peaches,	15 feet do
Nectarines,	" do do
Apricots,	" do do
Quinces,	10 feet do
Currants, Gooseberries, Raspberries & Rhubarb	4 feet do
Blackberries,	4 by 6 do
Strawberries,	1 by 1 1/2 do

WHAT MAKES A BUSHEL.

Articles.	Pounds.
Dried Apples	24
Bran	20
Barley	48
Beans	30
Cow Peas	30
White Beans	60
Castor Beans	46
Buckwheat	52
Stone Coal	60
Shelled Corn	56
Corn in the ear	70
Corn Meal	48
Pastering Hair	8
Unslacked Lime	8
Barley Malt	38
Rye Malt	34
Oats	32
Onions	57
Dried Peaches	33
Irish Potatoes	60
Sweet Potatoes	55
Peas	60
Rye	56
Blue Grass Seed	14
Clover Seed	60
Flax Seed	56
Hemp Seed	44
Timothy Seed	45
Hungarian Seed	48
Course Salt	50
Fine Salt	55
Turnips	55
Wheat	60
Cotton Seed	33

State Certificates.

Mr. Edward La Croix, the United States Tax Assessor for the Second District of Alabama, has issued an official circular to his assistants, informing them that the State certificates of Alabama, are not liable to taxation when paid out by banks. This, as the circular states, is based upon instructions from the Treasury Department at Washington. There is no reason, therefore, why these notes should not be regularly circulated by business men. They are just as solvent as national currency.

In this connection it may be remarked that a special dispatch from Washington to the Louisville Courier, announces that Gov. Patton has arranged for the punctual payment of the interest on the State bonds which falls due in New York on the first of next month.

Address of the Pennsylvania Democratic State Committee.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS, 1 Philadelphia, Oct 9 1867.
To the Democracy of Pennsylvania: Victory crowns your efforts, and Pennsylvania is redeemed.

The Keystone proclaims her hatred of despotism, her fealty to the law, her fidelity to the Constitution.

You have elected Judge Sharswood, a representative man, to the Supreme Bench; reversed the majority of last year, and added to the number of your Senators and members of the House of Representatives.

New York and New Jersey will follow where you have led, and the future is your own if you will grasp it.

To your untiring efforts in the work of organization is the result mainly due, and to you belongs the honor of the triumph.

New honors await you, new labors are before you.

You have won the fight for position, let us now prepare for the great battle of the coming year.

Pledging ourselves to the maintenance of a government of law for the entire Republic, to the preservation of the supremacy of our own race, to the development of our immense resources, to the reform of abuses, corruption, and extravagance, and through these to the relief of the tax-payer and the payment of the public debt, let us move resolutely forward.

By order of the Democratic State Committee. WM A WALLACE, Chairman.

NASHVILLE, Oct. 18.—An appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court by the late city authorities to compel officials now in office to vacate.

Mrs. Whitaker, of Fayetteville, Tennessee on returning to her home a couple of days since, from a bridal tour felt dead as she descended from the carriage.

In Cleveland, on Tuesday, Frank Clinjan was thrown from his horse and killed.

At Madisonville, East Tennessee, a few days since, Gregory Hawkins, while attending to his mill, fell upon the water wheel, and was carried under it and crushed to death. At the same place, Toliver White was shot and killed by Wm. Carter, the latter approaching White's house and firing through a window. An old grudge was the cause of the tragedy.

A verdict of three thousand four hundred dollars was found to-day in the Circuit Court against two physicians for malpractice in treating a child's eye, which they destroyed.

A correspondent of the Chattanooga Union, who has been traveling recently in New England, came across a factory where from \$25 to \$30 per cord was paid for hickory timber to make axes helms for sale in the South.

Ben Wade is going out of the Senate and they say Brownlow is going in. It is the old story of one devil cast out and one seven time worse returning.—Ex.

It is probable that Hayes, the Radical candidate for Governor of Ohio, though declared elected, will be counted out of the seat by a purging of the election returns. It is not denied that in the strong Radical counties hundreds of negro votes were received contrary to law. It was doubtless thought that the amendment would be carried, and that a Radical Legislature would sanction or overlook this premature voting by the negroes. But as the negro suffrage amendment has been defeated by fifty or sixty thousand majority, and as the Legislature is Democratic, the question presents a different aspect. In this case there is no telling who is Governor even after the election.—Columbus Enquirer

Terrible Accident.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Oct. 20.—A terrible accident occurred at the Hoosac Tunnel on Saturday, by which thirteen men were either killed outright or suffocated to death. The gasoline works at the mouth of the shaft and burying the whole gang of workmen at the bottom. The bodies will not be exhumed for several days.

Gov. Patton has addressed a letter to the officers of one of our railroads requesting them to pass free such crippled soldiers as have not the means to pay their expenses to Montgomery to get the artificial limbs given to them by the State; and we suppose similar communications will be sent to the officers of other roads. Of course, the request will be complied with. No road could refuse this favor of the class in question.

A cavern and subterranean lake, whose depths cannot be fathomed, have been found in Wyandot county, Ohio.

The Population of the World is estimated by Dr. Behm at 1,330,000,000,—thus distributed: Europe, 285,000,000; Asia, 736,000,000; Australia and Polynesia, 3,850,000; Africa, 188,000,000; America, 74,500,000.

The Cheyenne Leader is a newspaper just started at Cheyenne, Dakota, one of those spontaneous cities that spring up in advance of the great overland railroad. Sixty days ago Cheyenne was a howling wilderness; now it has a Mayor and Common Council, publishes ordinances regulating city life, and has a newspaper, theatre, runshops, and various other incidents of civilization.

The reaction against radicalism in Minnesota is so marked that some of the more sanguine democrats begin to think it possible to carry the State. Hon. J. W. Taylor, of St. Paul, perhaps the ablest republican in the State has taken the stump for the democratic ticket. His course surprises the democrats as much as it does the radicals, and gratifies them much more.

The Mason Telegraph learns that the planters of Lowndes county, in this State, have perfected arrangements for the importation of five hundred German and Scotch farmers in time for next year's crop.

Garibaldi, in a speech at the General Peace Congress recently, declared himself a lover of peace, but desiring in the first instance the destruction of the Papacy and the dethronement of tyrants.

Hemlock Leather & Kerosene Oil.—Any person wishing to purchase a good article of Hemlock Leather and Kerosene Oil, can do so by applying to J. M. Carroll, west side of the public square.

Several varieties of Dromgoole & Co's. valuable Medicines can now be obtained at the Jacksonville Drug Store.

New Sewing Machine.—We examined the other day a new Sewing Machine, manufactured by Bliss & McCullough, of Louisville, Ky. This is called the "Common Sense Family Sewing Machine," and comes nearest to what the name indicates, than any of the machines we have ever examined, by its simplicity of construction, its durability, and freedom from complication and liability to get out of order, and if it should, can easily be understood in all its parts, and repaired or put in order by any lady using it. It works smoothly, neatly and rapidly, and is warranted by the manufacturers to perform good work for three years. It is cheap; and we have little doubt but it will be found more useful and valuable than many descriptions of machines which cost more than three times its price.

Mr. J. M. Forbes, of Oxford, is agent for the sale of these machines in this State, and will take the names of persons who may desire them, and deliver the machines at any specified time. Mr. F. will pass through the country; and exhibit a model machine, and in his absence, a note addressed to him at Oxford will be attended to.

Religious Notice.

The Jacksonville Bible Society at a late meeting employed the Rev. E. B. McClellan as a Colporteur for Calhoun county, and other parts of the country, that he may be able and see practicable to visit. We ask of all, who love the bible, the truth it contains and the fruits that grow out of its practice, to give him liberal contributions as well as a warm-hand reception, thus enabling the society to extend this important work. Many families are without the bible and have no money to buy, these should be furnished; some are without, not for the want of money, but from the want of an opportunity to buy, these should have a Colporteur.

We have a fine little lot of bibles and testaments and can get more—with the money. Help to distribute these, help to buy more, and circulate them. Help, the people are needy—the society alive—willing; you will do nothing more than your duty.

CHAS. KING, Ch'm'n, Corresponding Committee. Sept. 5, 1867.

THE MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

A New Feature.

Having determined, in addition to the usual political, miscellaneous and local matter, to devote a column daily and a page weekly, to the promotion of the Agricultural, Stock Raising, Domestic and Sporting interests of Alabama, we respectfully solicit contributions or correspondence on these topics. There being no other paper in the State giving special attention to this department, we trust the Advertiser will receive the co-operation and support of those interested.

The politics of the Advertiser are thoroughly independent and conservative, dealing justly and fairly with all men, and holding high above all factions and all parties, for the good of the State and country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.	
One copy, one month	\$ 1 00
" " three months	2 50
" " six months	5 00
" " twelve months	10 00

WEEKLY.	
One copy, three months	\$ 1 50
" " six months	2 50
" " twelve months	4 00

Six copies twelve months sent to one

Post office address 20 00

Ten copies twelve months sent to one

Post office address 30 00

Clubs received for six months at the foregoing rates.

All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance; and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

REID & SCREWS, Editors and Proprietors.

REDUCED RATES.

THE MONTGOMERY MAIL, ISSUED

Daily and Weekly.

AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.

By J. CARR GIBSON & Co., Proprietors.

JOSEPH HODGSON, J. F. WHITFIELD, Editors.

The proprietors of the MAIL take pleasure in announcing that they have materially reduced the Rates of Advertising and Subscription, to wit:

On and after the first day of June, 1867, rates of Subscription and Advertising will be as follows:

TERMS OF THE DAILY MAIL.

Twelve months	\$10 00
Six months	5 00
Three months	2 00
One month	1 00
Two weeks	70
One week	40
Single copies	10

Newsboys and Dealers will be furnished at the rate of 60 cents per dozen.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY MAIL

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.

One copy, 1 year	\$4 00
One copy, 6 months	2 50
Clubs of Ten, one year	40 00
Clubs of Twenty, one year	60 00

All subscriptions to the paper are discontinued so soon as the time expires for which payment has been made, unless renewed.

THE MAIL HAS A CIRCULATION IN ALABAMA UNEQUALLED BY ANY OTHER NEWSPAPER, and is rapidly on the increase. It is the official organ of the City of Montgomery, and, since the first day of January last, has been awarded the publication of the list of letters in accordance with the law, requiring this list to be published in the paper having the

LARGEST CIRCULATION.

In Politics, the MAIL is a fearless and independent advocate of CONSTITUTIONAL CONSERVATIVE UNION PRINCIPLES.

The DAILY MAIL contains all the latest telegraphic and general intelligence, full proceedings of legislative bodies, &c., &c., while the WEEKLY MAIL, being one of the Largest Sheets in the South, is filled with reading matter only, embracing all the current news of the week.

Subscriptions, Advertising and Job Printing Solicited.

Money, in REGISTERED LETTERS, may be sent at our risk.

CHOICE HOTEL,

BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25...tf

Bargains, Bargains!

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned are earnestly requested to give him a call, and if you cannot pay, talk about it. You may forget small matters after awhile. You have doubtless known it to be the case. "Come and let us reason together."

D. P. GUNNELS.

SELMA Advertisements.

Woolsey, Walker, & Co.

COTTON FACTORS

Commission Merchants,

SELMA and MOBILE.

Are prepared to advance Bagging, Rope, Ties, Supplies, & Money to their friends, and to sell at the highest market price all Cotton and Produce consigned to them at either SELMA or MOBILE. Sept. 7, 1867.—3m.

Central Block, Water Street, SELMA, Ala. Commission Merchants, ROGERS, MOFF & WOODS, GROCERS. Will keep on hand a complete assortment of Groceries, such as Flour, Oats, Corn, Meal, &c., &c., and will receive from the Cotton planters for shipment. Will advance from the Cotton planters for shipment. Will advance from the Cotton planters for shipment.

J. A. Curry, J. H. Aunspach.

J. A. CUNRY & CO.

COTTON FACTORS

Commission Merchants,

Water Street, SELMA, Ala.

We will make advances on Cotton and furnish Bagging and Rope to all who favor us with their patronage.

We have good Brick Warehouses constantly under guard for the storage of Cotton and other produce consigned to us.

Aug. 24, 1867.—6m.

BOWEN & HOOPER,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Western Produce.

Corner Water and Washington Streets, directly opposite the "Trump House."

Are now opening a full and complete assortment of Groceries and Western Produce, which they offer in Packages or at Retail at the lowest market rates.

Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, respectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly attended to.

Thankful for former favors, they will be happy to again meet their old friends, and ask a fair share of patronage from the public generally.

BOWEN & HOOPER.

August 24, 1867.—1y.

ABNER WILLIAMS,

COTTON FACTOR

AND

Commission Merchant.

Selma, Ala.

THANKFUL for the patronage heretofore extended him, and again tenders his services to the public in the sale of Cotton, Flour, &c. Will advance Bagging & Rope to his patrons. A liberal share of patronage respectfully solicited.

Aug. 5th, 1867.

WM. WHITE. A. J. PHARES.

WHITE & PHARES,

Commission Merchants,

SELMA, ALA.

Solicitors consignments of COTTON, WHEAT, FLOUR, & other Produce.

Liberal cash advances made on shipments. Respectfully refer to the following Merchant:

Messrs. S. & T. J. Morgan, Oxford.

E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville.

J. D. Blake, "

P. Rowan, "

July 13, 1867.—6m.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,

(Successor to N. D. JOHNSON & Co.)

RECEIVING

AND

Forwarding Merchant,

Selma, Alabama.

Ware House and Wharf at the terminus of the Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description Consigned to this House will be forwarding promptly and as low as through any house in Selma. Feb. 15, 1867.—1f.

G. McCONNICO, Selma.

J. A. JONES, Bibb Co.

R. H. CROSWELL, Selma.

CENTRAL WAREHOUSE CO.,

RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

SELMA, ALA.

SPECIAL attention given to the sale and purchase of merchandise and supplies of every description.

We respectfully solicit consignments, on which liberal cash advances will be made, and close storage given in a fire-proof warehouse.

All Goods consigned to Central Warehouse will be received directly from Steamboats on a first class Wharf Boat, and not exposed to the weather. No charges for drayage to Railroad depot. March 3, 1867.

Notice.

THOSE owing the firm of J. L. Pinson & Bro. formerly of Alexandria, Ala. will find their notes and accounts turned over to H. L. Stevenson, Esq. for collection. I have been forced to this arrangement, from the fact that Mr. J. L. Pinson is a non-resident, and I am not able to attend to the business.

F. M. PINSON.

J. G. BELL & BRO., COTTON FACTORS

Commission Merchants,

WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited. Sept. 8, 1867.

Romance.

STRANGE VICISSITUDES IN THE LIFE OF A BRITISH NOBLEMAN'S SON.

[From the *Declarer* (Ill.) *Magnet*, Sept. 21.]
Most, if not nearly all, of our citizens have noticed a dilapidated vehicle, somewhat resembling a circus wagon, located on a vacant lot on North Main street, in which resided an old and poverty stricken man. Some time in the Spring the wagon, propelled by a couple of attenuated horses, arrived in this city, and the old man pitched his tent in the place mentioned, where, through the charity of the owners, he has since been permitted to dwell. Here he has lived ever since, eking out an existence by the donations of our benevolent citizens, he having disposed of the horses for a small sum.

Yesterday, F. S. Murphy, Esq., one of our prominent lawyers, received a call from a Scotch gentleman named McGregor, who, after a long and weary search, had found the individual named we have thus described and whom he identifies as the young son of the late Earl of Glanville, one of the wealthiest and most influential noblemen in Scotland. The story related by Mr. McGregor is almost marvelous in its details, and would furnish the materials for a first-class three-volume novel. Some forty years ago, the poor old man who has attracted the compassion of our citizens was a charming and stylish officer in the Life Guards, becoming enamored of a beautiful girl of humble origin, he married her in opposition to the commands of his proud father and remonstrances of his equally proud elder brother. Being disinherited and thrown upon the world, he sold his commission, and with his wife came to this country. After five years of vicissitudes upon a rugged farm in the western wilds his wife died, and, broken in spirit and sore in heart, he relinquished his claim and roamed without aim or purpose over the country. During the Mexican war he enlisted as a private soldier, and served until the close of hostilities. Since then he has been the companion of roving Indians; a deck hand on steamboats; a peddler, &c., until his arrival in this city. By the death of his older brother, which occurred about four months since, he has become the possessor of estates to the value of three thousand pounds per annum. His good fortune, alas! has come too late; prostrate in mind and enfeebled in body, he cannot realize, nor can he long enjoy, the princely fortune to which he has fallen heir. Yesterday evening, in care of Mr. McGregor, he embarked on the eastern train, en route for his lordly mansion in Inverness, Scotland. Fortune smiled too late! his early love sleeps by *La Belle Riviere*, and he lives a poor wreck of his former self—too imbecile to heed the frowns or smiles of fortune. Reader, is not truth far stranger than fiction?—Events occur every day that outstrip the wildest dreams of the poet or romancer.

Dan Rice remitted, in settlement of an account with a newspaper out West, a three dollar bill, which was returned endorsed, "This note is counterfeit; please send me another." It was two months before Dan replied, when he apologized for the delay, saying that he had been unable "until now to get another counterfeit three-dollar bill," but he hoped the one he now enclosed would suit, professing, at the same time his inability to discover what the objection was to the other, which he thought as good a counterfeit as he ever saw.

The following rich conversation was overheard between two freedmen in Atlanta:

Mose—Look here, Sam, I no see you at de league me-tins dis long time.
Sam—No, Mose, tings don't please me no de league, an' I thought I better draw.

M—Well, what's de matter? If anything's wrong, I want to know it too.
S—I tell you, Mose, I am most fraid to talk, for Mr. Pope might banish me like he did Mr. Ben. Hill, for speakin' my 'pinions.

M—Now, Sam, you just tell me, an' 'pon my word I'll say nuffin 'bout it.
S—Well, Mose, on dat promise I'll tell you. You know de Scriptures say a man is k own by de company he keeps an' I better see any 'spectable white folks in de league me-tins; so dis darky aint gwine to be caught in company wid dem white trash and fool niggers any more.

D. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

E. L. & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in CRIMINAL CASES, in the counties Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6, 1896.

CHOICE HOTEL,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge.
Aug. 25—1896.

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned are earnestly requested to give him a call, and if you cannot pay, talk about it. You may forget small matters after awhile. You have doubtless known it to be the case—'Come and let us reason together.'
D. P. GUNNELS.
Oxford, Ala. August 3, 1897.

BLANK DEEDS,
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

ROME STEAM ENGINE AND MACHINE WORKS, ROME, GA.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Horizontal, Vertical and Portable
STEAM ENGINES,
From one to Five Hundred Horse Power.
Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,
Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks
BLAST PIPES,
COTTON PRESSES,
SUGAR MILLS, &c.

**MACHINERY FOR
Rolling Mills,
Blast Furnaces,
Railroads,
Saw & Grist-mills, &c.
CASTINGS**

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight.
Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car Axles.

Mining Machinery
For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines.
Bridge-castings and Bolts;
All kinds of Machinery and
BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL.
JAS. NOBLES, SR., Thos. P. MITCHELL, Cash.
JOHN W. NOBLE, Master Mechanic and Drafting Man.
WM. NOBLE, GEORGE NOBLE,
SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.
July 21, 1896.

**ATTENTION:
Notice to Debtors.**
ALL persons indebted to the firm of Stevenson & Pinson, either by note or account, are earnestly requested to come forward without delay and make payment. We sold you Goods at cash prices on short time, for your accommodation, and you ought to see to it, that we are not disappointed, and our business impeded by your long neglect and delay. We need money and must have it; and know of no other or better way to obtain it, than from those who owe us. STEVENSON & PINSON.
Jacksonville, July 6, 1897.

Blacksmithing.
THE undersigned, respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to execute blacksmith work of every description, in the neatest and most durable manner, and at prices as favorable as any other workman. His shop is near the Stage Stable, on the west side of Main street, south of the public square. One of us formerly worked with Mr. A. Adams, to whom he refers for information relative to his ability to do good and faithful work. Terms cash, or produce at market price.
STEPHEN L. MOLEAN,
STEPHEN L. MOLEAN.
Jacksonville, June 29, 1897.

**House-Carpenters and
Millwrights.**
THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that they are prepared to execute promptly, and in the neatest and most durable manner, all kinds of housecarpenter and millwright work, upon terms as low as can be engaged elsewhere. One of them learned the trade with Mr. J. J. Adolph, and the other with Mr. E. G. Morris, both known to be first class workmen. Their shop is on Grove street Jacksonville. Patronage respectfully solicited, and perfect satisfaction with work guaranteed.
GEORGE ROWLAND,
JOHN BUSH.
Sep. 14, '97.

To the Afflicted
DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which excite the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 55 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancer, venereal diseases, syphilis, piles, diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some others, charging but a very small amount in advance, after which if no cure is paid. He has a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well.
G. W. LEACH, *First Doctor*.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining Counties, and give prompt and faithful attention to all business confided to his care.
Oct. 19, 1897.—ly

M. P. STOVALL. D. E. BUTLER.
Of Augusta, Ga. Of Madison, Morgan &c. Co.

STOVALL & BUTLER,
COTTON WAREHOUSE,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AUGUSTA, GA.

HAVE FORMED A PARTNERSHIP for the purpose of conducting the above business. They will devote their best energies to advance the interests of their customers in the STORAGE AND SALE OF COTTON AND OTHER PRODUCE.
M. P. Stovall is well known and having been successfully engaged for many years in the business.
D. E. Butler is also favorably known as long connected with the Planting interest and public enterprises of the State.
Office and Sales Room, corner of Jackson and Reynolds streets, now occupied by M. P. Stovall.
Sep. 28, '97.

NEW WOOL FACTORY, At McKibbin's old stand on Choccoloco Creek, 7 1/2 miles below New Oxford and 2 1/2 above Milledgeville. This Splendid Machinery has been purchased with a view to suit the wants of the Southern people, being entirely new, with a superior quality of ENGLISH CARBON. It cannot fail to give satisfaction where the wool is properly prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the Depot at Milledgeville free of charge. Our old friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to call and examine our machinery. McKIBBIN & BROTHER. June 22, 1907.—3m.

MOBILE SPRINGS—1897.
THIS popular Summer resort, having been
placed in thorough repair, and furnished
with new furniture, will be opened for visit-
ors on the 1st of June under the direction and
control of the undersigned proprietors of the
American Hotel, Atlanta Ga.

Mobile presents the strongest attractions
to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no
less on account of its retirement and beauty
of its surrounding scenery, than of the re-
storative powers of its waters. We have re-
duced the price of board to the lowest figures
consistent with a proper provision for the en-
joyment of our guests.

Board per day \$2.00, per week \$20.00,
per month \$60.00, with an allowance for
families. Travellers by rail reach the Springs
by special conveyance from London, or by
regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville
Tenn.

WHITE & WHITLOCK.
PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBRYPES, &c.
E. C. GODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood
ward's Store.
June 16, 1896

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellan's store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
dispatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1896

House and Lot to Rent.
A house containing four large rooms
and two entries, suitable for a boarding
house, with kitchen, smoke-house, and a
good garden, with choice fruit trees, and
well watered, will be rented on good
terms. For particulars enquire at this
office.
April 20, 1898.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE!
The Home Comfort!
H. G. NOBLE,
DEALER IN
Tin Ware Stoves, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the
public that the above named COOK-
ING STOVES, which is rapidly
coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen
at his Shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin
streets. Having the advantage of twenty-
five years' experience in the business, he can
safely recommend the "Home Comfort" as
being superior to any other ever offered in this
market. It is more convenient, durable and
economical, and therefore the most desirable.
Call and see for yourself.
H. G. NOBLE.

SPUN COTTON;
FOR SALE;
At Wholesale and Retail;
BY
E. L. WOODWARD.

Notice.
I AM preparing to go North for a Fall stock,
and shall need every dollar that has been
promised me at this time. I hope therefore
that none will fail to meet their engagements
promptly.
If you want cheap goods keep me in funds
and I will furnish them.
P. ROWAN.

Boarding.
FIVE or six young men, who may wish
to go to school or study a profession, can
be accommodated in a private family in this
place, with boarding, lodging, room, fire-
wood and lights, at \$15 per month, one half
or more taken in produce at the market price.
For further information, enquire at this Office.
Jacksonville, Aug. 10, 1897.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY
M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Cal-
houn, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Chero-
kee, DeKalb, and the West. At the
Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S.
District Court, Northern and Middle Divi-
sion of Alabama.

**LIVERY AND SALE
STABLE.**
THE undersigned respectfully inform the
public, that they have procured the large
and commodious Livery stable recently kept
by Mr. J. H. Sargent, and will be prepared to
accommodate all persons who may wish to
hire black, bays or saddle horses. They
will also have fresh transient horses and mules,
and be prepared to work Gardens and Patches,
and have Horses and Mules for sale upon ad-
vantageous terms to purchasers.
They will endeavor to be at all times pre-
pared to accommodate promptly those who
may desire their assistance, and therefore so-
licit a liberal patronage.
R. H. WYNNE & CO.
Jacksonville, Feb. 2, 1897.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,
HAS resumed the duties of his
profession in all its branches.
Office, N. W. Corner of Public
Square,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1895—11.

Wheat Wanted
100 Bushel of Wheat wanted for
which the market price will be given
in cash, delivered at Woodward's or Car-
roll's.
S. D. MCLELLAN.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price
six cents.
A LECTURE on the Nature
Treatment, and Radical Cure of
Seminal weakness, or Spermator-
rhea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Em-
issions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and
Impediments to Marriage generally; Con-
sumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Phre-
nological Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CUL-
VERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admi-
rable Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, and without dangerous surgical op-
erations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cor-
dials, pointing out a mode of cure at once cer-
tain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a Boon to
thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's
"Marrow Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

**NEW GOODS.
CALICOES,
DOMESTICS &
Just Received and For Sale by
WOODWARD**

June 8, 1897.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.
TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE
POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.,

All the Cooking for a
family may be done with
Kerosene Oil, or Gas.
With less trouble, and at
less expense, than by any
other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is
guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.
Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.
KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
117 2nd FEARL STREET N. Y.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.
Principal Office 616 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Ma-
chines. Empire Sewing Machine Co. has
just received a new and improved
model in action. This machine being all positive,
it is not liable to break out of order. It is the
best Family Machine. Notice is called to our
new and improved Manufacturing Machine,
or Failors and Foot and Shoe Fitters. Agents
wanted, to whom a liberal discount will
be given. No consignments made.
EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPERS.
To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, Esq., President
OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.
ATLANTA, April 19, 1897.

J. S. THRASHER Esq.:
Dear Sir—It affords me much pleasure to
communicate to you the following resolution
of the Southern Press Association:
Resolved, "That as a testimonial of our ap-
preciation for the zealous, faithful and ef-
fective service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as
Superintendent of this Association in years
past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this
Association, and confer upon him the com-
plimentary position of Agent of the Southern
Press Association in the City of New York."
The terms of commendation employed in
the above resolution do no more than justly
to your important services during your su-
perintendency—services which none can more
highly appreciate than myself. Should ac-
cession require, I shall be glad to avail my-
self of the privilege provided for by the resolution.
Very respectfully,
W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.
I would respectfully request every daily,
tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and mono-
ly Journal South of the Potomac and Ohio
rivers and the 36 deg. 30 min. parallel of La-
titude West of the Mississippi, to publish this
advertisement twice, and send to me at New
York, each time, a copy of the paper contain-
ing it, post paid, with bill for the same.

It is desirable in my combinations to se-
cure cheaper printing paper for our Southern
Journals, that I shall have the fullest infor-
mation regarding the sizes of paper used by
the several publications, and I can procure it
in no other way than by requesting particu-
lar attention to the need of sending copy of
the publication with the bill.

I desire it sent twice to provide against mail
failures, and that they be postpaid to secure
prompt office delivery.
J. S. THRASHER,
Box 5930 New York, N. Y.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R.R.
CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.
12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8.00 saved a
24 Hours to Chattanooga and \$18 saved.

On and after Monday June 14, 1896,
Trains on this road will run as follows:
Through Passenger & Freight Trains.

Passenger trains will leave Selma
daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M.
do will arrive at Blue Moun-
tain (except Sunday) at 12 night
do will leave Blue Mountain
(except Sundays) at 4 A. M.
do will arrive at Selma (ex-
cept Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains until Further Notice.
Will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays and
Fridays at 5:15 A. M.
And arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:50 P. M.
Will leave Blue Mountain Tues-
days, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.
Arrive at Selma at 7:50 P. M.

Passenger trains connect at Selma with
boats to Montgomery and Mobile, and with
the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vicks-
burg, New Orleans and the West. At Blue
Mountain they connect with Taylor, Glen-
ville & Co's splendid line of Coaches from there
to Rome, Ga. and thence by rail to Atlanta,
Savannah, Charleston, Chattanooga and all
points North and East.

Through fare from Selma to Kingston on
Western and Atlantic Railroad ONLY \$12.00
E. G. BARNEY,
June 9, 1896. Supt. & Agent for Locomotives.

GROVISTEEN & CO. Piano Forte Manufacturers, 499, Broadway, New York.

THE attention of the public and the trade
is invited to our New Scale, Seven
Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes,
which for volume and purity of tone are un-
rivalled by any hitherto offered in this mark-
et. They contain all the modern improve-
ments—French grand action, harp pedal, iron
frame, over-strung bass, etc.—and each in-
strument being made under the personal su-
pervision of Mr. J. H. GROVISTEEN, who has
a practical experience of over thirty years in
their manufacture, is fully warranted in every
particular.

The "Grovesteen Piano-Forte"
Received the highest award of merit at the cel-
ebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the
best makers of London, Paris, Germany,
Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York;
and also at the American Institute for five
successive years, the Gold and Silver MEALS
from both of which can be seen at our ware-
rooms.

By the introduction of improvements we
make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by
manufacturing largely, with a strict cash sys-
tem, are enabled to offer these instruments at
a price which will preclude all competition.
Our prices range from \$100 to \$200 cheaper
than any other first-class Piano-Forte.
Terms—Net cash in current funds.
Descriptive circulars sent free.
June 12, 1897—1y

FACTOGRAPHIC.
E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Mate-
rials,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of PHOTO-
GRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for
the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES and STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.
Of American and Foreign Cities and Land-
scapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.
From negatives made in the various cam-
paigns and forming a complete Photographic
history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS.
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the
Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to
any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any
other house about 200 varieties from 50 cents
to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputa-
tion of being superior in beauty and durability
to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, States-
men, actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand
different subjects, including reproductions of
the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings,
Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of
stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods
C. O. D. will please remit 25 per cent of the
amount with their order.
The prices and quality of our goods
cannot fail to satisfy.

Just published—Stereoscopic Views of the
Interior of the Mammoth Cave of Ky. taken
by aid of the new Magnesium Light.
August 31, 1897.

**The Jacksonville Fem le
ACADEMY.**
The exercises of this In-
stitution will be resumed on
Monday, August 31st, 1897,
under the direction of Rev. D. F.
SMITH, Principal, Mrs. MARY A. TUR-
NLEY, Assistant, and Mrs. MARTHA E.
FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be
employed if needed.

The course of study embraces all
branches of instruction usually taught
in Academies and High Schools.

**Rates of Tuition per Session of
20 weeks.**

First Class, \$15 00
2nd " 20 00
3rd " 25 00
4th " 30 00
Music, Extra, 25 00
French, 15 00
Contingent Fund, 2 00

A deduction of 50 per cent. will be made
in favor of those who will pay in advance or
quarterly.

No pupils will be received for a less period
than two months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases
of sickness.

Parents and guardians may feel assured
that the intellectual and moral improvement
of the pupils will be faithfully sought.

Free access will be granted to the different
Sabbath Schools and Churches in the Town,
as parents may direct.

As to health, good society, and opportuni-
ties for religious instruction, Jacksonville
presents advantages equal, if not superior to
those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole
school, at least, once every two weeks,
on some practical, moral or religious topic.
Board can be had in good families on re-
asonable terms.

Bible Agency.
Rev. E. B. McClellan, has been ap-
pointed by the Jacksonville Bible Society, a
branch of the American Bible Society, Agent
for the sale and distribution of Bibles,
and also for the collection of donations to aid in
that cause. He is commended by the Society
to the confidence, friendship, co-operation
and assistance of members of all religious
denominations, and benevolent friends of mor-
ality and religion generally.

MUSIC LESSONS.
ON the PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E.
FRANCIS, commencing with these
Pupils can commence at any time du-
ring the session, and be charged for the time.
Country Produce at the market price taken
in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '96

FOSTER & FORNEY, Attorneys at Law, Jacksonville, Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun,
Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Chero-
kee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the
State.
Dec. 23d, 1895.

DR. C. C. PORTER,
Surgeon Dentist,
Jacksonville, Alabama.
Will be in
Jacksonville
On the first week
in every month—
Room, the same
formerly occupied
by him on the
north-west corner
of the Public Square.

**Empire Shuttle Sewing
Machines**
ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
For Family and Manufacturing Pur-
poses.

Agents wanted. Address,
EMPIRE S. M. CO.
616 Broadway, New York.

BROWN & PERKINS.
Pianos for the People
420 Broome St., N. Y.

We would call the attention of the public
and the trade to our elegant New Scale Pianos in
the following styles:

STYLE A, 7 octave Front large round
corners, plain case, either octagon or
carved legs, straight bottom, bead mould-
ing on plinth.....\$450

STYLE B, 7 octave, same as style A,
with serpentine moulding on plinth,
carved legs and lyre.....\$500

STYLE C, 7 octave, Front corners large
round, serpentine bottom, mouldings
same as on style D, carved lyre and
desk, fancy carved legs.....\$550

STYLE D, 7 octave, Four large round
corners, finished back, mouldings on
rim and plinth, serpentine bottom, carved
lyre and desk, elegant carved fruit
legs.....\$600

The above styles are all finished in elegant
Rosewood cases and have the full iron frame,
French action, harp pedal, beveled top, ivory
keys and key fronts, and exceed in overstrung
bass, nearly all the 7 1/2 Octave Pianos now
manufactured. They are made of the best
materials, and for finish, durability, purity
and sweetness of tone, cannot be surpassed.

The four styles described above, embody
all the essential changes in exterior finish
of cases, which are by many manufacturers run
up to 15 and 20 patterns.

We invite the attention of the public of
dealers and the profession, to a critical ex-
amination of the merits of our Pianos.

By avoiding the great expenses attendant
upon costly factories and expensive ware-
houses in the city,

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

**The Negroes voting Away Their
Bread.**

The Lynchburg News thus gives vent to its feelings over the course of the negroes of Virginia for refusing to vote with the Southern people:

Doomed.—We write this with the conviction firmly fixed in our mind that the colored race is doomed. Without knowing anything of the result of the election, we have seen and heard enough to know that the negroes of this city have preferred the counsel of vicious and malignant Radical emissaries to that of intelligent and respectable gentlemen. They have deliberately determined to array themselves in direct and aggressive antagonism to those in whose welfare and prosperity the well-being of the whole country is directly and necessarily involved.

It requires no Odipus to solve the problem of their future now. Other laborers will be employed throughout Virginia, to the exclusion of those toward whom all our preferences leaned, but who have placed themselves in direct antagonism to all our interests. Foreigners will soon drive from the State these foolish and short-sighted blacks, who arrogantly hope to control the destinies of the State and shape its future legislation.

Again in the Saddle.

The first two days' voting, says the *Chronicle & Sentinel*, having plainly indicated the failure of the infamous Convention scheme, by which the Radicals intended to place the virtue, intelligence and respectability of the State under subjugation of the ignorant and debased blacks, "Headquarters in the Saddle" has issued an order extending the time for voting for two days longer. By this extension of time it is doubtless thought that they will be enabled, by voting the negroes in two or three different counties, to obtain a sufficient number of ballots to carry the Convention. We knew, when Pope's Regis ters closed their lists and reported upwards of ninety-two thousand negro voters in the State, that they would never be able to vote that number by a fair and truthful poll. Pope actually admits this in the order he has just issued, giving more time to "trot the negroes round."

What must the people of the North think of such a shameful violation of the rights of the white people of the State. Is our "Lord the King," de manded, or is such conduct the natural outcropping of his true character?

COLLECTION OF STATE TAXES IN ALABAMA AND FLORIDA—ORDER OF GEN. POPE.—The following order was issued by Major General Pope, commanding the Third Military District, on the 19th inst:

It having been represented to the General commanding this District, by the Governors of Alabama and Florida, that the proper State officers find it very difficult, and in some localities impracticable, to collect the State taxes in consequence of violent and unlawful opposition from the people, it is hereby ordered that all post and detachment commanders in this District furnish to the proper civil officers such military aid as may be needed to enable them to collect taxes imposed by the laws of the State. Commanding officers, furnishing the military aid herein ordered are informed that they will be held to strict accountability that it is only used to the extent and in the manner which a faithful execution of the law requires.

A million persons starved to death.—A Calcutta correspondent of the London Times, Dec. 7th, gives some painful details of the recent famine in the District of Orissa. A Government Commissioner has prepared a report, of which it is said:

A picture more heart-rending, facts more hideous, could not be given.—The Commissioner estimates the deaths in Orissa alone at 500,000 to 600,000, and in some places he admits that three fourths of the population have been carried off. Orissa had 5,000,000. Add the mortality of Midnapore which was as severely visited; of Ganjam and Chota Nagpore, which were terribly, yet more mildly, dealt with; of Calcutta, whose hospitals still tell so sad a tale; and of the other districts, where the *sequelae*, at least of starvation, carried off many, and remember that the deaths are still going on at the rate of a hundred a day, and you will agree with the rough estimate generally accepted here that the number of victims will not be under a million. In 1838-9, when as little was done for relief as in 1856, the mortality in the Jimna Doab was 800,000. But the tale of victims in this Orissa visita

tion mounts higher than even that, as high as the greatest of all recorded famines in India—that of 1779.

The Issue before the People.

[From the N. Y. Herald]
It is a remarkable fact in the present political agitation that the leaders and orators of the dominant party, are conspicuously silent on the one great issue that is to be decided. Either these men do not perceive the momentous changes that the nation is called upon to accept—either they do not appreciate the real character of the political struggle they have forced on, or they fear to point their followers to what may be the consequences of adhesion to their political fortunes. They cannot state their own platform in terms that will not damn it. All the radical political strategy consists in making a diversion—in attracting the attention of the voter to some other point than that really in dispute. Hence we see radical orators filled with state clamor against the Executive, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives can content himself with talking two or three hours to an intelligent auditory and never once touching on the real political problem of the hour. It is the necessity of republican politics that the President's delinquencies should be held up to the people as the only point that has to be overcome before the country can have peace so we see Wade, Colfax, Wilson—the whole category of radicals except only Thad Stevens and Wendell Phillips, harping always on the President's shortcomings and never venturing, in even half a dozen sentences, to discuss the great issue of the extinction of citizenship in ten States of the American Union. Wendell Phillips and Thad Stevens alone are honest in that party—or, otherwise, they alone have the brains to understand what the party purposes come to. They boldly declare that the nigger is the real issue. They argue that the existence of the party is only to be preserved by the supremacy of the nigger at the Southern polls, and that the supremacy must be secured at whatever cost. We can estimate the cost very easily. These were States in which a brave and energetic white race had its home; in which the soil was cultivated, cities grew; in which there were schools, colleges, churches, society civilization, and in which an inferior and semi-barbaric race had been elevated by contact with civilization to the position of agricultural labor. It is now the view of the republican party that this laborer, with the blood of the Dahomey savage not yet cool in his veins, must have the place of power. The civilized race must be driven out, and the civilization with it. The cities must tumble to ruin, the cultivation of the soil must cease, the churches serve for firewood or picturesque remembrances of another age; ignorance, brutality, degradation must prevail; all because an intelligent people, who believe that thought is free, will not bow themselves down to such Caliban like gods as Greely and Ben Wade. This is the real case as between the republican party and the people.—Let the voters of this State take heed that in voting with the republican party they vote not for freedom, nor for order but for an almost inconceivable tyranny, for the destruction of society in half the land, for the obliteration of the civilization of half the Union, and the erection of the nigger into a great radical machine for the government of the whole country.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law.
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of law, will practice together except in cases in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1866.

Cheap but Valuable Land
480 ACRES of Land, lying on Little Waukey Creek, 12 miles west of Jacksonville, and one half mile from the Jacksonville and Calhoun Railroad, is now offered for sale by the owners, who wish to remove to Louisiana, at a little more than government price. The land lies well, is well timbered, has on it fine springs, a large portion good soil, and 40 acres believed to contain a very valuable slate quarry. It will be sold all together, or in subdivision of 40 or 80 acres. For further particulars, enquire at this office. May 18, 1867.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.
We receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Provisions for the masters, Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business. Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1867.

THE PRIZE MOWER,
W. J. SHARP, 43 Mercer Street, New York.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY,
ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.
Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal,
Rev. R. J. C. HALL, Assistant.
The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 29th inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose. Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require. The plan of instruction is thorough and practical. The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced. The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community. The expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$20 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$20 per month for good board in private families. Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session. All interested are invited to give this Institution a trial scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support. For further particulars address the principal, or
G. B. DOUTHITT,
Secretary Board of Trustees.
Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

THE PRIZE MOWER,
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G. B. DOUTHITT,
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Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

THE PRIZE MOWER,
W. J. SHARP, 43 Mercer Street, New York.

DENTISTRY.
Artificial Teeth \$25.00 to \$35.00 a Set. Warranted to fit and of best quality. Teeth filled and warranted \$1.00 to \$3.00. Teeth pulled scientifically, from many years' experience. Irregularities and diseases of the teeth properly treated by H. T. SCAUDINO, at W. C. Land's, Corner Public Square, Jacksonville, Ala., Oct. 26, 1867.

IMPORTANT
TO
COTTON PLANTERS.

Under present regulations, parties can obtain Permits from Assessors to ship cotton from one District to another, by paying the tax, by consigning the cotton to the collector of district to which cotton is shipped.

I will pay the tax on all cotton thus consigned to "C. B. Andrews," Collector, Selma, Ala., if so instructed by consignors. Messrs. Smith & Biddle, Oxford, will store and ship all cotton consigned to me from that depot, free of charge to shippers. A liberal patronage is solicited.

ABNER WILLIAMS,
Selma, Oct. 21, 1867.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,
GROCERY
AND
Commission Merchants.
OXFORD, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of choice Groceries, for sale on the most reasonable terms.

They are also prepared to pay the Tax on Cotton and attend to its shipment to the best houses in Selma, Mobile or New Orleans. Oxford, Oct. 6, 1867.

All persons indebted to the old firm of C. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Morgan, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment.

Through Rates Freight
ON COTTON.
FROM
FROM GREENSBORO & GADSDEN, ALA. VIA ROME, GA. & CHARLESTON, S. C. TO NEW YORK, per Bale of 500 lbs. or under, \$8.30.

THROUGH bills lading given, necessary permits to accompany, and cotton tagged. No insurance necessary on bills lading from Rome to Charleston. Agents of the different lines will attend to receiving and forwarding. To prevent extra charges for forwarding Cotton in transit, shippers will save by putting their Cotton in perfect order. Would recommend the bales should be well covered with bagging.

J. M. ELLIOTT,
Supt. of Cotton, Savannah, Ga.
C. M. PENNINGTON,
Eng. & Supr. Rome, R. E.
J. B. PECK,
S. T. W. & A. R. R.
E. W. COLE,
Gen. Ga. R. R.
H. T. PEAKE,
Supt. S. C. R. R.
E. N. FULLER,
R. & F. Agt., Charleston, S. C.
Oct. 19, 1867.—54.

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND,
WILL open on Monday the 14th Oct., Her Stock of
Millinery;

At first door East of Copeland's Store. Comprising almost every useful article indispensable for Ladies use.

She has secured the services of MISS McKENZIE, a superior Dress Maker and Milliner. Dresses, Cloaks, Suits, Petticoats, and all the very latest fashions, HATS & BONNETS altered and Trimmed.

I will keep constantly supplied with latest patterns, and good assortment of Trimmings for Dresses and Cloaks. Hope to receive the encouragement of my friends. Oct. 12, 1867.

E. L. WOODWARD,
Is receiving his Stock of
Fall and Winter
GOODS,

Which he offers as cheap as can be afforded. His assortment is General. If you consider him worthy of patronage, he will be pleased to receive it, and duly appreciate any favors received.—**Terms, Cash.** Oct. 12, 1867.

P. ROWAN
Is now receiving the largest stock of
GOODS

Ever brought to this market since the commencement of the war. All are invited to call and examine his stock, with the assurance that they cannot fail, out of the great variety, to be suited both in quality and price. Jacksonville, Oct. 5, 1867.

Sewing Machine for Sale.
A First-class Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, but little worn and in good order, for sale, very low. Enquire at this Office. Feb. 16 4

"WOOD'S"
PRIZE
MOWERS AND REAPERS!

Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Trial at Plymouth, England, July, 1865, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866, the First Premium, GRAND GOLD MEDAL.

THE PRIZE MOWER,
Which is all the advantages which has more!! is universal & favorite, is greatly improved by the addition of

Steel Lined Guards,
New Pitman Connections,
Stronger Knives,
Spring Seat;
Adjustable Folding Shoe,

Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and at the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

THE SELF-RAKE REAPER!
Is justly called the "Victor of every contest" and is constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Mowing Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Rake Reapers known, and we fully warrant it.

THE HAND RAKE REAPER,
Is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered.

It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a Mower it is equal to the best Poling Rake Machine in the world. The ease with which it is managed, and in changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice-versa, will at once recommend it.

Manufactured by the
WALTER A. WOOD
Mowing & Reaping Machine Co
Hempstead Falls, N. Y.
GENERAL SALESROOMS,
40 Courtlandt Street, N. Y.
206 Lake Street, Chicago.
FOREIGN OFFICE,
77 Upper Thames Street, London.

Descriptive Catalogues sent on application. April 12, '67.

AMERICAN HOTEL,
ALABAMA STREET,
Atlanta Georgia.

WHITE and WHITLOCK, Proprietors.
ERYSON and WILEY, Clerks.

WILLIAM J. SHARP'S
Improved Billiard Tables,
With his PATENT CUSHIONS.
Well known to be superior to any now in use.

THE great popularity of SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES has rendered it necessary to make arrangements, in order to supply the increasing demand, and he is now prepared to fill any order with which his patron, or the public generally may favor him.

W. J. Sharp having had practical experience for nearly twenty years, in the manufacture of Billiard Tables, and having made a number of valuable improvements, he guarantees a Table, which for elasticity of touch, mechanical elegance of appearance, will challenge competition.

His newly invented patent Cushions having been pronounced by the most competent judges to be superior to any now in use, he is enabled to furnish the best Billiard Table manufactured in the United States, and sustain the name which Sharp's Tables so justly have acquired.

Balls, Cues and Trimmings constantly on hand. Old Cushions repaired at short notice. Orders by mail punctually attended to. Send for descriptive circular and price list.

W. J. SHARP,
43 Mercer Street, New York.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY,
ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.
Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal,
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AGENTS WANTED FOR
THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c., of
HON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.
By Henry Cleveland,
Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address
NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.
Feb. 16, 1867.

JOHN W. INZER, LEROY F. BOX,
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law.
AND
Solicitors in Chancery.
ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall, also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,
OF ALABAMA.

Has located in the country near Seoba, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,
TUMORS, POLYPI,
DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South. He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

A SAFE
CERTAIN,
AND
Speedy Cure
FOR
NEURALGIA,
AND ALL
NERVOUS
DISEASES.
Its Effects are
Magical.

It is an UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three PILLS. No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing, affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can always be used with PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of our most eminent physicians, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval. Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage.

One package, \$1.00, Postage 6 cents. Six packages, 5.00, " 27 " Twelve packages, 9.50, " 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by
TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
Oct. 12, 1867.

By the Governor of Alabama,
A PROCLAMATION.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
STATE OF ALABAMA.

WHEREAS, information has reached this Department, that an atrocious murder was recently committed in Cleburne county upon the body of Michael Pessall; and Whereas, it is formally charged, that the said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH MARKS; and it appearing that the said Marks, after trial from justice, and is still running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. Patton, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars
to any person who arrest the said Joseph Marks, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1867, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON.
By the Governor,
MICAH TAUL,
Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.
Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and heavily built, weighs about one hundred and seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair, which was quite long when he fled; his complexion is fair. He is slow spoken. The second toe on the left foot has been cut, so that it hangs down. The first and third toes on the same foot, incline towards each other, and nearly if not quite touch.

Pay Up!
Yes, the time has arrived. Wheat is ready for market, and you can get a fair price. I expect punctuality, for Old things are done away. So call in "once and pay."
E. L. WOODWARD.
Nov. 20th, 1867.

JUST PUBLISHED.
NEW WORK ON SINGING.
BASSINI'S
Twenty Melodic Exercises,

IN FORM OF
SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR
MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES,

INTENDED AS
Studies to acquire the Art of Singing.

"These exercises were composed to be used simultaneously with his system, 'THE ART OF SINGING,' or with any other method for the cultivation of the voice, and will take the place of CONCONE'S SOLFEG GIOS; being more melodious and better adapted for teaching."

"Some of these exercises are specially beautiful as well as useful, a mingling of the *duce utile*, which secures the interest as well as the improvement of the student. The various styles developed in these exercises render them invaluable in an educational point of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelligence of the pupil. They must be studied carefully with reference to the innumerable marks of expression and forms of ornamentation. Upon the minute accuracy with which these are accomplished depends the actual sterling advancement of the pupil; any evasion or slurring in these respects is time and effort utterly wasted, while, on the other hand, a close and patient investigation, and minutely faithful execution of them, will give unexpected power and facility, and open to the student the means and resources by which great artists produce their most brilliant and profound respect."—*Watson's Art Journal.*

In Two Volumes.
Price, each, in Boards, Retail,.....\$2.00
do. do. in Cloth, Retail,.....2.50
A Sample Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on receipt of Wholesale Price, \$1.50.

Published by
WM. HALL & SON,
No. 513 Broadway, N. Y.
Publishers and Dealers in Music, and Manufacturers of FLUTES, FIFES, FLAGEOLETS, &c., &c., &c. Send for catalogue of prices.

Just Received,
Domestics,
Calicoes, &c.
By
E. L. WOODWARD.

DURVEE'S
VIOLINE,
[TRADE MARK.]
A New Writing Fluid.
Of a Beautiful Violet Color,
ALSO
VIOLINE COPYING FLUID,
To Copy Without Press.

MANUFACTURED BY THE
Manhattan Ink and Color Co.
49 LIBERTY STREET.

To Painters Furniture and other Manufacturers.

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO
THE MANHATTAN PAINT OIL,
90 Cents Per Gallon.
Invented by G. DURVEE, M. D. Chemist of New York.

Who has spent several years experimenting for a substitute for Linseed Oil.

It is well known that alumen gives to oil from linseed all its lasting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of alumen with any other oil would make it equally valuable. Knowing the prejudice against a new oil, especially after the odium of many failures, we have awaited severe tests before entering she arena. Neither shall we make vain promises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil with those who use it. We dare say this much, that after two years' trial, in all weather, this oil has been found as indestructible as the best boiled linseed oil.

It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.
With lead it dries in six hours!
With zinc it gives the lustre of Damar varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing. The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil. It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on. Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of copal varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial. Among many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to The Mosely Corrugated Iron Roofing and Bridge Co., of Boston & New York. G. Whitlock, Brook- F. Long, New York. lyn Navy Yard, Mr. Gibbs, of Pacific J. C. Follows, N. Y. S. S. Co., N. Y.

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For six months, " " 1 75
Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, " " 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or twelve months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULENWIDER, with **BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS,** of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace.

To Administrators and Executors.
Administrators and Executors who desire to publish notices of Grant of Letters, and Sales of Land and other property, in the *Republican*, can do so as heretofore. Such publications are required to be made, signed, and paid for by themselves, and not by the Judge of Probate—consequently they are not "official patronage," and not affected by Gen. Pope's order 49.

Cotton Seed Wanted.
We will give one year's subscription to the Jacksonville Republican for every 15 bushels of cotton seed delivered.

Latest Arrival.
Our friend J. M. Carroll has just received a nice accession of new goods to his stock, and having purchased late in the season is prepared to furnish his customers and friends as low as the lowest. He still has No. 1 chewing tobacco at the reduced price of 50 cts a plug. Give him a call.

Persons wishing to avail themselves of the benefit of the late Bankrupt Law, are referred to the card of Messrs. Turnley & Son, who are prepared with all the necessary instructions and blanks, to proceed accurately and promptly with the business.

Election News.—Our readers will find by reference to our Late News column, that the election news from New York, New Jersey and other States, is still cheering and fully up to the most sanguine expectations of the lovers of Constitutional government, law and order.

Messrs. D. P. Gunnels & E. G. Robertson, announce in this paper in another column, the formation of their new firm, and the reception of a large stock of new, seasonable & fashionable Dry Goods, in their new location in the large and commodious store room in the brick block in Oxford. We passed through their store on Saturday last, & can safely say, that such a large, varied and handsome stock of goods is seldom met with in the interior. Messrs Gunnels and Robertson have been long and favorably known to the community in which they reside, for their enterprising liberality, fair dealing and accommodating disposition, and are altogether worthy of the liberal patronage they have uniformly received.

We paid a brief visit to the handsome and flourishing Town of Oxford in this county on Saturday last.

We met many old personal friends, and were highly gratified by the numerous evidences of thrift, prosperity and enterprise, exhibited on every hand.

Oxford is beautifully situated, having a fine view in almost every direction—is exceedingly healthy and supplied with the purest water. It is moreover most advantageously located in a business and trade point of view, being of easy access without crossing mountains, from all the great valleys of our county. It is blessed, too, with a class of business men, worthy of the advantages it possesses, who are liberal, public spirited and energetic. There may be found in the large and well arranged houses of Messrs. S. & T. J. Morgan, and Messrs. Smith & Riddle, as large and well selected stocks of Groceries, as can be found this side of Selma, and we believe they retail them at prices as low as in that city. Messrs. D. P. Gunnels & Co. & others have also very large stocks of Dry Goods, of which the same may be truthfully said as we have said of the stocks of Groceries.

In addition to its business advantages and of more importance is the fact, that the liberal, enlightened and refined citizens of Oxford and vicinity, take a deep interest in Churches and the cause of Education. They have now in course of erection, under the proposition

of Profs. Berden and Dodson a Brick College, octagonal in form, which for size, beauty and convenience of arrangement, will hardly have a superior in the State. At some future time we design to procure and publish a more minute description of the building. It is designed to have ready for the reception of students some time during the month of January or February next.

"THE KING IN HIS BEAUTY"—Mr. John Ross, has left at our office a single limb of cotton, 15 or 18 inches long having on it, all on one side, and touching each other, ten large, matured open bolls. The cotton was raised on his farm in Choctawhatchee valley.

Attention is specially invited to the advertisement in another column of **Messrs. Smith & Riddle,** Wholesale and Retail Grocers & Hardware & Commission Merchants, of Oxford, Ala.

We take pleasure in commending these gentlemen to the confidence and patronage of the liberal and enlightened community in which they reside, as competent, reliable, prompt and energetic business men. They have a very large and well arranged store room in the Brick Block, where they keep constantly on hand an extensive and well selected stock of choice Groceries, well suited to meet all the demands of the large and increasing trade of Oxford.

THIRTEEN MONTHS IN A YEAR.—The *American Agriculturist* for November has reached us, and as usual it is full of good things. The present number dates from the new office, 245 Broadway, and in addition to its many other beautiful engravings, contains a full page cut giving a front view of the new quarters. The increased business of the *Agriculturist* has required new partners, and an enlarged working force, and now its necessities demand enlarged room. In the description of the store now occupied we are told that it is five stories in height; it has a front of 25 feet on Broadway, a depth of 114 1/2 feet, with an L projection, which gives a wide entrance on Murray-st., with a spacious basement extending under the whole. The front portion of the main floor is occupied as a sales-room for a large stock of Agricultural and Horticultural books. Farther to the rear are the subscription and other business desks, while the basement is devoted to the important work of folding and mailing the paper. The printers' room, engravers' room, and editorial "sanctum" are on an upper floor.

The cost of the *American Agriculturist* is only \$1.50 for a year, in advance, or four copies for \$5. It contains 32 to 40 large quarto pages, and is beautifully illustrated. The publishers offer the December number of that valuable paper free of charge to all new subscribers for 1868, (Vol. 27.) who send in their subscriptions during this month of November. It will be the best kind of an investment. Subscription should be sent to the publishers, ORANGE JUDG & CO., 245 Broadway, New York City.

Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad.

It affords us great pleasure to be enabled to announce that the work on this great enterprise, so important to this section of country, is about to commence.

Capt. E. G. Barney, the enterprising Superintendent, was in Rome last Thursday, on his way home from New York. He is in possession of the necessary funds, and will push the work on as rapidly as possible. He has purchased spades, picks, wheelbarrows, axes, tents, etc., sufficient to supply one thousand hands and will put this number at work as soon as he can get them. The work will commence at both Blue Mountain and Rome.

Six thousand tons of Rail have been purchased, to be delivered, half at Charleston and the other half at Mobile, in five equal monthly installments, commencing January 25th, 1868.

It is the purpose of the Superintendent to have the cars running through to Rome, if possible, by the 1st of July next.—*Rome Courier*, Nov. 2.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.—Many persons do not understand what is meant by the "Great Southern Preparations." Let us explain. At Memphis, three experienced southern Physicians, one of Memphis, one from Mississippi, and the other from Louisiana, united their mental powers, their money and their experience for the purpose of preparing for the southern people a class of reliable family medicines, to be used in lieu of the many that are from those who know but little of our diseases, and they are called the "Great Southern Preparations," being eighteen or twenty in number. They are neither secrets nor patents.

See new advertisement in this paper. The New York Herald says that "Congress has a great many committees out on various parts of duty just now—one in Connecticut, to see if any excuse can be found for ruling out a Democratic member; one in Maryland, to see if that State has any right in the Union,

and dozens on general corruption. Congress will be called upon to appoint one more committee on the very first day of its coming session—a committee to find out what has become of the Republican party.

LATEST NEWS.



St. Louis, Nov. 1.—The Kansas people consider the Indian treaties as hollow truces.

The Indians have withdrawn opposition to the railroads, and agree to keep the peace hereafter. They have a general hunting privilege until the game disappears before civilization.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—It seems that the Executive has determined to withhold his message and department reports until the first Monday in December.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 1.—Cotton quiet and easier with partial decline of 1/4; middlings 17 1/2.

MOBILE, Nov. 1.—Market firm; middlings 16 1/2 to 16 3/4.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Advices from Garibaldi's camp, six miles from Rome, on the evening of the 30th ult., state that he had 5,000 men with him, and that recruits were arriving daily. He will not attack Rome with less than 20,000 men. He has only two brass pieces of artillery, which he captured at Monte Rotondo.

The Papal troops retiring before Garibaldi burned all the bridges. Garibaldi resisted the wishes of his partisans to shoot all prisoners. The priests fought bravely at Monte Rotondo. Garibaldi had plenty of provision and ammunition.

EUROPEAN SUMMARY.
The French have entered Rome. The Italian revolution has been out. It is said that Prussia is pledged to support Italy.

The relations of Prussia and Italy cause anxiety. Meanwhile, the Italian Minister, in a published note justifies the Italian advance on the ground that the dignity of Italy and the violation of the September Convention by the French require it.

MOBILE, Nov. 2.—The cotton market closed firm—middlings 16 1/2.

FROM COLUMBUS, O.
Columbus, Nov. 2.—The penitentiary was fired by incendiaries last night. It was damaged to the amount of \$75,000.

FROM ITALY.
Florence, Nov. 2.—midnight.—Garibaldi is still at Monte Rotondo, where he is entrenched.

He refuses to disarm unless the Italian Cabinet is changed. The King of Italy declines Napoleon's proposition to a low the Roman question to be settled by a vote of the Roman people.

FROM RICHMOND.
Richmond, Nov. 3.—General Schofield has issued an order convening the State Convention in this city Dec. 5d.

Washington, Nov. 5.—Gov. Parsons of Alabama, visited the President today.

London, Nov. 5.—3 o'clock P. M.—The vote of the towns in the province of Rome is unanimous for Italy.

Napoleon requires Victor Emmanuel to expel Garibaldi. If that is done Napoleon will retire.

Washington, Nov. 5.—A special to the Herald says the trial of Mr. Davis will be postponed till May at the request of the prosecution.

Washington, Oct. 5.—The Cabinet continued in session till half past two. Internal revenue \$430,000.

In Kansas the Republicans will carry the Legislature by a decreased majority. The negro suffrage amendment runs behind the ticket, but will probably be carried. Female suffrage is lost by several thousand votes.

Wisconsin returns show Democratic gains, and Fairchild running behind his ticket.

In Maryland the whole Democratic ticket is elected.

In Massachusetts, Adams will carry Boston by one thousand four hundred and eighty five majority. The same gain throughout the State, however, would not elect Adams, but would show a Republican loss of twenty thousand.

In New Jersey, Trenton, Elizabeth City, and New Brunswick have gone Democratic. Returns so far indicate that the Democrats have carried the Legislature. The vote was very large.

A reliable Boston dispatch says the Republicans acknowledge a loss in Massachusetts of 43,000. They claim the State by 17,000 majority.

In New York city, the nineteenth ward shows a Democratic gain of 1,263; sixth ward, gain, 157; ninth ward, gain, 569; sixteenth ward, gain, 605. Comprehensive returns have been received which indicate 33,000 Democratic majority.

Syracuse gives a Democratic gain of 624; Albany, Democratic gain of 1,000; Troy, Democratic gain of 1,800.

The Tribune has just telegraphed, giving up the State to the Democrats by a decided majority. Albany gives a Democratic majority of 1,000, electing county ticket, State Senator, and three out of four Assembly men. Camden county elects the whole Democratic ticket by 500 majority.

New York City.—The 21st ward gain is 1,328; 17th ward gain 1,199; 18th ward gain 1,224; 4th ward, loss 123; 5th, ward, gain 376; 8th ward, gain 60; 13th ward, gain 426.

Partial Senatorial returns show the election of Tweed, Norton, Creamer, Bradley and Givin, all Democratic.—The State has gone Democratic by probably a large majority.

The President has dispatches from the United States District Attorney, giving the Democratic majority in New York city and Brooklyn at 70,000.

The New Jersey Legislature is undoubtedly Democratic.

New York city, complete, give fifty-nine thousand eight hundred and fifteen Democratic majority—a gain of over twelve thousand.

Returns from the interior are meagre, though it shows the Republican vote not sufficient to overcome the tremendous majority in the city.

Returns from Kings and River counties show no exception to the general rule of heavy Democratic gains everywhere. The State has gone Democratic by at least 21,000 majority.

A dispatch from the police headquarters, in New York, makes the Democratic majority in the city 61,450.

Returns from Wisconsin and Minnesota are meagre. It is thought that Minnesota has gone Democratic, and that Wisconsin will be very close.

MOBILE, Oct. 5.—The Reconstruction Convention met in Montgomery at 12 o'clock to day. There were eighty-nine members present, fourteen colored.

E. W. Peck, of Tuscaloosa, was elected President, and Robert Barker Secretary. Negroes were elected Assistant Secretary and Doorkeeper.

The day was consumed in perfecting the organization. Fifty odd were old citizens of Alabama, the rest were colored men and men from the North.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—The Monitor says a fight occurred near Trivoli, in which three thousand insurgents were either killed, wounded or made prisoners.

Garibaldi himself and his son Menotti were captured at Terni and sent to Florence as prisoners of war.

Four thousand Garibaldians, who were on the march to reinforce the insurgents, were stopped, disarmed and turned back.

The greatest agitation prevails in Italy. The ultimatum of the Emperor Napoleon is to be answered by or before Thursday.

London, Oct. 5.—Noon.—Serious bread riots occurred in Exeter yesterday and to-day. Every meat and bread shop in the city was sacked at the time of the riot.

The last dispatch reports incendiary fires breaking out in different parts of the city. Much excitement prevails, and the local authorities have petitioned the government for troops to quell the disorder.

CABLE SUMMARY.
Near CORFCA, Nov. 3.—Garibaldi concentrated his forces round Monte Rotondo and, when urged to withdraw, he replied that he did not value his life, and a soldier should not count his enemies.

The deputation replied that a General should count the coming and withdraw. Garibaldi, with 3,000 men and two guns, moved toward Trivoli, which the Papals had stormed, unconscious of the disaster at Trivoli.

The Garibaldians, while marching to patriotic songs, were surprised at Mentana by seven Papal battalions, with seven guns, who attacked both sides and both flanks, fighting fiercely.

Garibaldi was dragged away. The retreating Garibaldians made two hours' fight at Monte Rotondo and 4,000 of nine hundred were killed and one thousand captured.

It is rumored that Garibaldi has become insane. Garibaldi looks old, haggard and disappointed. The insurrection is over.—The French took no part, except a few as volunteers.

CANTALPUE, Nov. 4.—The road between here and Corere is crowded with disarmed Garibaldians. Their defeat is complete and their best men killed.

TURN, Nov. 4.—The wounded arrived here to-day. The Italian Regulars were kind to them and every attention was shown them by the women while they were being carried from the cars to the hospital.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The New York Legislature is Democratic on joint ballot, with a probable majority in the Senate.

The New Jersey Legislature is Democratic in both branches.

In Kansas both negro and female suffrage has been defeated by from 8,000 to 10,000.

FROM WASHINGTON ELECTION NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The following are the approximate results of the elections yesterday:

FROM NEW YORK.
The Democratic majority in the State of New York is from 30,000 to 40,000. A Democratic mayor is elected in Brooklyn.

The Republican majority in the Legislature is greatly reduced.

It is possible that the Democrats will have the Lower House.

Daily Republican, succeeds Conkling, radical, in Congress.

Later dispatches from New York render it almost certain that the Democrats will have a majority in the Legislature of that State on joint ballot.

This will give Seymour the Senatorship.

FROM MARYLAND.
Every office in Maryland is filled by Democrats.

FROM NEW JERSEY.
The Democrats have carried New Jersey by a majority of 6,000.

The Legislature is Democratic by a majority of eight on joint ballot.

WISCONSIN.
The Legislature is republican on joint ballot, thus securing a radical Senator, Doolittle. This will be regretted by Democrats throughout the country.

Fairchild, republican, is elected Governor.

The Democratic gain in this State is about 5,000.

Post Master General Randall received this afternoon a dispatch that Wisconsin is still doubtful.

FROM MINNESOTA.
Marshall, republican, is elected Governor by a decided majority.

FROM KANSAS.
Both female and negro suffrage are defeated in this State.

MONTGOMERY, Nov. 6.—The reconstruction convention today passed a resolution authorizing the raising of proper standing committees and to memorialize Congress to remove the political disabilities of all persons who materially aided reconstruction.

An ordinance was introduced and referred, to restore all property sold by administrators during the war, for Confederate money, to the legal heirs of estates without suit in court.

The State Constitution will probably be modeled after that of Vermont.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.
New Orleans, Nov. 6.—The Board of Health last night declared the yellow fever no longer epidemic, and that the city is free from epidemic disease, and citizens and strangers can return at once without apprehension.

MARRIED.—In the Methodist Church at Jacksonville, Ala., on Tuesday morning Nov. 5th, 1867, by Rev. W. R. Kirk, Joseph H. FRANKS, Esq., of Jasper, Tenn., to Miss MARY M. GRANT, of Jacksonville, Ala.

Also, at the same time and place, by Rev. D. F. Smith, L. W. GRANT, Esq., of the Golden Times, to Miss ANNIE FOSTER, of Jacksonville, Ala.

MARRIED.—Near White Plains, Ala., Oct. 26th, by Rev. R. B. Crawford, Capt. J. T. REESE and Miss NANNIE J. WILLIAMS.

Also—By same, on the 29th inst., Mr. THOS. J. MORGAN to Miss LAZZIE MARTIN.—All of Calhoun county, Ala.

NEW FIRM, New Goods,

AND **NEW LOCATION.**
D. P. GUNNELS & E. G. ROBERTSON

HAVING associated themselves in the Dry Goods Business in the south room of our New Brick Building, call the attention of the public to their large and carefully selected stock of Goods, comprising every thing usually kept in a village house.

When visiting our Town, give us a call
D. P. GUNNELS & CO.
Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867.

SMITH & RIDDLE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS,
Hardware and Commission Merchants.

WE are now receiving and will continue to receive fresh lots of Groceries and

Plantation Supplies
Every week, which they offer to Planters and Country Merchants at as low figures as can be bought in the up country. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

We are prepared to pay tax on Cotton consigned to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile, New Orleans or New York.

Will soon have a large Ware-house completed in rear of our building for storing Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867.—Gm.

IN BANKRUPTCY.
N. J. TURNLEY, GEORGE ISBELL TURNLEY, TURNLEY & SON, Attorneys at Law

Solicitors in Bankruptcy.
HAVE all necessary blanks, and are ready to file applications for all who desire relief under the Bankrupt Act of 1867.

They will attend the Bankrupt Courts held by the Register, at Gadsden, Lebanon and Cente—and may be consulted at their office in Jacksonville, where one of them may always be found.
Nov. 9, 1867.—3m.

AN APPEAL TO FARMERS & PLANTERS!

ABSOLUTE necessity in times gone by, forced you to purchase an occasional supply of such medicines as might be administered to the various members of your family by yourselves, without the aid of a Physician.

Various purgative Pills, Cough Mixtures, Chill Medicines, Diarrhoea Compounds, Tonics, Blood Purifiers, and many other articles, have been prescribed for you at a northern stand-point, and in many cases, those who prepared them knew nothing about the treatment of diseases in any climate, and in the absence of better compounds, they in many instances, met your A P P R O V I N G S M I L E S.

Now, gentlemen, by your assistance and your influence, which we intend to MERIT, we wish to effect a slight change in the programme, and so long as we give satisfaction shall hope to be the recipients of public patronage. Our plan is, that the

Medical Profession.

Those who are experienced in Southern treatment, and have been and are in every respect identified with the southern people, and who are known and acknowledged as such, shall, as far as possible, manufacture & supply that demand, thus enabling every family to procure at all times, a class of Medicines, that are likely to cure, by far, more satisfaction than if prepared in a locality where diseases are treated differently. We are well aware that there will be arrayed against us an army of

Northerd Nostrum Venders,
Who are making every appeal that imagination can invent, in order to win the confidence of the southern people; but we are determined to be REPRESENTED in the matter, and call upon the PEOPLE to decide.

There are three members composing our firm, all graduated and experienced southern Physicians, and with all our ability and experience we have prepared and now offer you a class of

FAMILY MEDICINES,
Not secrets nor patents, which we think are honestly required by every farmer, planter & family throughout the southern country, and an assortment of the **GREAT SOUTHERN PREPARATIONS** should be in every house.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S English Female Bitters,

Is a powerful Uterine Tonic and Female Regulator, and is just the Medicine so much needed by the female community, both old and young, throughout the South. It relieves all irregularities, removes obstructions, cures painful or suppressed Menstruation, Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhoea or Whites, Chlorosis, Hysterics, Palpitation of the Heart, & all that class of complaints peculiar to females. It restores, arouses and invigorates the womb, thereby inducing regularity and health.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S KING OF CHILLS

Absolutely cleanses your stomach, arouses your torpid liver, opens the bowels, carries off the bile, makes quick and permanent cures, never affects the head, nerves, or ears, gives tone to the system, and can be administered to infants. It cures all forms of Chills and Fever, Intermittent Fever, Bilious Fever, Congestive Chills, Dumb Chills, and no family should be without it.

CHILLS AND FEVER can be permanently cured, whether of recent or long standing. Do not slake any longer, get a bottle and be cured.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S AMYGDALINE PECTORAL.

A scientific preparation for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hooping Cough, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, Croup, Hoarseness, Dry Cough, Pain in the side, Tightness in the Chest, Influenza, spitting of Blood, and for all other Pulmonary Affections. It immediately loosens the phlegm, relieves the cough and pain, promotes free expectoration, and soothes and quiets the troubled nervous system, enabling them to sleep at night. Price \$1 00.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S Fluid Extract Bearberry, Cubes & Buchu FOR THE KIDNEYS.

For all affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, whether affecting old or young, male or female; for gravel, urinary deposits of all kinds, retention of urine, frequent inclination and pain in urinating, pain in small of the back, and all those troublesome symptoms arising from excesses, effects of early indiscretion or habits of dissipation. Gleet, Leucorrhoea, evil foreboding, melancholy, sleepless nights, nervousness, etc., can be cured by using this medical compound. Large bottles \$1 00.

YOUR LIFE BLOOD.
Must be purified by using DROMGOOLE & CO.'S

CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCH.
Which will immediately eradicate all impurities of the Blood, Constitutional Derangements, skin Diseases and Eruptions, Scrofula, Camp Itch, Tetter, Scaldhead, Ringworm, Syphilis and all Syphilitic Diseases, Effects of Mercury, Ticks, Bites, Ulcers and Sores, Pimples, Blotches, Eczema, and all those diseases requiring a Blood Purifier. It is composed of Sillingsia, Yellow Dock, Sarsaparilla, Burdock and Iodide Potash.—Price 41 50.

Our other Preparations of equal Purity are as follows:

Dromgoole & Co.'s **RED DIARRHOEA REMEDY**, for all forms of Diarrhoea, Vomiting, etc.

Dromgoole & Co.'s **DYSENTERY COMPOUND**, for Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Mucus Diarrhoea, etc.

Dromgoole & Co.'s **VEGETABLE ANTI-MILLIQUOUS PILLS**, a sure, safe and effectual compound for family use.

Dromgoole & Co.'s **LIVER PILLS**, for arousing the Liver, cleansing the stomach and bowels of all bilious matter, etc.

Dromgoole & Co.'s **EUREKA SECRET CURE**, for a certain class of troublesome diseases. Price \$2 50.

Dromgoole & Co.'s **TONIC HAIR RESTORATIVE**, for restoring the hair to its natural color and preventing baldness.

Dromgoole & Co.'s **LONE STAR LINIMENT**, for Rheumatism, Pains, Bruises, Sprains, etc.

Dromgoole & Co.'s **PILE SALVE**—a certain, safe and effectual remedy for all forms of Piles.

Orders solicited—none sent out on commission.
J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,
Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.

Sold Wholesale and Retail by:
Erwin Morris & Co., Louisville, Ky.
I. C. De



POETRY.

ONE STEP MORE.

What though before me it is dark,
Too dark for me to see?
I ask but light for one step more;
'Tis quite enough for me.

Each little humble step I take,
The gloom clears from the next;
So, though 'tis very dark beyond,
I never am perplexed.

And if sometimes the mist hangs close,
So close I fear to stray,
Patient I wait a little while,
And soon it clears away.

I would not see my further path,
For mercy veils it so;
My present steps might harder be
Did I the future know.

It may be that my path is rough,
Thorny hard and steep;
And knowing this, my strength may fail
Through fear and terror deep.

It may be that it winds along
A smooth and flowery way;
But seeing this I might despise
The journey of to-day.

Perhaps my path is very short;
My journey nearly done,
And I might tremble at the thought
Of ending it so soon.

Or, if I saw a weary length
Of road that I must wend,
Fainting, I'd think, "My feeble powers
Will fail me ere the end."

And so I do not wish to see
My journey or its length;
Assured that through my Father's love,
Each step will bring its strength.

Thus step by step I onward go,
Not looking far before;
Trusting that I shall always have
Light for just "one step more."

Sleeping Equality.

The Enterprise (Mississippi) Star tells the following good story:
A friend has just stepped in who gives us the following as a practical test of the sincerity of the newly converted Jacobins. We recommend its general adoption by those of our colored people whose votes and influence the Jacobins are endeavoring to obtain by a regular system of equality hoodwinking.

Reverend Mr. Talley, of the Montgomery Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, who is a "weak vessel," has been bought up by the emissaries of the Northern Methodist Church. In the ignorant zeal of a new convert, who of course, wished to render some service for his money, he went into the Summerfield district, over which Dr. A. H. Mitchell presides, and began the propagation of the perfect equality doctrine among the colored people. This equality he carried beyond beyond; and as the legitimate result was lionized by the negroes.

An old gentleman of the white persuasion, residing in the neighborhood where this missionary of equality was laboring, saw proper to doubt Mr. Talley's sincerity, and told a favorite boy—and old time house and body servant, who had imbibed great confidence in Mr. Talley as a sincere equality man—that he had as well keep his money—if he intended to give Mr. Talley any—until he could test his sincerity. A new idea struck Jack. Mr. Talley went to stay all night at Jack's master's. When he retired to bed, Jack accompanied the reverend turncoat to his room, and held him in long conversation on the equality doctrine, until Mr. Talley was fully committed to it, and, thoroughly sleepy, he took off his coat ready for bed; so did Jack. Boots came off next; so did Jack's. Talley's pants off; Jack's ditto. "Look here Jack, what are you up to?" quoth Mr. Talley.

"Nuffin tall, sir. Ise going to be 'dova to,' siffin; dats all," replied Jack.

"What's that you are goin to be down to?" said his reverence.

"Well, Fse going to bed; with you dats all dere is about it. I is jes as good as you is accordin' to the Lord's gospel by you, and I is tired of sleeping wid myself in de shuck pen. So I is gwine to sleep wid you in master's bed said Jack.

Mr. Talley took a deliberate, indignant survey of Jack from head to foot, slowly put on his clothes, went to the stable, bridled and saddled his horse, and left that ilk a sadder and wiser man.

MURDER IN MARSHALL COUNTY.—We learn, that one night this week, a Mrs. Glazier, wife of J. R. Glazier, was shot while sitting in her house, about six miles from Gunterville, nineteen buck shot entering her body, killing her instantly. A man living near named Neighbors, was arrested on suspicion and is in custody awaiting a legal investigation. A son of Mrs. Glazier was wounded severely. A son-in-law, who was in the house, shot at the murderer, who dropped his double barreled shot gun and ran. It is said that the murderer can be identified by the gun and recognition of his features by the light from the flash of the gun. 'Tis said, Mrs. Glazier was a witness against Neighbors in a charge.

ROME STEAM ENGINE AND MACHINE WORKS, ROME, Ga.

NOBLES & MITCHELL, MANUFACTURERS OF Horizontal, Vertical and Portable STEAM ENGINES,

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power
Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,
Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks
BLAST PIPES,
COTTON PRESSES,
SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR Rolling Mills, Blast Furnaces, Railroads, Saw & Grist-mills, &c CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight
Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive
and Car Axles;
Mining Machinery
For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;
Bridge-castings and Bolts;
All kinds of Machinery and
BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,
JAS. NOBLES, SR., THOS. P. MITCHELL, Cash.
JOHN W. NOBLES, Master Mechanic & Draughtsman
WM. NOBLE, GEORGE NOBLE,
SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.
July 21, 1866.

ATTENTION:
Notice to Debtors.
ALL persons indebted to the firm of Stevenson & Pinson, either by note or account, are earnestly requested to come forward without delay and make payment.

We sold you goods at cash prices on short time, for your accommodation, and you expect to see to it, that we are not disappointed, and our business impeded by your long neglect and delay. We need money and must have it, and know of no other or better way to obtain it, than from those who owe us. STEVENSON & PINSON.
Jacksonville, July 6, 1867.

Blacksmithing.
THE undersigned, respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to execute Blacksmith work of every description, in the neatest and most durable manner, and at prices as favorable as any other workmen. Their shop is near the Stage Stable, on the west side of Main street, south of the public square. One of us formerly worked with Mr. A. Adams, to whom he refers for information relative to his ability to do good and faithful work. Terms cash, or produce at market price. STEPHEN L. MCLEAN,
STEPHEN L. HOKE.
Jacksonville, June 29, 1867.

House-Carpenters and Millwrights.
THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that they are prepared to execute promptly, and in the neatest and most durable manner, all kinds of Housecarpenter and Millwright work, upon terms as low as can be engaged elsewhere. One of them learned the trade with Mr. J. J. Aderholt, and the other with Mr. E. G. Morris, both known to be first class workmen.

Their shop is on Grove street Jacksonville. Patrons respectfully solicited, and perfect satisfaction with work guaranteed. GEORGE ROWLAND,
Sep. 14, '67. JOHN BUSH.

To the Afflicted
DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancers, wens, ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs, spine, kidneys, and some others; charging but a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure no pay. He has a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well. G. W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining Counties; and give prompt and faithful attention to all business confided to his care.
Particular attention given to the collection of debts. Oct. 19, 1867.—ly

M. P. STOVALL, D. E. BUTLER,
Of Augusta, Ga. Of Madison, Morgan co. Ga.

STOVALL & BUTLER,
COTTON WAREHOUSE,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AUGUSTA, GA.

WE HAVE FORMED A PARTNERSHIP for the purpose of conducting the above business. They will devote their best energies to advance the interests of their customers in the STORAGE AND SALE OF COTTON AND OTHER PRODUCE.

M. P. Stovall is well known as having been successfully engaged for many years in the business.

D. E. Butler is also favorably known as long connected with the Planting interest and public enterprises of the State.

Office and Sales Room, corner of Jackson and Reynolds streets, now occupied by

ROME

STEAM ENGINE

AND

MACHINE WORKS,

ROME, Ga.

NOBLES & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable

NEW WOOL FACTORY, At McKibben's old stand on Chocoree Creek, 7 1/2 miles below Oxford and 2 1/2 above Munford. This Splendid Machinery has been purchased with a view to suit the wants of the Southern people, being clothed entirely with a superior quality of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to give satisfaction where the wool is properly prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the Depot at Munford and returned free of charge. Our old friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to call and examine our machinery. McKIBBEN & BROTHER. June 22, 1867.—2m.

MONTVALE SPRINGS—1867.

THIS popular Summer resort having been placed in thorough repair, and furnished with new furniture, will be opened for visitors on the 1st of June under the direction and control of the undersigned proprietors of the American Hotel, Atlanta Ga.

Montvale presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no less on account of its retirement and the beauty of its surrounding scenery, than of the restorative powers of its waters. We have reduced the price of board to the lowest figures consistent with a proper provision for the entertainment of our guests.

Board per day \$3 00, per week \$20 00, per month \$60 00, with an allowance for families. Travelers by rail reach the Springs by special conveyance from London, or by regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville Tenn.

WHITE & WHITLOCK.

PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Wood
ward's Store. June 16, 1866

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES the Watch Repairing
business above McClellens store, west
side of the public square. A good lot
of materials on hand, and work done with
dispatch and at low rates to suit the times.
Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

House and Lot to Rent.
A house containing four large rooms
and two entries, suitable for a boarding
house, with kitchen, smoke-house, and a
good garden, with choice fruit trees, and
well watered, will be rented on good
terms. For particulars enquire at this
office. April 20, 1868.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE!
The Home Comfort!
H. G. NOBLE,
DEALER IN
Tin Ware Stoves, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the
public that the above named COOK-
ING STOVES, which is rapidly
coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen
at his Shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin
streets. Having the advantage of twenty-
five years experience in the business, he can
satisfactorily recommend the "Home Comfort"
as being superior to any other ever offered in this
market. It is more convenient, durable and
economical, and therefore the most desirable.
Call and see for yourself.

H. G. NOBLE.

SPUN COTTON;
FOR SALE;
At Wholesale and Retail;
BY
E. L. WOODWARD.

Notice.
I AM preparing to go North for a Fall stock,
and shall need every dollar that has been
promised me at this time. I hope therefore
that none will fail to meet their engagements
promptly.
If you want cheap goods keep me in funds
and I will furnish them.
P. ROWAN.

Boarding.
FIVE or six young men, who may wish
to go to school or study a profession, can
be accommodated in a private family in this
place, with boarding, lodging, room, fire-
wood and lights, at \$15 per month, one half
or more taken in produce at the market price.
For further information, enquire at this Office.
Jacksonville, August 10, 1867.

M. J. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law
AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Cal-
houn, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne,
Cherokee, DeKalb, St. Clair and DeKalb,
in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U.
S. District Court, Northern and Middle Divi-
sion of Alabama.

LIVERY AND SALE
STABLE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the
public, that they have procured the large
and commodious Livery stable recently left
by Mr. J. H. Sargent, and will be prepared to
accommodate all persons who may wish to
hire Hacks, Buggies or saddle Horses. They
will also feed transient horses and mules, and
be prepared to work Gardens and Patches,
and have Horses and Mules for sale upon ad-
vantageous terms to purchasers.
They will endeavor to be at all times pre-
pared to accommodate promptly those who
may desire their assistance, and therefore so-
licit a liberal patronage.
R. H. WYNNE & CO.
Jacksonville, Feb. 2, 1867.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,
HAS resumed the duties of his
profession in all its branches.
Office, N. W. Corner of Public
Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1866.—lf.

Wheat Wanted.
100 Bushel of Wheat wanted, for
which the market price will be given
in cash, delivered at Woodward's or Car-
roll's. S. D. MCLELLAN.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price
six cents.

A LECTURE on the Nature
Treatment, and Radical Cure of
Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhea,
induced by self-abuse; Involuntary
Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility,
and Impediments to Marriage, resulting from
Syphilis, Gonorrhea, and Fits Mental & Physical
Disorders, &c.—By ROBERT J. CUL-
VERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green
Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable
Lecture, clearly proves from his own ex-
perience that the awful consequences of self-
abuse may be effectually removed without
medicine, and without dangerous surgical
operations, bleedings, instruments, rings, or
cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once
certain and effectual, by which every sufferer,
no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture will prove a Boon to
thousands and thousands.

Send under seal, in plain envelope, to any
address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or
two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's
"Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address
the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

NEW GOODS.
CALICOES,
DOMESTICS &c.
Just Received and For Sale by
WOODWARD

June 8, 1867.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.
TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE
POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.,

All the Cooking for a
Family may be done with a
Kerosene Oil, or Gas, &c.
with less trouble, and at
less expense, than by any
other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is
guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.
Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.
KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
117 200 PEARL STREET N. Y.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.
Principal Office, 616 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Ma-
chines. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion
Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noise-
less in action. Its motion being all positive,
it is not liable to get out of order. It is the
best Family Machine. Notice is called to our
new and improved Manufacturing Machine,
or Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. A-
gents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will
be given. No consignments made.
EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.
To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, ESQ., PRESIDENT
OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 19, 1867.
J. S. THRASHER Esq.:
Dear Sir—It affords me much pleasure to
communicate to you the following resolution
of the Southern Press Association:

Resolved, "That as a testimonial of our ap-
preciation for the zealous, faithful and effec-
tive service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as
Superintendent of this Association in years
past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this
Association, and confer upon him the com-
plimentary position of Agent of the Southern
Press Association in the City of New York."

The terms of commendation employed in
the above resolution do no more than justice
to your important services during your Su-
perintendency—services which none can more
highly appreciate than myself. Should oc-
casion require, I shall be glad to avail myself
of the aid provided for by the resolution.

Very Respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.
I would respectfully request every daily,
tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and monthly
journal South of the Potomac and Ohio
rivers and the 36 deg. 30 min. parallel of lati-
tude West of the Mississippi, to publish this
advertisement twice, and send to me at New
York, each time, a copy of the paper contain-
ing it, post paid, with bill for the same.

It is desirable in my combinations to secure
cheaper printing paper for our Southern
journals, that I shall have the fullest infor-
mation regarding the sizes of paper used by
the several publications, and I can procure it
in no other way than by requesting particu-
lar attention to the need of sending copy of
the publication with the bill.

I desire it sent twice to prevent against mail
failures, and that they be postpaid to secure
prompt office delivery.

J. S. THRASHER,
Box 5339 New York, N. Y.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.
CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8 00 saved
24 Hours to Chattanooga & \$18 saved.

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866,
Trains on this road will run as follows:

Through Passenger & Freight Trains.
Passenger trains will leave Selma
daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M.
will arrive at Blue Mountain
(except Sundays) at 12 night
will leave Blue Mountain
(except Sundays) at 4 A. M.
will arrive at Selma (ex-
cept Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains, until Further Notice.
Will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays and
Fridays at 5:15 A. M.
And arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:50 P. M.
Will leave Blue Mountain Tues-
days, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.
Arrive at Selma at 7:50 P. M.

Passenger trains connect at Selma with
boats to Montgomery and Mobile, and with
the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vicks-
burg, New Orleans and the West. At Blue
Mountain they connect with Taylor, Glimmer
& Co's splendid line of Coaches from there
to Rome, Ga., and thence by rail to Atlanta,
Savannah, Charleston, Chattanooga and all
points North and East.

Through fare from Selma to Kingston on
Western and Atlantic Railroad ONLY \$12 00
E. G. BARNEY,
June 9, 1866. Sup't & Agent for Leage.

GROVESTEEN & CO. Piano Forte Manufacturers,

499, Broadway, New York.

THE attention of the public and the trade
is invited to our New Scale, Seven
Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes,
which for volume and purity of tone are un-
rivalled by any hitherto offered in this mark-
et. They contain all the modern improve-
ments—French grand action, harp pedal, iron
frame, over-stung bass, etc.—and each in-
strument being made under the personal su-
pervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEEN, who has
a practical experience of over thirty years in
their manufacture, is fully warranted in every
particular.

The "GroveSTEEN Piano-Forte"
Received the highest award of merit at the
celebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the
best makers of London, Paris, Germany,
Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York;
and also at the American Institute for five
successive years, the GOLD and SILVER MEDALS
from both of which can be seen at our ware-
rooms.

By the introduction of improvements we
make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by
manufacturing largely with a strict cash sys-
tem, are enabled to offer these instruments at a
price which will preclude all competition.

Our prices are from \$100 to \$200 cheaper
than any other first-class Piano-Forte.
Terms—Net cash in current funds.
Descriptive circulars sent FREE.
P. Jan. 12, 1867.—ly

PHOTOGRAPHIC.
E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Mate-
rials;
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of photo-
GRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for
the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.
Of American and Foreign Cities and Land-
scapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.
From negatives made in the various cam-
paigns and forming a complete Photographic
history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS.
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the
Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to
any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any
other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents
to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputa-
tion of being superior in beauty and durabil-
ity to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, States-
men, Actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand
different subjects, including reproductions of
the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings,
Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of
stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods
C. O. D. will please remit 25 per cent of the
amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods
cannot fail to satisfy.
Just published—Stereoscopic Views of the
Interior of the Mammoth Cave of Ky. taken
by aid of the new Magnesium Light.
August 21, 1867.

The Jacksonville Female
ACADEMY.

The exercises of this In-
stitution will be resumed on
Monday, August 5th, 1867,
under the direction of Rev. D. F.
SMITH, Principal, Miss Mary A. Ter-
nley, Assistant, and Mrs. MARTHA E.
FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be
employed if needed.

The course of study embraces all
branches of instruction usually taught in
Academies and High Schools.

Rates of Tuition per Session of
20 weeks.

First Class, \$15 00
2nd " 20 00
3rd " 25 00
4th " 30 00
Music, Extra, 25 00
French " 12 00
Contingent Fund, 2 00

A deduction of 20 per cent. will be made
in favor of those who will pay in advance or
quarterly.

No pupils will be received for a less period
than two months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases
of sickness.

Parents and guardians may feel assured
that the intellectual and moral improvement of
the pupils will be faithfully sought.

Free access will be granted to the different
Sabbath Schools and Churches in this Town,
as parents may direct.

As to health, good society, and opportuni-
ties for religious instruction, Jacksonville
presents advantages equal, if not superior to
those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole
school, at least, once every two weeks,
on some practical, moral or religious topic.

Board can be had in good families on rea-
sonable terms.

P. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.
J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.
J. C. FRANCIS,
A. ADAMS,
B. C. WYLY,
J. H. PRIVETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. CANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS.
July 13, 1867.

Bible Agency.

Rev. E. B. McClellan, has been ap-
pointed by the Jacksonville Bible Society, a
branch of the American Bible Society, Agent
for the sale and distribution of Bibles, and
also for the collection of donations to aid in
the confidence, friendship, co-operation
and assistance of members of all religious
denominations, and benevolent friends of mor-
ality and religion generally.

THE undersigned Executors of the Estate
of John Prater, deceased, will sell to
the highest bidder, on Monday the 18th day
of NOVEMBER, 1867, at the late residence
of deceased, the following Lands, lying in
Calhoun county, to-wit: thirty acres, seven
by eight in the south-east fourth of south
west fourth of section 3; and two acres in the
north-west corner of the east half of the
north-west fourth of section 8; all in Town-
ship 13, Range 9, including the late residence
of John Prater, deceased.

There is a good Spring on the place and a
tolerable orchard.

The Land will be sold on twelve months
credit with interest from date; the purchaser
will be required to give note and approved
security—the sale will take place within the
usual hours.

A. J. & JAMES PRATER,
Executors.
Oct. 19, 1867.

Jacksonville

Republican

VOL. 31.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. NOV. 16, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1598.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

[From the Richmond Inquirer Nov. 1.] Resistance the Negro Domination.

Like some rich and noble treasure ship freighted with the renown of centuries of Caucasian domination, the merited wealth of historic glory and countless legions of proud traditions, Virginia has been captured by blacks and mongrel buccanniers: as despoiled as ever cruised beneath the red flag upon the "Spanish Main." While the pirates are gloating over the prize which they have won by fraud and the disfranchisement of our ablest men, we tell them in the name of the white men, not only of Virginia, but of the North, that the negro shall not rule in this fair State designed by God to be the dominion of the highest type of the white race.

We unfurl the standard of resistance to the wretched creatures who are soon to meet to complete the work of Africanizing Virginia, and tell them that there are no chains which they can forge in the shape of a mongrel organic law which can bind the giant limbs of the Old Dominion.

Firm in the conviction that God will protect the right, we now take the issue before the aroused and indignant North, and ask the triumphant Conservative masses, "Shall the land of Washington, Jefferson, Henry, Madison, Marshall, Monroe, be made a negro Inferno, more horrible than that visited by Dante and Virgil? Shall a negro dispense the mockery of justice where Marshall illumined the name of American jurisprudence? Shall some brutal black occupy the gubernatorial chair once adorned by Henry and Jefferson? and shall the blacks, like the frogs of Egypt, swarm in the most sacred places of the mother of States and of statesmen?"

We call upon the people of this much trauced Commonwealth, by conventions, primary meetings, resolutions, thorough organization, speeches and public addresses, to prepare to treat the work of the proposed Convention as a nullity and a mockery. Death is preferable to negro supremacy, and revolution will be the inevitable result of an attempt upon the part of a Mongrel Convention to make a Hayti of Virginia. We desire the people of this State to treat the proposed Convention from the very outset as a monstrous and wicked farce. We desire them to fearlessly proclaim to the North their loyalty to the laws and Constitution of the Union, but their determination to oppose to the death the elevation of the negro over the white man. Let this issue be speedily and most distinctly made. Unless the ancient spirit of the men, whose ancestors have ruled Virginia for more than two centuries, is dead—unless the splendid valor which flamed forth in the van of battle from Boston to Yorktown during the revolution of 1776, has become a mere phosphorescent light emitted by the bones of a decaying ancestry—unless all those heroes who made the name of Virginia the admiration of Christendom during the late civil war, have turned to dust, and our very women have lost their noble enthusiasm,—this outrage shall not and cannot be perpetrated. The negro and his wretched parasites shall not rule this State.

The race which have made it famous and renowned, and which has filled the Senate and the army with great statesmen and warriors, shall not creep through life the helots of their late slaves, and hide their sorrows and dishonor in the grave. No Convention can be permitted thus to violate the relation of the two races in Virginia, and no organic law, framed by a mongrel minority, can impose the galling yoke of negro supremacy upon the white race of this State.

In the spirit of these declarations, the country will recognize the public sentiment in Virginia, and the North will sustain in the sharp, well defined issue of "Virginia must be ruled by white men." "In hoc signo vinces." The war cry which toppled over Radicalism in Pennsylvania, paralyzed the same party in Ohio, and which will soon deliver New York from the bondage of fanaticism, must strike a chord of sympathy when hurled by Virginians in the teeth of the Mongrel Convention which will soon attempt to Africanize this noble State.

Undismayed by the result of the late election, confident of the undeviated strength of the Conservative party, assured of Northern sympathy, and outraged by the character of the delegates elected to the so-called Convention, we declare thus early our determined hostility to it. We ask from the press and people of Virginia a united, determined, enthusiastic resistance and defiance of this last attempt which will ever be made to Africanize the Old Dominion. In view of the brutal lust for power manifested by the negro at the late elections, and of his objects and designs,

the severest penalties which Congress could inflict, and the most protracted military rule under the harshest military despot, would be preferable to the control of public affairs by the negro and the rascals who have degraded themselves below the blacks.

Billings Philosophy.

The heart of a true friend is like a mirror if you look into it you see yourself.

Wisdom that don't make us happier ain't worth plowin' for.

I am deadend fond of melody; and a banjo with a negro hung few it, will knock more sense out of me in one night than I can get back in three weeks.

It is a good plan to know mebbey people, but let only a few know you.

I have no more respect for those who only cater to imagination, than I have for the man who first invented ginger pop.

I never kbu a man or much wisdom who cud sing a song well or play on a fiddle.

I don't care how much a man talks if he will only say it in a few words.

Rewards deferred makes us miserible; it is just s with punishments. When I was a boy I rather be licked twice than to be postponed once.

There is one thing certain; reason is more than master of passions. If this is probably so, the man must be a phool who ain't boast of himself.

I think it reduces the stummuck tew holle; so I think it lessens awl kinds of anguish just az it does sin, by owing it.

We are awl willing to pay more for being amuzzed than instructed.

How many folks do you suppose there is in this world who are satisfied with things az far az they have got? Not more than six, I'll bet. This looks rather dusty for the rest of the trip.

There ain't no general rule for happiness; a man has to be measured for happiness just as he has for his boots, and even then he don't always get a good fit.

Joy will make a man change ends quicker than sorrow.

If a man can't find ennything else that he is fit for, I like tew see him carry a good beaded cane.

The top rounds of a ladder are always the most dangerous.

I believe in the final salvation of men, but I don't want the privilege of picking the men.

There is just this difference between a success and a failure—quarter of an inch.

It is a great deal easier tew beat nature than it is tew equal her—so it is easier tew bile an egg tew much than jis enuff.

Munny has dun one thing for the world that nothing else could have so well—it has developed the phool.

Although mankind worship wealth, I will give them credit for one thing—they seldom mistake it for brains.

Most of the grates thinz have been did taking the chances. Providence has but one eye, while fortune has a thousand.

If a man had two stomachs and two outside, there might be some excuse for adding ten thousand dollars each year to his pile.

If a man has got to be a poor awl his life, I ain't sure it would be sum munny in his pocket to be ignorant.

First-class virtue is alwaz anxious to avoid temptashun.

You kaut transplant a Yankee success fully without taking up a good deal of the soil with the root.

It is easy enuff to get religion, but to hold it both-ers a fellow. A good grip is better than rubies—jest than much see cotton cloths.

JUST PUBLISHED. NEW WORK ON SINGING. BASSINI'S Twenty Melodic Exercises, IN FORM OF SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES, INTENDED AS Studies to acquire the Art of Sing- ing.

"These exercises were composed to be used simultaneously with his system, 'The Art of Singing,' or with any other method for the cultivation of the voice, and will take the place of CONGONE'S SOLFEGGIOS; being more melodious and better adapted for teaching."

"Some of these exercises are specially beautiful as well as useful, a mingling of the dates of utility, which secures the interest as well as the improvement of the student. The various styles developed in these exercises render them invaluable in an educational point of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelligence of the pupil. They must be studied carefully with reference to the innumerable marks of expression and forms of ornamentation. Upon the minute accuracy with which these are accomplished depends the actual sterling advancement of the pupil; any evasion or slurring in these respects is time and effort utterly wasted, while, on the other hand, a close and patient investigation, and minutely faithful execution of them, will give unexpected power and facility, and enable the student to perform with ease and confidence the most difficult and brilliant of vocal artistry."—*Watson's Art Journal.*

In Two Volumes,
Price, each, in Boards, Retail, \$2.00
do. do. in Cloth, Retail, \$2.50
A Sample Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on receipt of Wholesale Price, \$1.50.
Published by WM. HALL & SON,
No. 543 Broadway, N. Y.

Just Received, Domestics, Calicoes, &c. E. L. WOODWARD.

DURYE'S VIOLINE, [TRADE MARK.] A New Writing Fluid.

Of a Beautiful Violet Color,
ALSO
VIOLINE COPYING FLUID,
To Copy Without Press.

MANUFACTURED BY THE
Manhattan Ink and Color Co.
49 LIBERTY STREET.

To Painters Furniture and other Manufacturers.

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO
THE MANHATTAN PAINT OIL,
90 Cents Per Gallon.

Invented by G. DURYEE, M. D. Chemist of New York.

Who has spent several years experimenting for a substitute for Linseed Oil.

It is well known that aloumen gives to oil from linseed oil its lasting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of aloumen with any other oil would make it equally valuable.

Knowing the prejudice against a new oil, especially after the odium of many failures, we have awaited severe tests before entering the arena. Neither shall we make vain promises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil with those who use it. We dare say this much, that after two years' trial, in all weather, this oil has been found as indestructible as the best boiled linseed oil.

It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.

With lead it dries in six hours!
With zinc it gives the lustre of Damar varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing.

The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil.

It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on.

Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of copal varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.

Among the many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to The Noddy Corrugated Iron Roofing and Bridge Co., of Boston & New York. G. Whitlock, Brook; F. Long, New York; J. A. Navy Yard; Mr. Gibbs, of Pacific J. C. Follows, N. Y.; S. S. Co., N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c. of HON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS. By Henry Cleveland, Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.

Sent for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address: NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Atlanta, Ga. Feb. 16, 1867.

JOHN W. INZER. LEROY F. BOX.
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law.

Solicitors in Chancery.
ASHVILLE, Ala.

WILL practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,
OF Alabama,
Has located in the country near Scooba, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,
TUMORS, POLYPI,
DISEASES OF FEMALES, Etc.
Dr. C. has never lost a patient nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South. He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, it some three or four should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

A SAFE
CERTAIN,
AND
Speedy Cure
FOR
NEURALGIA,
AND ALL
NERVOUS
DISEASES.
Its Effects are
Magical.

It is an UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this wonderful REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements,—of many years standing,—affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with perfect SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of our most eminent physicians, who give it their unqualified and unqualified approval upon the basis of long and successful experience. Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage.

Six packages, \$1.00, Postage 6 cents.
Twelve packages, 5.00, " 27 "
Twenty-four packages, 9.00, " 48 "
It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO. Sole Proprietors,
120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
Oct. 12, 1867.

By the Governor of Alabama, A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
STATE OF ALABAMA

WHEREAS, information has reached this Department, that an atrocious murder was recently committed in Cleburne county upon the body of Michael Pennell; and

Whereas, it is formally charged, that the said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH MARKS; and it appearing that the said Marks has fled from justice, and is still running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. PATTON, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars
to any person who may arrest the said Joseph Marks, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1867, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON.

By the Governor,
MICHAEL TAUL,
Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.
Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and heavy built, weighs about one hundred and seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair, which was quite long when he fled; his complexion is fair. He is slow spoken. The second toe on the left foot has been cut so that it hangs down. The first and third toes on the same foot, incline towards each other, and nearly if not quite touch.

Yes, the time has arrived. Wheat is ready for market, and you can get a fair price. I expect punctuality, for "Old things are done away." So call in at once and pay.
E. L. WOODWARD.
July 20th, 1867.

"WOOD'S" PRIZE MOWERS AND REAPERS! Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Trial at Plymouth England, July, 1865, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866, the first Premium, GRAND GOLD MEDAL.

The PRIZE MOWER,
While it retains all the advantages which have made it so universal a favorite, is greatly improved by the addition of

Steel Lined Guards,
New Pitman Connections,
Stronger Knives,
Spring Seat,
Adjustable Folding Shoe,

Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and at the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

The SELF-HARVESTER!
Justly called the "Victor of every contest" and is constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Mowing Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Harvesters known, and we fully warrant it.

The HAND RAKE REAPER,
Is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered.

It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a Mower it is equal to the best Folding Bar Machine in use. The ease with which it is managed, and in changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice-versa, will at once recommend it.

Manufactured by the
WALTER A. WOOD
Mowing & Reaping Machine Co.
Hoosick Falls, N. Y.

GENERAL SALESROOMS,
40 Courtlandt Street, N. Y.
206 Lake Street, Chicago.

FOREIGN OFFICE,
77 Upper Thames Street, London.
Descriptive Catalogues sent on application. April 13, '67.

AMERICAN HOTEL, ALABAMA STREET, Atlanta, Georgia.

WHITE and WHITLOCK, Proprietors.

ERYSON and WILEY, Clerks.

WILLIAM J. SHARP'S
Improved Billiard Tables,
With his PATENT CUSHIONS.

Well known to be superior to any now in use.

Manufactured by 43 Mercer St., N. Y.

THE great popularity of SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES has rendered it necessary to make arrangements, in order to supply the increasing demand, and he is now prepared to fill any order with which his patron, or the public generally may favor him.

W. J. Sharp having had practical experience for nearly twenty years, in the manufacture of Billiard Tables, and having made a number of valuable improvements, he guarantees a Table, which for elasticity of touch, mechanical elegance of appearance, will challenge competition.

His newly invented patent Cushions having been pronounced by the most competent judges to be superior to any now in use, he is enabled to furnish the best Billiard Table manufactured in the United States, and sustain the name which Sharp's Tables so justly have acquired.

Balls, Cues and Trimmings constantly on hand. Old Cushions repaired at short notice. Orders by mail punctually attended to.

Send for descriptive circular and price list.
W. J. SHARP,
43 Mercer Street, New York.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY, ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.

Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal,
Rev. R. J. C. HAN, Assistant.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 29th inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose.

Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical.

The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced.

The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community.

The expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$30 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$20 per month for good board in private families.

Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session.

All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support.

For further particulars address the principal, or

G. B. DOUTHETT,
Secretary Board of Trustees.
Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

A. D. FITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER. FITNER, COOPER & CO. Wholesale and Retail GROCERS

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Pittner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

With Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866.—Gm.

IMPORTANT TO COTTON PLANTERS.

Under present regulations, parties can obtain Permits from Assessors to ship cotton from one District to another, without prepaying the tax, by consigning the cotton to the Collector of District to which cotton is shipped.

I will pay the tax on all cotton thus consigned to "C. B. Andrews," Collector, Selma, Ala., if so instructed by consignors.

Messrs. Smith & Riddle, Oxford, will store and ship all cotton consigned to me from that depot, free of charge to shippers.

A liberal patronage is solicited.
Selma, Oct. 21, 1867.

S. & T. J. MORGAN, GROCERY AND Commission Merchants, OXFORD, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of choice Groceries, for sale on the most reasonable terms.

They are also prepared to pay the Tax on Cotton and attend to its shipment to the best houses in Selma, Mobile or New Orleans.

Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

All persons indebted to the old firm of G. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Morgan, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment.

Through Rates Freight ON COTTON.

FROM GREENSBORO & GADSDEN, ALA. VIA ROME, Ga. & CHARLESTON, S. C. TO NEW YORK, per Bale of 500 lbs. or under, \$9 30.

THROUGH bills Lading given, necessary permits to accompany, and cotton tagged. No insurance necessary on Rail Roads from Rome to Charleston.—Agents of the different lines will attend to receiving and forwarding. To prevent extra charges for mending Cotton in transit, shippers will save by putting their Cotton in perfect order. Would recommend the bales should be well covered with bagging.

J. M. ELLIOTT,
Supt. Coast Steamboat Line,
C. M. PENNINGTON,
Eng. & Supt., Rome R. R.
J. B. PECK,
M. T. W. & A. R. R.
E. W. COLE,
Gen. Ga. R. R.
H. T. PEAKE,
Supt., S. C. R. R.
E. N. FULLER,
R. & F. Agt., Charleston, S. C.
Oct. 19, 1867.—Gm.

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND, WILL open on Monday the 14th Oct., Her Stock of Millinery;

At first door East of Copeland's Store.

Comprising almost every useful article indispensable for Ladies use.

She has secured the services of MISS McKENZIE, a superior Dress Maker and Milliner. Dresses, Cloaks, Skirts, Patterns, cut and fit, at very reasonable prices. HATS & BONNETS altered and Trimmed.

I will keep constantly supplied with latest patterns, and good assortment of Trimmings for Dresses and Cloaks.

Hope to receive the encouragement of my friends.
Oct. 12, 1867.

E. L. WOODWARD, Is Receiving his Stock of Fall and Winter GOODS,

Which he offers as cheap as can be afforded.

His Assortment is General.

If you consider him worthy of patronage, he will be pleased to receive it, and daily appreciate any favors received.

—Terms, Cash. Oct. 12, 1867.

P. ROWAN Is now receiving the largest stock of GOODS

Ever brought to this market since the commencement of the war. All are invited to call and examine his stock; with the assurance that they cannot fail, out of the great variety, to be suited both in quality and price.

Jacksonville, Oct. 5, 1867.

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For six months, " 1 75
For three months, " 1 00

Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, " 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or twelve months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULENBERGER, with **BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS**, of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and **DEEDS OF TRUST**, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace.

To Administrators and Executors.
Administrators and Executors who desire to publish notices of Grant of Letters, and Sales of Land and other property, in the *Republican*, can do so as heretofore. Such publications are required to be made, signed, and paid for by themselves, and not by the Judge of Probate—consequently they are not "official patronage," and not affected by Gen. Pope's order 49.

Cotton Seed Wanted.
We will give one year's subscription to the Jacksonville Republican for every 15 bushels of cotton seed delivered.

Latest Arrival.
Our friend J. M. Carroll has just received a nice accession of new goods to his stock, and having purchased late in the season is prepared to furnish his customers and friends at low as the lowest. He still has No. 1 chewing tobacco at the reduced price of 50 cts a plug. Give him a call.

J. M. Carroll has received a fresh supply of Chewing Tobacco, of superior quality, and cheap as any heretofore.

Better than Washing Machines.
Wm. Johnston, of Choctawhatchee valley, is sole Agent for this county, for the sale of "Jackson's Universal Washing Compound," patented in 1866, a far superior article to any of the washing compounds ever heretofore invented. It will wash in hard or soft water—no need of rubbing or pounding—will not injure the fabric washed, on the contrary it fixes and preserves the colors, and will remove paint, grease or stains of all kinds. The articles composing it are cheap and easily obtained, and will prove a saving of \$20 per year to a family of five persons. It has been tried in the family of the publisher of this paper and pronounced splendid—We have no hesitancy in recommending it, and think that every family ought to obtain the right to use it.

See tax notice of appointments by H. Graham, Tax Collector of Calhoun County.

THE STATE CONVENTION, has as yet transacted only preliminary business—nothing has yet been perfected. The disfranchisement ordinance has excited most feeling and discussion. Two reports have been made by the committee. A majority and minority report, the first signed by four of the committee, and the other by three. In our next paper we expect to be able to give something of the definite action of the Convention, which will be better than filling it with columns of blunderdash. Some have supposed the Convention would adjourn by the last of next week; but if the party which seems to go into general legislation succeeds, the members will not leave Montgomery under a month, and then only by the process of being starved out.

It is almost certain that the election of State and County Officers will be brought on at the same time of voting on the ratification of the Constitution.

Pretty Good.—In our progressive, go-ahead city, says the Atlanta Intelligencer, there is a project on foot to erect a monument to "Father Abraham." A few days since an agent appointed to get up subscriptions approached one of our fellow-citizens, known and distinguished for his uncompromising Unionism during the war and before it, and solicited him to subscribe. The prompt reply was, "I have already subscribed fifty-three likely negroes to your monument." Whereupon the patriotic and self-sacrificing agent made an abrupt departure, with a large sized flea in his ear, and looking as though he heard something "drap."

The Mound City, Kansas, Sentinel says that at Twin Prairie, some neighbors noticed that the prairie was on fire and rallied for the purpose of putting it

out, when their attention was called to a man who was riding along the road, dismounting and setting fire to the prairie in different places, some half a mile or more apart. The neighbors went in pursuit and captured and hung him.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

Montgomery, Nov. 7.—The Reconstruction Convention appointed a Committee of thirteen to report by what authority Lewis E. Parsons presided over and became Provisional Governor of Alabama, and also report the effect of the State Constitution of September 1865, and subsequent legislation, and what is the present political status of Alabama.

Major General Pope, by invitation, took a seat on the President's stand, and briefly returned thanks for the honor conferred.

FROM HAVANA.

Havana, Nov. 7.—Late advices from Mexico state that the revolution for the overthrow of Juarez is momentarily expected to break out.

FROM FLORENCE.

Florence, Nov. 7.—The Papal troops were badly driven in the recent fights at Monte Rotondo until the French arrived when the tide turned.

FROM PARIS.

Paris, Nov. 7.—There are serious riots in different parts of the city, incited by the party of action. Many of the rioters were killed and wounded at Milan, where it was necessary to call out the troops.

FROM LONDON.

London, Nov. 7.—The Times says if Napoleon's appeals for a general conference fail, we will abandon the Pope Royal Commission.

The Earl Stauhope has been appointed Chairman on the Exeter Parish Church question.

Five thousand French troops aided in the defeat of Garibaldi.

The Sultan of Turkey has bought 50,000 needle guns.

Bread riots have broken out in Devonshire. Quiet has been restored in Exeter.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The oil refinery at Pittsburg, with fifteen hundred barrels of oil was destroyed by fire to-day. Harry Coke was burned to death. Many stores on South and Main streets were burned. Loss one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

The Tennessee Senate has reconsidered the vote prohibiting the distinction of color in cars, and a motion was pending to compel roads to have special negro cars.

New Jersey gives the Democratic majority at 12,000; joint ballot, 16.

It is conceded that the New York Legislature is Democratic by joint ballot.

The Democratic majority in Maryland 35,000.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

Montgomery, Nov. 8.—The Reconstruction Convention on a test vote, tabled, by 45 to 42, the proposition to abolish the present Provisional State Government within twenty days.

An ordinance was introduced and referred to the appropriate committee, to organize a Provisional Government for the State, and vacating all the important State offices on the first of January next. The Provisional Governor to be appointed by the Convention, who shall fill all the offices by the appointment of men who can subscribe to the test oath.

A resolution was introduced and referred, proposing to disfranchise all persons implicated in the murder of Union men during the war.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The Democrats are betting on 45,000 majority in New York State.

It is settled that the President will withhold his annual message until the first Monday in December.

All the Cabinet members were present to-day except Welles, who is sick.

A Havana special says a mob of six thousand armed men and women surrounded the house of the Assembly. The attack was caused by a motion on the part of the Assembly to release Leon Montez. The attack was instigated by Saluave.

FROM PRINCETON.

Princeton, Ill., Nov. 8.—A fire commenced at the depot, and the wind being high caused a loss of a quarter of a million of dollars. Cause unknown. Insurance one hundred thousand dollars.

FROM RALEIGH.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 8.—The official registration returns show 103,060 white voters, and 71,667 black; white majority, 31,393.

FROM NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 9.—The steamer Rising Sun has arrived, with \$330,000 in treasure.

The rupture between the Ecuador Executive and the Legislature has led to the arrest of several legislators, but resulted, after the resignation of the obnoxious Home Secretary, in harmony. The revolution in Peru gains headway.

In Pittsburg a boiler exploded killing twenty persons.
The Omaha steamer Dar Lodge, from the Upper Missouri, had arrived, with one hundred and twenty passengers and two millions in treasure.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

Montgomery, Nov. 9.—The Reconstruction Convention, to-day, decided against the proposition to insert no prescriptive feature in the new Constitution. The Republican party proposes to elect all State and county officers at the same time the Constitution is submitted to the people, in hopes of getting a larger vote on its ratification, and prevent any loss to the Republicans on account of freedmen changing homes on the first of January.

FROM NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 9.—Jack Walsh knocked Dan McCall senseless the 57th round. The fight lasted two hours and fifteen minutes.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.—The Presbyterian Convention adopted a Basis of Union, and adjourned after recommending similar conventions each year.

FROM CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, Nov. 9.—At a full meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, nine hundred members being present, a report was unanimously adopted praying Congress to take off the cotton and sugar tax.

FROM RICHMOND.

Richmond, Nov. 9.—Lewis Lindsay, colored delegate elect to the Convention, made a speech in regard to the discharge of negroes for voting the Radical ticket, in which he said before any of his children should suffer for food the streets of Richmond should run knee-deep in blood. He thanked God the negroes had learned how to use swords and guns. All efforts of the more peaceable negroes to stop these demonstrations were wildly hooted down. The citizens here are apprehensive of trouble—Wardwell, and other white Radicals, left the meeting.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, Nov. 9.—Chas. W. H. McCardle, editor of the Vicksburg Times, was yesterday placed in confinement by Gen. Ord. The charges have not been made known, though a special to the Crescent says it was for personal denunciation.
Cotton market firm; middlings 16 1/2; sales 900 bales. Receipts 1,085 bales.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The Democratic majority in New York is 45,000. In Maryland it is 41,000. The Democrats have gained 7,800.

In Minnesota, where negro suffrage was voted on last year as well as this, a gain is shown of 500 votes against it.

Returns from the Western counties of Kansas indicate that most of them have gone Democratic.

Revenue receipts to-day \$650,000.

Tammam nominates Hoffman, Mozart nominates Fernando Wood, and John J. Ashton, is prominently mentioned by the Democrats of the Union party for Mayor of New York.

Thad. Stevens has written a five column letter opposing the national banks and arguing that while the interest is payable in coin, bonds can be honestly liquidated with legal tenders.
Gen. Emory has disbanded authorized military organizations in his district.
It is said Sheridan, telegraphed Grant advising that Mower's action in removing Gen. Hayes from the New Orleans sheriffalty he disapproved.

The Vice Consul at Havana telegraphed the State Department to-day that cholera is serious at that port, and that it is officially declared that the number of cases is increasing.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

Montgomery, Nov. 11.—In the Reconstruction Convention to-day the Executive Franchise Committee presented the majority and minority reports. The majority report disfranchised all who refuse to vote for or against the Constitution when submitted to the people, and is otherwise prescriptive. These reports are made the special order for to-morrow.

FROM RICHMOND.

Richmond, Nov. 11.—The Dispatch has an account of the mobbing of Maj. Frank Butts, formerly Bureau agent of King William county, by the negroes there. An attempt was made by the civil authorities to arrest the ringleaders, but were resisted, and the military has been sent for.

The leading colored citizens will be out in a card to-morrow disavowing the incendiary sentiments uttered by Lindsay, a colored delegate to the Convention.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Stevens' friends think he can't survive the winter.

The impeachers say the President's determination to withhold his reason for Stanton's removal from the War Office from the Senate, will be the gravest charge against him yet given.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Nov. 12.—A colliery, in Wales exploded recently. It is feared that but few of three hundred workmen

employed escaped.
Garibaldi, his sons and chiefs, it is said, will come to America.

Great distrust is felt about the relations between France, Italy and Rome, the Pope refusing to release the captured insurgents at the request of France.
The Sultan declines the advice of the Great Powers, and accepts the responsibility.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

Montgomery, Nov. 12.—The Reconstruction Convention has consumed the whole day in considering the franchise question. The majority report, which embraces strong prescriptive features, will be adopted.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The Republicans claim that negro suffrage has been carried in Minnesota by a small majority.

All present at the Cabinet meeting to-day except Secretary Welles, whose condition is critical.

Sherman is expected hourly.
Some of the owners of cotton seized during the war are about to institute legal proceedings against Secretary McCulloch on the ground of his illegal rulings. It is anticipated that this action will lead to the ventilation of the whole matter.

It is nearly accurately ascertained that the United States is in treaty for two islands in the West Indies, namely: St. Thomas and St. John, at a price estimated at from \$4,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in gold. The transfer of the islands to this Government is dependent on the consent of the people of the islands, and the question is to be presented to them during the present month, and it is thought the most will consent.

FROM RICHMOND.

Richmond, Nov. 12.—Chief Justice Chase will arrive to-morrow morning, to preside with Judge Underwood, at the adjourned Spring Term of the U. S. Circuit Court, which commences to-morrow. The Fall Term, at which Mr. Davis will be tried, commences on the 25th, and his trial will certainly go on. From the venire, it appears the jury will be largely composed of Blacks.

FROM SAVANNAH.

Savannah, Nov. 12.—A cotton factory with six houses, was destroyed by fire to-day. Loss \$25,000; insurance \$11,500.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The Bureau functionary who arrested Judge Parker at Winchester, Va., charges that Union men cannot get justice before him.

The Pay Department investigating Committee will only report progress on the meeting of Congress, and ask for time.

Chase is quoted as saying that he is more radical in name than in fact, and as complaining that he has indifferent friends.

Gen. Pope intends sending a list to Congress of rebels fit to be enfranchised.

Advices to the 3d inst. state that the Russians have made a formal transfer

FROM RICHMOND.

Richmond, Nov. 13.—Chief Justice Chase arrived this morning, and stopped at the Spotswood Hotel. He presided in Court this morning.

Mr. Davis is expected to arrive on the 22d inst.

Gen. Schofield left for Washington to-day.

The cost of registration in Virginia was \$39,000. The expenses of the Establishment in the State for the past ten months were \$3,000,000.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

Montgomery, Nov. 13.—Gen. Swayne has issued an order giving freedmen a lien on the crops for their wages, this lien to subordinate to prior liens.

Two white men from Barbour county were brought here to-day under military guard and imprisoned, charged with killing a freedman.

The Reconstruction Convention was engaged the whole day in discussing the franchise measure.

FROM BROOKSVILLE.

Brooksville, Pa., Nov. 13.—Mrs. Lina Miller who killed her husband last winter, was hanged to-day. She made a full confession.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 13.—The Secretary of War has ordered a gratuitous distribution of soldiers clothing to replace that destroyed to prevent contagion.

Wm. M. Everts, B. H. Dana, Gen. Welles and District Attorney Gen. Chandler, of the prosecution in the Davis case, had a consultation of several hours to-day. All these gentlemen are ready to proceed on the 25th. It is the desire of the counsel for the defence that Chase should preside in conjunction with Underwood. In this they are influenced by legal considerations. The trial will proceed on the original indictment.

M. Davis will be present at the time required by his bond, though it is doubtful whether the trial will immediately commence.

McClellan is mentioned in connection with the War Office.

The President and Grant had a long interview to-day.

The scene of the President this evening called together an immense and very enthusiastic crowd.

FROM LONDON.

London, Nov. 13.—Late Florence dispatches say the note from Menabrea had a very quieting effect on the country. The press of Italy, however, are almost unanimously of the opinion that it is an impossibility to reconcile the differences existing between the Italian Government on one side and the Pope on the other.

A diplomatic circular has been issued by France, inviting the great powers to a conference, but suggesting no definite basis of action.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Gossip says Col. Forney is not a defaulter. He has a balance to his credit in the Treasury. McCulloch renewed his resignation, but was requested by the President to withhold it.

It is asserted that General Sherman's visit refers exclusively to the Stanton affair.

It is asserted that Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Chandler, positively retires at the beginning of the year.

McCulloch will recommend a new consolidated five per cent loan.

Commissioner Rollins' removal is again urged by the whisky kings.

But five of the Judiciary Committee were present yesterday. Business was confined to one witness, regarding the Republican government in Maryland.

Reverdy Johnson has almost entirely lost his sight.

There is what Hoiace Greeley says in his autobiography about running into debt:

Hunger, cold, rags, hard work, contempt, suspicion, unjust reproach, and disagreement; but debt is infinitely worse than them all. And, if it had pleased God to spare either or all of my sons to be the support and solace of my declining years, the lesson which I should have most earnestly sought to impress upon them is—Never run into debt. Avoid pecuniary obligations as you would pestilence or famine. If you have but fifty cents, and can get no more for a week, buy a peck of corn, parch it, and live on it, rather than owe any man a dollar.

"White Men must Rule America."

THE SELMA MESSENGER.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.
BY M. J. WILLIAMS & CO.
ROBERT MCKEE, Editor.

TERMS.—Daily: One year, in advance, \$10 00
Weekly, " " 3 00
Two copies, " " 5 00
Five " " 10 00

THE TERMS are invariable.

Advertisements inserted in either the Daily or Weekly, or both, at reasonable rates.

The Daily Messenger

Has been considerably improved, and the Proprietors contemplate making further improvements at an early day. It contains the very latest intelligence from all parts of the world. In fact, it is a perfect epitome of the current events of the day.

The Weekly Messenger

Is published every Friday morning. Each number contains from twenty-eight to thirty-two long columns of reading matter, consisting of editorials on all important topics of discussion, selections from all the best papers in the United States, all telegraphic reports, poetry, miscellaneous matter, the Selma markets corrected carefully by the Chamber of Commerce, the Markets in all the principal cities of America, &c., &c.

In short, its editor spends no labor, and its publishers no expense, to make it a perfect newspaper for the farmer, the merchant, the lawyer, and the freholder.

Address:
M. J. WILLIAMS & CO., Selma, Ala.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS & OTHERS.

The Graham Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the BEST, CHEAPEST and most DURABLE Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, brown, red, blue or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriages and Car-makes, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being Fire and Water-proof) Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5000 lbs. the past year), and as a paint for purposes is unsurpassed for body, durability, and adhesiveness. Price \$6 per hbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Graham Mineral Paint.

Address: DANIEL BIDEWELL, Nov. 16 6m. 254 Pearl St. New York.

Tax Notice.

I will be in Jacksonville, on Monday the 16th December, and will remain there during the same week, for the benefit of those who wish to pay their Tax for the year 1867.

I will also attend at the following times and places, for the same purpose.

June Bug, Dec. 2, 1867.
Maddox, " 3, "
Oxford, " 4 & 5 "
Yoc's Roads, " 6 "
White Plains, " 7 "

SMITH & RIDDLE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS,

Hardware and

Commission Merchants.

We are now receiving and will continue to receive fresh lots of Groceries and Plantation Supplies.

Every week, which they offer to Planters and Country Merchants at as low figures as can be bought in the up country. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

We are prepared to pay tax on Cotton consigned to or shipped to Selma, Mobile, New Orleans or New York.

Will soon have a large Ware-house completed in rear of our building for storing Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867.—6m.

BLANK DEEDS,
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

AN APPEAL

TO

FARMERS & PLANTERS!

ABSOLUTE necessity in times gone by, forced you to purchase an occasional supply of such medicines as might be administered to the various members of your family by yourselves, without the aid of a Physician.

Various purgative Pills, Cough Mixtures, Chill Medicines, Diarrhoea Compounds, Tonics, Blood Purifiers, and many other articles, have been resorted to for you at a enormous stand-point; and in many cases, those who prepared them knew nothing about the treatment of diseases in any climate, and in the absence of better compounds, they in many instances, met with your A P P R O V I N G SMILES.

Now, gentlemen, by your assistance and your influence, which we intend to MERIT, we wish to effect a slight change in the programme, and so long as we give satisfaction shall hope to be the recipients of public patronage. Our plan is, that the

Medical Profession.

Those who are experienced in Southern treatment, and have been and are in every respect identified with the southern people, and who are known and acknowledged as such, shall, as far as possible, manufacture & supply that demand, thus enabling every family to procure at all times, a class of Medicines, that are likely to give, by far, more satisfaction than if prepared in a locality where diseases are treated differently. We are well aware that there will be arrayed against us an army of

Northern Nostrum Vendors.

Who are making every appeal that imagination can invent, in order to win the confidence of the southern people; but we are determined to be REPRESENTED in the matter, and call upon the people to decide.

There are three members composing our firm, all graduated and experienced southern Physicians, and with all our ability and experience we have prepared and now offer you a class of

FAMILY MEDICINES.

Not secrets nor patents, which we think are honestly required by every farmer, planter & family throughout the southern country, and an assortment of the GREAT SOUTHERN PREPARATIONS should be in every house.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S

English Female Bitters.

SOUTHERN LADIES.

The Vicksburg Times, commenting on the exhibition lately made by a certain Northern lady, says:

There are in the Southern States thousands and tens of thousands of ladies who were born to fortune; ladies, who, from their cradle were accustomed to wealth, luxury and refinement. They lost their husbands on the blood-stained fields of battle, and had their fortune stripped from them by unbridled power, but we have not heard that they turned medics. We know many who have become teachers, governesses, instructors in music, and boarding-house-keepers, but not one who has turned beggar! They have not made a commodity of their woes, but like the pure, true, brave and noble woman that they are, they are laboring, might and main, to support and educate their fatherless children, and rear up for the coming years, a race of heroes who shall not dishonor the memory of their fathers. God will smile upon such noble and heroic efforts. The sons that these Spartan mothers are rearing; will yet add to their fathers' fame—and the daughters they are training in the paths of purity, truth and gentleness, will give additional splendor to the glories of the corner which sparkles upon the brows of the Southern Women!

THE TRUE SYSTEM OF ADVERTISING.—One of our exchanges, in discussing a matter of interest to business men as to the method of advertising, says:

The merits of circulars, bills, etc., are conceded, but it is held that the "handbill" to be conveyed about by men, or to be sent into the country, is not the best vehicle for advertising for merchants. Let them use the newspaper is circulated without any expense to the advertiser which is by no means an unimportant item, as every one will testify who has any experience in distributing advertisements. Not only is the advertisement circulated by the newspaper free of all expense, but it is done more speedily and thoroughly than it can be done by the advertiser. The newspaper is already an established system; a thousand doors are open to welcome it; a thousand families look for its coming, and a thousand read it when it does come. Again, those who read the newspaper are the very persons the advertiser wishes to reach; they are the intelligent and well-to-do; therefore, the most likely to buy what is worth buying.

Judge Bonney, who murdered Col. Fowler, formerly of this State, at Jefferson, Texas, a short time ago, died at Marshall, Texas, on the 19th ult. It is supposed that he had poisoned himself. This case is a most remarkable tragedy. With no greater known provocation than a business quarrel, Bonney murdered Col. Fowler in a cold-blooded and cowardly manner. While in prison some unknown burglar—supposed to be negroes—broke into his house at night, and cruelly murdered his helpless wife; and now he has completed the sad story by inflicting justice upon himself.

THIRTEEN MONTHS IN A YEAR.—The *American Agriculturist* for November has reached us, and as usual it is full of good things. The present number dates from the new office, 245 Broadway, and in addition to its many other beautiful engravings, contains a full page out giving a front view of the new quarters. The increased business of the *Agriculturist* has required new partners, and an enlarged working force, and now its necessities demand enlarged room. In the description of the store now occupied we are told that it is five stories in height; it has a front of 25 feet on Broadway, a depth of 114 feet, with an L projection, which gives a wide entrance on Murray-st., with a spacious basement extending under the whole. The front portion of the main floor is occupied as a sales-room for a large stock of 'Agricultural' and Horticultural books. Farther to the rear are the subscription and other business desks, while the basement is devoted to the important work of folding and mailing the paper. The printers' room, engravers' room, and editorial "sanctum" are on an upper floor.

The cost of the *American Agriculturist* is only \$1.50 for a year, in advance, or four copies for \$5. It contains 32 to 40 large quarto pages, and is beautifully illustrated. The publishers offer the December number of that valuable paper free of charge to all new subscribers for 1888, (Vol. 27.) who read in their subscriptions during this month of November. It will be the best kind of an investment. Subscription should be sent to the publishers, ORANGE JUDG & Co., 245 Broadway, New York City.

Several varieties of Dr. J. C. Bell & Co.'s valuable medicines can now be obtained at the Jacksonville Drug Store.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.—Many persons do not understand what is meant by the "Great Southern Preparations." Let us explain. At Memphis, three experienced southern physicians, one of Memphis, one from Mississippi, and the other from Louisiana, united their mental powers, their money and their experience for the purpose of preparing for the

southern people a class of reliable family medicines, to be used in lieu of the many that are from those who know little of our diseases, and they are called the "Great Southern Preparations," being eighteen or twenty in number. They are neither secrets nor patents.

See new advertisement in this paper.

New Sewing Machine.—We examined the other day a new Sewing Machine, manufactured by Bliss & McCallum, of Louisville, Ky. This is called the "Common Sense Family Sewing Machine," and comes nearer being what the name indicates, than any of the machines we have ever examined, by its simplicity of construction, its durability, and freedom from complication and liability to get out of order, and if it should, can easily be understood in all its parts, and repaired or put in order by any lady using it. It works smoothly, neatly and rapidly, and is warranted by the manufacturers to perform good work for three years. It is cheap and we have little doubt but it will be found more useful and valuable than many descriptions of machines which cost more than three times its price.

Mr. J. M. Forbes, of Oxford, is agent for the sale of these machines in this State, and will take the names of persons who may desire them, and deliver the machines at any specified time. Mr. F. will pass through the country, and exhibit a model machine, and in his absence, a note addressed to him at Oxford will be attended to.

MEDICAL AUTHORITIES have announced that not less than one-fourth of the entire population of the United States are afflicted with Neuralgia in some form. Surely the man who can safely remove such a vast aggregate of pain is a great public benefactor. Such is Doctor Turner, of Boston, in Massachusetts. His "Universal Neuralgia Plaster" is pronounced on all hands, to be an entirely harmless and perfectly certain remedy for this most torturing of all known diseases.

Religious Notice.

The Jacksonville Bible Society at a late meeting employed the Rev. E. B. McClellan as a Co-pastor for Calhoun county, and other parts of the country, that he may be able and see practicable to visit. We ask of all, who love the bible, the truth it contains and the fruits that grow out of its practice, to give him liberal contributions as well as a warm-hand reception, thus enabling the society to extend this important work. Many families are without the bible and have no money to buy, these should be furnished; some are without, not for the want of money, but from the want of an opportunity to buy, these should have a Co-pastor.

We have a fine little lot of bibles and testaments and can get more—with the money. Help to distribute these, help to buy more, and circulate them.

Help, the people are needy—the society alive—willing; you will do nothing more than your duty.

CLAS. KING, Chm'n,
Corresponding Committee.
Sept. 5, 1867.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

EDW. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Williamsburg, New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar Street, New York.

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or hoariness face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, by the same salt, clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
825 Broadway,
New York.

NEW FIRM.

New Goods,

AND

NEW LOCATION.

HAVING associated themselves in the Dry Goods Business in the south corner of the New Brick Building, call the attention of the public to their Large and carefully selected stock of Goods, comprising every thing usually kept in a village house.

When visiting our Town, give us a call

D. P. GUNNELS & CO.
Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

M. J. TURNLEY. GEORGE ISBELL TURNLEY.

TURNLEY & SON,

Attorneys at Law

AND

Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

HAVE all necessary Blanks, and are ready to file applications for all who desire relief under the Bankrupt Act of 1867.

They will attend the Bankrupt Courts held by the Register, at Gadsden, Lebanon and Ocala, and may be consulted at their office in Jacksonville, where one of them may always be found.

Nov. 9, 1867.

THE GREAT CAUSE

OF
HUMAN MISERY.
Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A LECTURE on the Natural Treatment, and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, blisters, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a Boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers,

MRS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,386.

NEW GOODS.

CALICOES,

DOMESTICS &c.

Just Received and For Sale by
WOODWARD
June 8, 1867.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE
POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.,

All the Cooking for a family may be done with Kerosene Oil, or Gas Stoves, with less trouble, and at less expense, than by any other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

KEROSENE LAMP HEATER CO.,
117 206 PEARL STREET N. Y.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.

Principal Office, 616 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT in Sewing Machines. Empire Sewing Machine Co. has just received a new and improved Sewing Machine, which is in action. Its motion being all positive, it is not liable to get out of order. It is the best Family Machine. Notice is called to our new and improved Manufacturing Machine, or Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No consignments made.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, ESQ., PRESIDENT OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 19, 1867.

J. S. Thrasher Esq.: Dear Sir—It affords me much pleasure to communicate to you the following resolution of the Southern Press Association, adopted at its meeting at New York, N. Y., on the 15th inst. Resolved, That as a testimonial of our appreciation for the zealous, faithful and effective service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as Superintendent of this Association in years past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this Association, and confer upon him the complimentary position of Agent of the Southern Press Association in the City of New York.

The terms of commendation employed in the above resolution do no more than justice to your important services during your Superintendency—services which none can more highly appreciate than myself. Should occasion require, I shall be glad to avail myself of the aid provided for by the resolution.

Very Respectfully,
W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.

I would respectfully request every daily, tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and monthly journal South of the Potomac and Ohio rivers and the 36 deg. 30 min. parallel of latitude West of the Mississippi, to publish this advertisement twice, and send to me at New York, each time a copy of the paper containing it, post paid, with bill for the same.

It is desirable in my combinations to secure cheaper printing paper for our Southern journals, that I shall have the fullest information regarding the sizes of paper used by the several publications, and I can procure it in no other way than by requesting particular attention to the need of sending copy of the publication with the bill for the same.

I desire it sent twice to provide against mail failures, and that they be postpaid to secure post office delivery.

J. S. THRASHER,
Box 5929 New York, N. Y.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8.00 saved.
24 Hours to Chattanooga and \$18 saved.

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866, Trains on this road will run as follows:

Through Passenger & Freight Trains.

Passenger trains will leave Selma

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POETRY.

[From the Church Union.]

Papa, What is a Newspaper, and What Does it Contain?

Organs that gentlemen play, my boy;
To answer the taste of the day, my boy;
Whatever it be,
The bit on the key,
And pipe in full concert away, my boy.

News from all countries and climes, my boy,
Advertisements, essays, and rhymes, my boy,
Mixed up with all sorts
Of (?) lying reports,
And published at regular times, my boy.

Articles, able and wise, my boy,
At least in the editor's eyes, my boy,
And logic so grand
That few understand
To what in the world it applies, my boy.

Statistics, reflections, reviews, my boy,
Little scraps to instruct and amuse, my boy,
And lengthy debate
Upon matters of state,
For wise headed folks to pursue, my boy.

The funds as they were and they are, my boy,
The quibbles and quirks of the bar, my boy,
And every week
A clever critique,
On some rising or falling star, my boy.

The age of Jupiter's moons, my boy,
The stealing of somebody's spoons, my boy,
The state of the crops,
The style of the fops,
And the wit of the public buffoons, my boy.

Lists of all physical ills, my boy,
Till you ask with surprise,
Why any one dies,
Or what's the disorder that kills, my boy.

Who has got married, to whom, my boy,
Who were cut off in their bloom, my boy,
Who has a birth
On this sorrow stained earth,
And who totters fast to the tomb, my boy.

The prices of cattle and grain, my boy,
Directions to dig and to drain, my boy,
But it would take me too long
To tell you in song,
A quarter of what they contain, my boy.

[PUBLISHED BY REQUEST.]

From the N. Orleans Christian Advocate.
Jacksonville District—Montgomery Conference.

MR. EDITOR: I have just closed my third round of appointments in this District, and thinking it would be interesting to the friends of Zion to hear from this section of the Conference, I have concluded to write you some items of religious interest for publication. The first appointment was at Ebenezer, Montevallo Circuit, C. L. Dobbs, pastor. The meeting continued one week, resulting in thirty conversions, and near the same number of accessions to the church. The membership was greatly blessed, and several old neighborhood feuds burned up with the ballowed fires of religion. The next appointment was for the Montevallo Station. Did not protrude—a good Lovefeast, & pleasant communion season. Several joined the church who had been converted at the country meeting. Bro. Woodward has since had a good meeting, with seventeen conversions, at Briarfield, an appointment he fills connected with the Station. At Montevallo, we have been much troubled with the dancing devil, and some of the lambs of the flock, have been enticed away from the green pastures which religion provides, to seek pleasure, "so-called," in the barren waste of the dancing party or ball room. In my heart, I pity the church member who lets him, or herself, down from the high and exalted position of uncompromising Christian integrity, (to which position is secured by God's promise, solid enjoyment, and rational pleasure,) to the meretricious allurements of the dance. It is a diminutive specimen of a Christian, that does not realize that the converted soul is a kingdom within itself, and has fountains of comfort, which the world cannot give, neither take away, & to its own mighty resources, can, and does look for pleasure and happiness. The true Christian is freed from a vassalage to outside circumstances for enjoyment. How dwarfed must be the spiritual and intellectual nature, that leaves the vast and boundless fields of religious and intellectual exploration, for the irrational thing of shaking the feet for pleasure or the attitudinizing indecencies of modern or fashionable dances, ministering only to the baser passions of fallen human nature.

From Montevallo, I fell back to Camp Branch, on the Circuit, where Bro. Dobbs had commenced another meeting. He is an indefatigable worker, the right man in the right place. The meeting continued nine days, resulting in forty conversions and many accessions to the church. Bro. D. has had several good meetings since I left him and is still engaged in holding protracted meetings. The good work goes gloriously on, under his ministrations, aided by others who faithfully co-operate with him.

The next appointment was for the Harpersville Circuit, at Enon, D. S. McDonald, Pastor, a workman blessed of God, and approved by his charge. This was the last week meeting. Commenced good, continued prosperous, and ended well. The Lord gave us forty souls for our hire. I wish I could describe the glorious manifestations of God's Spirit, on Friday, the fast day. I was holding the prayer meeting, and the thought came into my mind, that just at that moment, multiplied thousands of God's faithful ones were kneeling, and supplicating the throne of mercy for the gift of the Holy Spirit, in large measure. The thought was overwhelming, and my faith laid fast hold of God, as did also the praying part of

the congregation, and there was such a melting, mellowing influence came upon us, as I scarcely ever felt before. It was a happy day, and I thank the one in my heart, who first suggested the idea of this protracted fast-week meeting.

My next visit was to the Coosa River Circuit, Henry Young, Pastor. A plain, unassuming, good man, full of faith and zeal, and thoroughly baptized into the Spirit of the work. He has been somewhat annoyed with missionaries, "so-called" of the M. E. Church. At two points, by misrepresentations and stirring up of political prejudices, they had succeeded in drawing off some of his members. He had, however, just closed a meeting at one of those places, where sixteen members had gone off, had over twenty conversions, and twenty-two joined the church, leaving it stronger numerically and spiritually than before. These "missionaries" have done us about all the harm they can. They are whittling down, and will soon whittle down to the frazzle end of nothing. The people soon tire on the style of men they have brought up to do this dirty work; men so destitute of worth or merit, they never could succeed with us, and so destitute of principle, that they can be galvanized with green backs into anything yankee fanaticism may desire.

The Quarterly Meeting for this work was at Gibson's Mill. We continued only four days, had a gracious time. Eight or ten conversions and accessions, and the membership much refreshed. From this point, I went to Jacksonville, to join in holy matrimony, F. T. J. Braudon, of the Montgomery Conference, to Miss Carrie Woodward, one of our most estimable young ladies, highly gifted with native mind, cultivated with patient application and care, and last, but not least, deeply and earnestly pious. She exerted an influence for good in her native place, especially over the young, above that of any one else of her age, and had endeavored herself in our hearts, and held a place in our affections that will not soon be filled by another. Possessing in an eminent degree, qualities of head and heart, that peculiarly fitted her to be the companion and co-laborer of the faithful itinerant minister, to whom she has joined her destiny. We all shed tears when we parted with Miss Carrie, but we will not indulge the selfish desire to withhold her from a wider field of usefulness than she had with us. The Jacksonville church, under the pastoral care of C. A. King, is in a healthy condition. We had at this place a gracious revival in the Spring, with an addition to the membership of thirty-three members. The Sunday school is doing well, with an average attendance of about one hundred scholars, and a full corps of efficient and competent teachers. The church in all its departments is in good running order.

My next appointment was at Morrisville, Alexandria Circuit, Wm. M. Taylor, Pastor. Bro. T. is a local preacher, supplying this work, and has been raised with this people, and yet, is not worn out with them. The work has grown and prospered during the year, under his ministrations, beyond my most sanguine expectations. On the first day of the meeting, all the seat room of a tolerably sized house was occupied, and every official member of the circuit was present, and on Sunday, the house did not hold more than half the congregation. The meeting continued one week, resulting in forty-three conversions, and forty-two accessions to the church. The next meeting was at Alexandria. Only continued a few days. It rained every day, and the character of the soil was muddy and disagreeable. We had a few conversions, and hope the church was much benefited. In addition to the above, Bro. T. has had several rather extensive and gracious revivals on his work, and when I last heard from him, was in the midst of a glorious revival. May God send it out in glorious inundating waves all over this smitten and afflicted land, let every Christian heart say amen.

Next we concentrated our forces at Oxford, White Plains Circuit, R. B. Crawford, Pastor; than whom, a more faithful, earnest, and efficient Methodist Preacher, is not upon the rolls of the Montgomery Conference. Oxford is a growing village, on the Selma and Dalton Railroad, twenty miles above Talladega, and is the key or strategic point to the Choctawhatchee Valley, one of the richest and most desirable valleys in all this up country. Oxford, has also a fine back country trade, other than the valley, it is therefore a place of some prospective importance. A large and commodious brick Academy is going up, soon to be completed, and the eyes of many are turned to this point, in search of educational facilities for their children.

We, therefore, felt it important to make an earnest and persistent effort for one cause of our Master. Not only because of the interest felt in the present population, but so shape, & give tone and direction to the sentiments of the place, that the ingathering population might be absorbed in the prevailing feelings, laid in, and based upon the religion of the Bible.

I fear we are sometimes wanting in enterprise, in not laying our foundations broad and deep at points that any discerning man can see, are to (prospectively) become great centres of society. The meeting continued two weeks, resulting in quite a number of conversions and thirty-five accessions to the church. The membership was greatly strengthened and encouraged. This was my round, and I have mentioned mainly the meetings that in God's good Provi-

dence, I have been enabled to attend. The preachers of the District have had many refreshing seasons with the different churches where they preach; and the revival work is still going gloriously on. Bro. McDonald closed a meeting at Chapell last night, six miles above this place, with eighteen conversions, closed only to commence another.

A want of unusual success at every place that efforts have been made, is an exception to the rule this year. My co-laborers on the District, as a set of young, vigorous, working Methodist preachers, each one willing to meet his full measure of responsibility. And if the Bishop and Cabinet will agree to it, at the Conference, I will close my work with them at the first meeting, by asking that the preachers remain just as they are. We hope ere the Conference session, the Lord will give us a thousand souls for our hire.

The Freedmen have had due attention, and many of them have been converted, but what number I do not know. The crops are good in all this section, and the preachers will be supported a hundred per cent. better than last year. The dark cloud of adversity and want, that has so long hung over this up country, is breaking, and a streak of light is seen bolting the heavens here and there. God has graciously given us the good time, and the early and latter rain, and now we have the harvest, and will therefore, have "seed for the sower, and bread for the eater." We not only ought to, but we do say, "Bless the Lord, O my soul, and all that is within me, bless His holy name."

L. M. WILSON.
Columbiana, Ala., Sept. 27, '67.

ROME STEAM ENGINE AND MACHINE WORKS, ROME, Ga.

NOBLES & MITCHELL, MANUFACTURERS OF Horizontal, Vertical and Portable STEAM ENGINES,

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power.
Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,

Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks
BLAST PIPES,
COTTON PRESSES,
SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR
Rolling Mills,
Blast Furnaces,

Railroads,
Saw & Grist-mills, &c.
CASTINGS

Of every description up to 25,000 lbs. weight.
Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive
and Car Axles;

Mining Machinery
For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;
Bridge-castings and Bolts;
All kinds of Machinery and
BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD MEN, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL.
Jas. Nobles, Jr., Thos. P. Mitchell, Cash.
John W. Nobles, Master Mechanist & Draughtman.
Wm. Noble, GEORGE NOBLE,
SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.

July 21, 1866.

ATTENTION:
Notice to Debtors.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of Stevenson & Pinson, either by note or account, are earnestly requested to come forward without delay and make payment. We sold you Goods at cash prices on short time, for your accommodation, and you ought to see to it, that we are not disappointed, and our business impeded by your long neglect and delay. We need money and must have it; and know of no other or better way to obtain it, than from those who owe us. STEVENSON & PINSON.
Jacksonville, July 6, 1867.

Notice.

I AM preparing to go North for a Fall sick, and shall need every dollar that has been promised me at this time. I hope therefore that none will fail to meet their engagements promptly.

If you want cheap goods keep me in funds and I will furnish them.

P. ROWAN.

House-Carpenters and
Millwrights.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and surrounding country, that they are prepared to execute promptly, and in the easiest and most durable manner, all kinds of Housecarpenter and Millwright work, upon terms as low as can be engaged elsewhere. One of them learned the trade with Mr. J. J. Adersholt, and the other with Mr. E. G. Morris, both known to be first class workmen.

Their shop is on Grove street Jacksonville. Patronage respectfully solicited, and perfect satisfaction with work guaranteed.

GEORGE ROWLAND,
Sep. 14, '67. JOHN BUSH.

DENTISTRY.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH \$25 00 to \$35 00 a Set. Warranted to fit and of best quality. Teeth filled and warranted \$1 00 to \$3 00. Teeth pulled scientifically, from many years' experience. Irregularities and diseases of the teeth properly treated by H. T. SPAULDING, at W. C. Land's, Corner Public Square, Jacksonville, Ala., Oct. 26, 1867.

NEW WOOL FACTORY,

At McKibbin's old stand on Choctawhatchee Creek, 7 1/2 miles below Oxford and 2 1/2 above Montford. This splendid Machinery has been purchased with a view to suit the wants of the Southern people, being clothed entirely with a superior quality of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to give satisfaction where the wool is properly prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the Depot at Montford and returned free of charge. Our old friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to call and examine our machinery.

McKIBBIN & BROTHER.

June 22, 1867.—3m.

MONTVALE SPRINGS—1867.

THIS popular Summer resort having been placed in thorough repair, and furnished with new furniture, will be opened for visitors on the 1st of June under the direction and control of the undersigned proprietors of the American Hotel, Atlanta Ga.

Montvale presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no less on account of its retirement and the beauty of its surrounding scenery, than of the restorative powers of its waters. We have reduced the price of board to the lowest figures consistent with a proper provision for the entertainment of our guests.

Board per day \$3 00, per week \$20 00, per month \$50 00, with an allowance for families. Travellers by rail reach the Springs by special conveyance from Loudon, or by regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville Tenn.

WHITE & WHITLOCK.

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, &c.

E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store. June 16, 1866

W. C. LAND, Watchmaker,

CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with despatch and at low rates to suit the times. Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

House and Lot to Rent.

A house containing four large rooms and two entries, suitable for a boarding house, with kitchen, smoke-house, and a good garden, with choice fruit trees, and well watered, will be rented on good terms. For particulars enquire at this office. April 20, 1868.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE!

The Home Comfort!

H. G. NOBLE,
DEALER IN

Tin Ware Stoves, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the public that the above named COOKING STOVES, which is rapidly coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen at his Shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin streets. Having the advantage of twenty-five years' experience in the business, he can safely recommend the "Home Comfort" as being superior to any other ever offered in this market. It is more convenient, durable and economical, and therefore the most desirable. Call and see for yourself.

H. G. NOBLE.

SPUN COTTON; FOR SALE;

At Wholesale and Retail;
BY
E. L. WOODWARD.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned, respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to execute Blacksmith work of every description, in the neatest and most durable manner, and at prices as favorable as any other workmen. Their shop is near the St. Charles on the west side of Main street, south of the public square. One of us formerly worked with Mr. A. Adams, to whom he refers for information relative to his ability to do good and faithful work. Terms cash, or produce at market price. STEPHEN L. McLEAN,
STEPHEN L. HOKE.
Jacksonville, June 29, 1867.

Boarding.

FIVE or six young men, who may wish to go to school or study a profession, can be accommodated in a private family in this place, with boarding, lodging, room, firewood and lights, at \$15 per month, one half or more taken in produce at the market price. For further information, enquire at this Office. Jacksonville, August 10, 1867.

M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY.

M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,

Attorneys at Law

AND
Solicitors in Chancery,

General Collecting Agents.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Bain, St. Clair and DeKalb, in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Divisions of Alabama.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public, that they have procured the large and commodious Livery Stable recently kept by Mr. J. H. Sargeant, and will be prepared to accommodate all persons who may wish to hire Hacks, Buggies or saddle Horses. They will also feed transient horses and mules, and be prepared to work Gardens and Patches, and have Horses and Mules for sale upon advantageous terms to purchasers.

They will endeavor to be at all times prepared to accommodate promptly those who may desire their assistance, and therefore solicit a liberal patronage.

R. H. WYNNE & CO.
Jacksonville, Feb. 2, 1867.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,

HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches.

Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

November 18, 1866.—tf.

GROVESTEN & CO.

Piano-Forte Manufacturers,
499, Broadway, New York.

THE attention of the public and the trade is invited to our New Scale, Seven Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes, which for volume and purity of tone are unrivalled by any hitherto offered in the market. They contain all the modern improvements—French grand action, harp ped, iron frame, over-strung bass, etc.—and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEN, who has a practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is fully warranted in every particular.

The "Grovesten Piano-Forte" Received the highest award of merit at the celebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York; and also at the American Institute for five successive years, the GOLD and SILVER MEDALS from both of which can be seen at our warehouses.

By the introduction of improvements we make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by manufacturing largely, with a strict cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will preclude all competition.

Our prices are from \$100 to \$200 cheaper than any other first-class Piano-Forte. Terms—Net cash in current funds. Descriptive circulars sent free.

Jan. 12, 1867.—1y

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES AND STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.
Of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR,
From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS,
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy.

Just published—Stereoscopic Views of the Interior of the Mammoth Cave of Ky, taken by aid of the new Magnesium Light.

August 31, 1867.

The Jacksonville Female ACADEMY.

THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, August 5th, 1867, under the direction of Rev. D. F. SMITH, Principal, Mrs. MARY A. TURNLEY, Assistant, and Mrs. MARTHA E. FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be employed if needed.

The course of study embraces all branches of instruction usually taught in Academies and High Schools.

Rates of Tuition per Session of 20 weeks.

First Class, \$15 00
2nd " 20 00
3rd " 25 00
4th " 30 00
Music, Extra, 20 00
French " 12 00
Contingent Fund, 2 00

A deduction of 20 per cent. will be made in favor of those who will pay in advance or quarterly.

No pupils will be received for a less period than two months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases of sickness.

Parents and guardians may feel assured that the intellectual and moral improvement of the pupils will be faithfully sought.

Free access will be granted to the different Sabbath Schools and Churches in the Town, as parents may direct.

As to health, good society, and opportunities for religious instruction, Jacksonville presents advantages equal, if not superior to those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole school, at least, once every two weeks, on some practical, moral or religious topic.

Board can be had in good families on reasonable terms.

E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.

J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.
J. C. FRANCIS,
A. ADAMS,
C. B. WYLY,
J. H. FRIVETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. CANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS.

July 13, 1867.

Bible Agency.

Rev. E. B. McClellan, has been appointed by the Jacksonville Bible Society, Agent for the sale and distribution of Bibles, and also for the collection of donations to aid in that cause. He is commended by the Society to the confidence, friendship, co-operation and assistance of members of all religious denominations, and benevolent friends of morality and religion generally.

MUSIC LESSONS

ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the sessions of the Jacksonville Female Academy. Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time. Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Feb. 20, '66

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY.

FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1866.

DR. C. C. PORTER,

Surgeon Dentist,
Jacksonville, Alabama

Will be in Jacksonville

On the first week in every month—Room, the same formerly occupied by him on the north-west corner of the Public Square.

Empire Shuttle Sewing Machines

ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
For Family and Manufacturing Purposes.

Agents wanted. Address, EMPIRE M. CO.
616 Broadway, New York.

BROWN & PERKINS.

Pianos for the People
420 Broome St., N. Y.

We would call the attention of the public and the trade to our elegant New Scale Pianos in the following styles:

STYLE A, 7 octave Front large round corners, plain case, either octagon or carved legs, straight bottom, bead moulding on plinth. \$450

STYLE B, 7 octave, same as style A, with serpentine moulding on plinth, carved legs and lyre. \$500

STYLE C, 7 octave, Front corners large round, serpentine bottom, moulding same as on style B, carved lyre and desk, fancy carved legs. \$550

STYLE D, 7 octave, Four large round corners, finished back, mouldings on rim and plinth, serpentine bottom, carved lyre and desk, elegant carved fruit legs. \$600

The above styles are all finished in elegant Rosewood cases and have the full iron frame, French action, harp ped, leveled top, ivory keys and key fronts, and exceed in overstrung bass, nearly all the 7 1/2 octave Pianos now manufactured. They are made of the best materials, and for finish, durability, purity and sweetness of tone, cannot be surpassed.

The four styles described above, embody all the essential changes in exterior finish of cases, which are by many manufacturers run up to 15 and 20 pattern.

We invite the attention of the public, of dealers and the profession, to a critical examination of the merits of our Pianos.

By avoiding the great expense attendant upon costly factories and expensive warehouses in the city, we are enabled to offer these Pianos at prices which defy competition, and invite all to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.

When references and testimonials are required by those about to purchase, instead of presenting a display of professional names, we refer to the parties to whom we have sold our Pianos. Their judgment as to the real merits of our instruments as to the durability, touch, sweetness, and power of tone, standing in tune, &c., based on an actual experience, being of far more value than the mere good opinion of the Artist, however capable, who merely tries them in a warehouse, instruments in perfect tune and order, which have just received the workman's last finishing touches.

Our motto is
"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

Send for a Circular, to
BROWN & PERKINS,
No. 420 Broome Street, N. Y.

Something New, Useful and Saleable!

Hawthurst's Soluble Blue and
Bleaching Powder.

"TABLE MANNA," for Family Use, "NATIONAL WASHING FLUID," "STARCH POLISH," "MAGIC SOLDERING FLUID," "INDIAN PAIN ANNIHILATOR," "Good Samaritan's Liniment," Silver Solution," &c. &c.

FAMILY RIGHTS FOR SALE

1000 Agents Wanted, Male and Female.

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Jacksonville

Republican

VOL. 31.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. NOV. 23, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1599.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

Labor Lien Upon Crops.

HEADQUARTERS, DIST. OF ALABAMA, Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 7th, '67. General Orders, No. 13.

In order to secure to agricultural laborers, in this State, payment for the labor of this year, a lien is hereby created in their favor upon the crops grown on the plantations where they are respectively employed. Said lien attaches from this date, and is subordinate to prior liens.

This lien will be recognized by the several Courts and Magistrates of this State, and will be enforced, by attachment to be issued by any Judge, Clerk of a Court of Record, or Justice of the Peace. In case the amount claimed to be due is one hundred dollars or less, it shall be returnable before a Justice of the county; and when it exceeds one hundred dollars it shall be returnable before a Court of Record having jurisdiction of such cases.

Such attachment will be issued when any part of the crop shall hereafter be removed, or be about to be removed without payment of the wages, and without the consent of the laborer.

Affidavit being made of either of the facts above recited, and of the amount of wages due, or to become due to the laborer or due, or to become due for his share of the crop, and bond being given as in other cases of attachment, shall at once issue to the proper officer, to be levied on so much of the crop produced on the plantation, as shall be sufficient to supply the demand; but in case the plaintiff shall swear in his affidavit that he is unable to give security, then the attachment shall issue without any security on the bond.

The attachment suit shall be triable at the first term of the Court after the execution and return of the writ of attachment, and any number of laborers on a plantation may join in one suit.

By command of Brevet Maj. Gen. WAGER SWANNE, S. C. GREENE, Capt. 25th Infantry, Bvt. Maj. U. S. A., A. D. C. & A. A. G.

What a Good Newspaper may Do.

Show us an intelligent family of boys and girls, and we will show you a family where newspapers and periodicals are plenty. No boy who has been without these silent private tutors can know their educating power for good or evil. Have you ever thought of the innumerable topics of discussion which they suggest at the breakfast table; the important public measures with which, thus early, our children become acquainted; great philanthropic questions of the day, to which unconsciously their attention is awakened and the general spirit of intelligence which is invoked by these quiet visitors? Anything that makes home pleasant, cheerful, and chatty, thins the haught of vice, and the thousand and one avenues of temptation should certainly be regarded, when we consider its influence on the minds of the young, as a great moral or social light.

The Forthcoming Message.

New York, Nov. 9.—A special dispatch to the Post from Washington, 9th, says: It is understood that the larger portion of the President's forthcoming message will be devoted to the consideration of national finances. In conversation with a gentleman a few evenings since, Mr. Johnson said he regarded the financial question as the most important one before the country. He has no sympathy with the views recently set forth by either Butler or Pendleton on this subject, but agrees with the opinion of Secretary Metulloch, and believes in the contraction of the currency, and a speedy return to specie payments.

THE COTTON TAX.—We learn from a prominent fellow-citizen; Col. E. S. Shorter, who has been in correspondence with Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts, says the Rufala News, in reference to repealing the tax on our great Southern staple; that he had received letters from the Senator and also from Colfax, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, announcing themselves in favor of a prompt repeal of the tax on cotton, and making the repealing law retroactive in its operation, so it will go back to the first of last September.

OFF FOR LIBERIA.—Quite a crowd of negroes went off from this city, by yesterday's Mabon train, bound for Charleston and thence to Liberia. They were collected by the beating of the drum, and appeared to be about two hundred in number. We understand that many more want to go, but have to wait for the next vessel.—Columbus Enquirer.

DEPRESSION OF MANUFACTURES.—The Providence Journal says the wages of the operatives are to be reduced this week in several of the largest cotton factories in Rhode Island, and that if the times do not improve an entire or partial suspension of work must soon occur by the concerted action of the manufacturers. The large woolen mill of Edward Harris, known as the Harris Woolen Company, in Woonsocket, will commence to run on three-quarters time next Monday, and some portions of the machinery will be entirely stopped until there is a more encouraging prospect.

An incredulous newspaper man at Hartlepool, Eng., was challenged by a female mesmerizer to mount the stage and be mesmerized. He accepted, but overheard her ask an assistant for "the chloroform," he appealed to the audience, and the meeting broke up in a row. Next day the enraged lady went to place his of business, where she "hammered" him with her umbrella, for which the magistrate fined her.

Washington News and Gossip.

THE PRESIDENT'S POLICY. Developments during the past few days show that President Johnson is perfecting his plans for the programme stated in this correspondence some weeks since, and which at the time attracted the attention of the whole country. It is now ascertained that the negro regiments of the Grand Army of the Republic in this city are to be disbanded by peremptory orders from the government. It was hinted in the Radical organ here a short time since that the services of these troops might soon be needed, and, as the President suspects, to aid in thrusting him from the Executive chair. This he checks by requiring these dusky regiments to be disbanded.

But Mr. Johnson does not stop here. An order has been issued requiring the Commanding General to report to the President the number of United States troops now garrisoning the fortifications in and around Washington, their locality, and the names of all their officers. This is an important move, and will enable the President to lay before Gen. Sherman, upon his arrival here early next week, the precise condition of his new command, and the available force he will have with which to resist any attempt of parties acting "outside of the constitution" to subvert the form of our government. Things are crystallizing rapidly, and the correctness of my former dispatches will be verified in every particular.

Cor. Boston Post Nov. 5.

ASHLEY STILL FOR IMPACHMENT.—Hon. J. M. Ashley arrived to-day, and declares that his voice is still for impeachment in spite of the Conover exposure and the result of the late elections. Like Gen. Logan, he thinks the Radicals will be able to force a vote and carry the impeachment measure, including a suspension of the President.—Id.

A mail carrier was murdered by persons unknown, a few weeks ago, on the lonely prairie east of Fort Washita, Ark. The following is extracted from an account of the affair: The state of the body was what first attracted attention to the place. Tuesday following two or three men stopped at the place, in passing, and reported that the wolves had torn the body into pieces. Nothing was left but a few scattered bones. So it remains. The most remarkable circumstance attending the discovery of the remains of the youth was that the mule, during the night days subsequent to the murder and previous to the discovery, seems to never have left the body except to get water. He was found going a mile and a half for water and returning immediately to keep guard over the lifeless body of his murdered master.

G. C. ELLIS. J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL, Attorneys at Law, AND Solicitor in Chancery, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in cases in the counties of Calhoun, Tallapoosa, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 5, 1866.

H. L. STEVENSON, Attorney at Law, AND Solicitor in Chancery, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining Counties; and give prompt and faithful attention to all business committed to his care. Particular attention given to the collection of debts. Oct. 19, 1867.—17

JUST PUBLISHED. NEW WORK ON SINGING. BASSINIS Twenty Melodic Exercises, IN FORM OF SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES; INTENDED AS Studies to acquire the Art of Singing.

These exercises were composed to be used simultaneously with his system, "The Art of Singing," or with any other method for the cultivation of the voice, and will take the place of CONCONE'S SOLFEGGIOS: being more melodious and better adapted for teaching. Some of these exercises are specially beautiful as well as useful, a mingling of the *duce et utile*, which secures the interest as well as the improvement of the student. The various styles developed in these exercises render them invaluable in an educational point of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelligence of the pupil. They must be studied carefully with reference to the innumerable marks of expression and forms of ornamentation. Upon the minute accuracy with which these are accomplished depends the actual sterling advancement of the pupil; any evasion or slurring in these respects is time and effort utterly wasted, while, on the other hand, a close and patient investigation, and minutely faithful execution of them, will give unexpected power and facility, and open to the student the means and resources by which great artists produce their most brilliant and profound respect.—Watson's Art Journal.

In Two Volumes,

Price, each, in Boards, Retail, \$2.00 do. do. in Cloth, Retail, \$2.50 A Single Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on receipt of Wholesale Price, \$1.50. Published by WM. HALL & SONS, No. 543 Broadway, N. Y.

Publishers and Dealers in Music, and Manufacturers of FLUTES, FIFES, FLAGEOLETS, &c., &c. Send for catalogue of prices.

Just Received, Domestic, Calicoes, &c. By E. L. WOODWARD.

DURVEE'S VIOLINE, [TRADE MARK.] A New Writing Fluid.

Of a Beautiful Violet Color, ALSO VIOLINE COPYING FLUID, To Copy Without Press.

MANUFACTURED BY THE Manhattan Ink and Color Co. 49 LIBERTY STREET.

To Painters Furniture and other Manufacturers.

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE MANHATTAN PAINT OIL, 90 Cents Per Gallon. Invented by G. DURVEE, M. D. Chemist of New York.

Who has spent several years experimenting for a substitute for Linseed Oil.

It is well known that almonds gives to oil from flaxseed its lasting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of almonds with any other oil would make it equally valuable. Knowing the prejudice against a new oil, especially after the odium of many failures, we have awaited severe tests before entering the arena. Neither shall we make vain promises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil with those who use it. We dare say this much, that after two years' trial, in all weather, this oil has been found as indestructible as the best boiled linseed oil.

It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.

With lead it dries in six hours.

With zinc it gives the lustre of Dammar varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing.

The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil.

It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on.

Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of copper varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.

Among the many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to The Mosely Corrugated Iron Roofing and Bridge Co., of Boston & New York.

G. Whitlock, Brook. F. Long, New York. I. N. N. Y. Mr. Gibbs, of Pacific J. C. Follows, N. Y. S. S. Co., N. Y.

New York, Nov. 16, 1867.

To MANHATTAN PAINT OIL CO. I take pleasure in stating that I have used your Paint Oil on wood and iron, with different kinds of paint, and have no hesitation in saying that, in my opinion, it makes a better coating than linseed oil, for all purposes where exposed to weather, is much preferable. Yours, J. T. WILBURN.

Brown Metallic Paint, 34 cents per lb. Varnish for Housework, and First Coats Furniture, \$2 per gallon.

SOLD BY DEALERS IN PAINT OIL, &c. MANUFACTURED BY The Manhattan Paint Oil Co., 49 Liberty St., New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c., of HON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS. By Henry Cleveland, Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist. Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Atlanta, Ga. Feb. 16, 1867.

JOHN W. LEE, LEROY F. BOX, PRINCE & BOX, Attorneys at Law, AND Solicitors in Chancery, ASHVILLE, Ala.

Will practice in all the Courts of St. Clair, Calhoun, Tallapoosa, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Marshall; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.

DR. J. A. CLOFTON, Of Alabama,

Has located in the country near Seale, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA, TUMORS, POLYPI, DISEASES OF FEMALES, &c.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years, has visited almost every city in the South.

He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if some three or four should desire it. Feb. 25, '67



A SAFE CERTAIN AND Speedy Cure FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES. Its Effects are Magical.

It is an UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three pills. No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this wonderful remedy.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing, affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can always be used with PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of our most eminent physicians, who give it their unqualified and unqualified approval. Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage.

One package, \$1.00, Postage 6 cents. Six packages, \$5.00, " 27 " Twelve packages, 9.00, " 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors, 120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass. Oct. 12, 1867.

By the Governor of Alabama, A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF ALABAMA.

WHEREAS, information has reached this Department, that an atrocious murder was recently committed in Calhoun county upon the body of Michael Pennally; and Whereas, it is formally charged, that the said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH MARKS; and it appearing that the said Marks has fled from justice, and is still running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. Patton, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars

to any person who will arrest the said Joseph Marks, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Calhoun county.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1867, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON.

By the Governor, MICH. TAUL, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and heavy built, weighs about one hundred and seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair, which was quite long when he fled; his complexion is fair. He is slow spoken. The second toe on the left foot has been cut, so that it hangs down. The first and third toes on the same foot, incline towards each other, and nearly if not quite touch.

Pay Up!

Yes, the time has arrived. Wheat is ready for market, and you can get a fair price. I expect punctuality, for "Old things are done away." So call in at once and pay.

E. L. WOODWARD. July 20th, 1867.

"WOOD'S" PRIZE MOWERS AND REAPERS!

Over 60,000 manufactured and now in use in this country and Europe.

These world renowned machines were awarded the first prize, Ten Pounds Sterling, at the Great Quadrennial Trial at Plymouth England, July, 1865, and at the Great National Field Trial, held at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866, the first Premium, GRAND GOLD MEDAL.

The PRIZE MOWER, with its cutting apparatus, is greatly improved by the addition of Steel Lined Guards, New Pitman Connections, Stronger Knives, Spring Seat, Adjustable Folding Shoe,

Making it a perfect machine. The lightest draft, the most durable, and at the same time the most simple, and best cutting machine in the world.

The SELF-RAKE REAPER! is justly called the "Victor of every contest" and is constructed on the most scientific principles. The new Mowing Attachment gives general satisfaction and makes one of the most convenient combined Self-Rake Reapers known, and we fully warrant it.

The HAND RAKE REAPER,

is at the same time the cheapest and the best of its kind ever offered. It cuts a swath five feet wide in Reaping, and four and a half feet in Mowing. As a Mower it is equal to the best Folding Bar Machine in use. The ease with which it is managed, and in changing from Mower to Reaper, or vice-versa, will at once recommend it.

Manufactured by the WALTER A. WOOD

Mowing & Reaping Machine Co. Hoosick Falls, N. Y. GENERAL SALESROOMS,

40 Courtlandt Street, N. Y.

206 Lake Street, Chicago.

FOREIGN OFFICE, 77 Upper Thames Street, London.

Descriptive Catalogues sent on application. April 13, '67.

AMERICAN HOTEL, ALABAMA STREET, Atlanta Georgia.

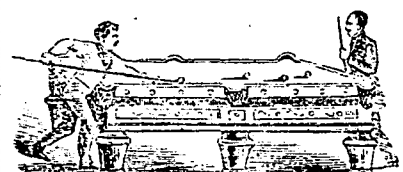
WHITE and WHITLOCK, Proprietors.

ERYSON and WILEY, Clerks.

WILLIAM J. SHARP'S Improved Billiard Tables,

With his PATENT CUSHIONS.

Well known to be superior to any now in use.



Manufactured, 43 Mercer St., N. Y.

THE great popularity of SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES has rendered it necessary to make arrangements, in order to supply the increasing demand, and he is now prepared to fill any order with which his patron, or the public generally, may favor him.

W. J. Sharp having had practical experience for nearly twenty years, in the manufacture of Billiard Tables, and having made a number of valuable improvements, he guarantees a Table, which for elasticity of touch, mechanical elegance of appearance, will challenge competition.

His newly invented patent Cushions having been pronounced by the most competent judges to be superior to any now in use, he is enabled to furnish the best Billiard Table manufactured in the United States, and sustain the name which Sharp's Tables so justly have acquired.

Balls, Cues and Trimmings constantly on hand. Old Cushions repaired at short notice. Orders by mail punctually attended to.

Sent for descriptive circular and price list.

W. J. SHARP, 43 Mercer Street, New York.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY,

ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.

Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal, Rev. R. J. C. HALL, Assistant.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 22nd inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose.

Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical.

The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced.

The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community.

The Expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$30 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$20 per month for board in private families.

Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session.

All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support.

For further particulars address the principal, or G. B. DOUTHIT, Secretary Board of Trustees, Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

A. O. PITNER, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER, PITNER, COOPER & CO. Wholesale and Retail GROCERS

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Finner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

Will Receive and Sell, Ship or Store COTTON; and other Produce for the Planters. Mr. J. H. Cooper, who has had long experience in the Cotton trade, will give his special attention to that branch of the business.

Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866.—Gm.

IMPORTANT

COTTON PLANTERS.

Under present regulations, parties can obtain Permits from Assessors to ship cotton from one District to another, without prepaying the tax, by consigning the cotton to the Collector of District to which cotton is shipped.

I will pay the tax on all cotton thus consigned to "C. B. Andrews," Collector, Seima, Ala., if so instructed by consignors.

Messrs. Smith & Riddle, Oxford, will store and ship all cotton consigned to me from that depot, free of charge to shippers.

A liberal patronage is solicited. Seima, Oct. 21, 1867.

S. & T. J. MORGAN, GROCERY

AND Commission Merchants, OXFORD, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of choice Groceries, for sale on the most reasonable terms.

They are also prepared to pay the Tax on Cotton and attend to its shipment to the best houses in Seima, Mobile or New Orleans.

Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

All persons indebted to the old firm of C. G. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Morgan, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment.

Through Rates Freight ON COTTON.

FROM

FROM GREENSBORO & GADSDEN, ALA. VIA ROME, GA. & CHARLESTON, S. C.

To NEW YORK, per Bale of 500 lbs. or under, \$5 30.

THROUGH this Lading given, necessary permits to accompany, and cotton tagged. No insurance necessary; on Rail Roads from Rome to Charleston.—Agents of the different lines will attend to receiving and forwarding. To prevent extra charges for handling Cotton in transit, shippers will save by putting their Cotton in perfect order. Would recommend the bales should be well covered with bagging.

J. M. ELLIOTT, Supt. Ocean Steamboat Line, C. M. PENNINGTON, Eng. & Supt., Rome R. R., J. B. PECK, M. T. W. & A. B. R., E. W. COLE, Gen. Agt. R. R., H. T. PRAKE, Supt., S. C. R. R., E. N. FULLER, R & F. Agt., Charleston, S. C. Oct. 19, 1867.—5t.

MRS. M. E. ROWLAND,

Will open on Monday the 14th Oct'r, Her stock of

Millinery;

At first door East of Copeland's Store.

Comprising almost every useful article indispensable for Ladies use.

She has secured the services of MISS McKENZIE, a superior Dress Maker and Milliner. Dresses, Cloaks, Suits, Paltos, cut and fit, at very reasonable prices. HATS & BONNETS altered and Trimmed.

I will keep constantly supplied with latest patterns, and good assortment of Trimmings for Dresses and Cloaks.

Hope to receive the encouragement of my friends. Oct. 12, 1867.

E. L. WOODWARD,

Is Receiving his Stock of Fall and Winter

GOODS,

Which he offers as cheap as can be afforded.

His Assortment is General.

If you consider him worthy of patronage, he will be pleased to receive it, and duly appreciate any favors received.

—Terms, Cash. Oct. 12, 1867.

P. ROWAN

Is now receiving the largest stock of

GOODS

Ever brought to this market since the commencement of the war. All are invited to call and examine his stock, with the assurance that they cannot fail, out of the great variety, to be suited both in quality and price.

Jacksonville, Oct. 5, 1867.

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For 6 months, " " 1 75
Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as
three, &c. A liberal discount made on
advertisements continued for three, six,
or 12 months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

D. M. FULENBERGER, with
BOGGS, MOTT & WOODS, of Selma, is
our authorized Agent, to contract, receive
and receipt for subscription and advertising
for the Republican.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and
DEEDS OF TRUST, neatly and cor-
rectly printed, for sale by the quire
or single copy, at this office. Also
every description of Blanks for Jus-
tices of the Peace.

To Administrators and Executors.
Administrators and Executors who
desire to publish notices of Grant of Let-
ters, and Sales of Land and other prop-
erty, in the *Republican*, can do so as
heretofore. Such publications are re-
quired to be made, signed, and paid for
by themselves, and not by the Judge of
Probate—consequently they are not "of-
ficial patronage," and not affected by
Gen. Pope's order 49.

Cotton Seed Wanted.
We will give one year's subscription
to the Jacksonville Republican for every
15 bushels of cotton seed delivered.

Latest Arrival.
Our friend J. M. Carroll has just re-
ceived a nice accession of new goods to
his stock, and having purchased late in
the season is prepared to furnish his
customers and friends as low as the low-
est. He still has No. 1 chewing tobacco
at the reduced price of 50 cts a plug.
Give him a call.

J. M. Carroll has received a
fresh supply of Chewing Tobacco, of
superior quality, and cheap as any here-
before.

Better than Washing Machines.
Wm. Johnston, of Choccolocco valley,
is sole Agent for this county, for the
sale of "Jackson's Universal Washing
Compound," patented in 1866, a far su-
perior article to any of the washing com-
pounds ever heretofore invented. It
will wash in hard or soft water—no
need of rubbing or pounding—will not
injure the fabric washed, on the contrary
it fixes and preserves the colors, and
will remove paint, grease or stains of all
kinds. The articles composing it are
cheap and easily obtained, and will
prove a saving of \$20 per year to a
family of five persons. It has been
tried in the family of the publisher of
this paper and pronounced splendid—
We have no hesitancy in recommending it,
and think that every family ought to
obtain the right to use it.

A further trial this week has confirm-
ed and more than confirmed all that has
been said in its favor above. Every
family ought to procure the receipt and
right to use it.

The State Convention is still in ses-
sion, but will probably bring its labors
to a close the first of next week. The
most difficult question presented to the
convention, and the one which has pro-
duced most discussion and consumption
of time, is that of franchise. The ex-
treme men, under instructions from
Washington, have receded from their
extreme positions, but not sufficient to
secure harmony in the body. Many
amendments are still being offered, and
ordered to be referred and printed.—
We have not been disposed to condemn
the work of the convention in advance
but to wait patiently, and judge of its
merits when finished; though many of
its members have displayed a spirit of
bitterness, malignity, revenge and intol-
erance, only suited to a government of
absolute despotism, personally discrep-
ant to themselves and to any civilized
country. We shall probably be enabled
to give in our next the most important
features of the adopted constitution,
from which all who are allowed to vote
at all, on its ratification, can judge for
themselves.

SOUTHERN CONVENTION.—In our re-
cent travels through the Northern States
we find that the Southern people are not
thoroughly understood even by their
best friends, and we therefore suggest
that delegates from the different States
assemble in Convention, say at Mont-
gomery, and give expression of their
sentiments, that there may be a common
understanding, and that the world may
know our situation, and appreciate our
endeavors to restore Constitutional lib-
erty in our midst.
We do not desire to see a party of
political assemblage. We are not un-

derstood, and the wealth of our country
requiring capital and energy to develop
it, should be opened to the world. As
it is, the honest laboring man, and re-
spectable capitalist hesitate to come a-
mong us, while refugees from justice,
and adventurers from all sections are
risking a livelihood among us by an
affiliation with basest passions of human-
ity. Let us meet and extend the hand
of fellowship to honest men, and invite
them to co-operate with us in making the
South the most desirable country under
the Sun.—*Pensacola Observer.*

LATEST NEWS.

FROM MONTGOMERY.
MONTGOMERY, Nov. 15.—The Recon-
struction Convention to-day adopted a
memorial to Congress praying the re-
moval of the cotton tax, and that all tax-
es paid since the 1st of September, 1867,
be refunded to the producers.
An ordinance was passed abolishing
the new county of Jones created by the
last Legislature, restoring the old bound-
aries of the counties from which it was
formed.
A resolution was adopted by a vote of
53 to 32, to raise a special committee to
inquire into the expediency of removing
the State Capitol from Montgomery.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.
New Orleans, Nov. 15.—The Repub-
lican says that returns from little more
than half of the State of Mississippi
show that 9,000 more than a majority
of the registered voters have voted on
the Convention question. The majority
will increase, as in some counties the
opponents of the Convention have voted.
It also says that in the part of the State
heard from, the unreconstructed voters
stand away from the polls.

Only one conservative delegate is
known to be elected.
Among those who took the stump in
favor of reconstruction are Hon. A. G.
Brown, ex-United States Senator, and
Gen. Alcorn, Senator elect.

The Vicksburg Republican Advocates
the disfranchisement of all who did not
vote.
There was a destructive fire at Hous-
ton, Texas, last night, destroying a
large amount of property, including the
Presbyterian church, a sash factory, and
a large amount of lumber. Loss
\$75,000.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Washington, Nov. 15.—A hurricane
visited the southern portion of Porto
Rico. Two hundred lives were lost, and
4,000 families left destitute.
Provisions will be landed free of duty
for two months.
Tortola one of the smaller British
West India Islands, was submerged by
the flood following the gale of the 7th,
and it is estimated that 10,000 lives are
lost.

A Liverpool steamer went down in
the hurricane with 2,000,000 on board.
The steamship company's losses at St.
Thomas amount to \$12,000,000.
Venezuelan dates of the 25th say the
rebellion is quelled and the insurgents
pardoned.
Haytien advices say that General
Montes, who is confined in a dungeon at
Cape Haytien, is becoming universally
popular.
Leading Gouffardists have been ban-
ished.

Customs from the first to the ninth
amount to \$2,300,000.
Revenue to-day \$275,000.
The Congressional committee did
nothing important to-day.
The cabinet meeting lasted until two
o'clock. Grant was present during the
entire session, and remained with the
President after adjournment.

Alexander H. Stephens will address
the citizens of New York by invitation,
on the condition of the South.
Latest figures place the Democat-
ic majority in New York at 52,000.

FROM RICHMOND.
Richmond, Nov. 15.—No business
being before the U. S. circuit court to-
day, it adjourned to the 25th, when the
trial of ex-President Davis will be com-
menced.
Chase leaves for Washington to-mor-
row. To-night he will be present at
the opening of the African High School.
It is well understood that he will be
present at the Davis trial.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Washington, Nov. 16.—Cable dis-
patches state that Marshal Bazaine suc-
ceeds Ferry in the command of the 3rd
army corps, with headquarters at Nan-
cy.
No day has been settled for the as-
sembling of Napoleon's Roman confer-
ence.
The execution of the Manchester con-
victs will take place on the 23d of No-
vember.
The third parliament of the North
German Confederation has assembled.
The king declared relations with Eu-
ropean powers perfectly satisfactory.

The Government will studiously en-
deavor to reconcile the views of the
Catholic subjects with the interest of the
whole Fatherland.
The peace of Europe is now assured.
Stevens is quoted as saying: "We
must take no steps backwards. The re-
construction of the Southern States on the
basis of the military bills must be hur-
ried up so as to have as many as possi-
ble of them in the coming Presidential
nominating convention. The republican
party will assuredly elect their nominee
in the next Presidential contest. There
is no need to run after or coaxing any

man to accept their nomination. In less
than three years they can reconstruct
the Northern States, & with the federal
patronage the loyal white element in the
South can always carry the negroes with
them, and thus give the party a lease of
power for the next 50 years.

FROM NEW YORK.
New York, Nov. 16.—The steamer
King Philip was burned at the dock.—
Loss \$30,000.

FROM CLEVELAND.
Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 16.—A Pho-
tographer named Gregory, with his
throat cut, and an unknown girl shot in
the head, were found in Gregory's gal-
lery this morning.

FROM MONTGOMERY.
Montgomery, Nov. 16.—In the re-
construction convention to-day, a reso-
lution was adopted instructing the re-
publican committee to change the names of
the new counties created at the last ses-
sion of the Legislature that were named
in glorification of rebellion, after those
who participated in it.
Afterwards an ordinance to change
Colbert county to Brownlow was tabled
by a vote of 70 to 13.
Committees of several portions of the
Constitution have reported.
The Executive Department is to be
composed of a Governor, Lieutenant
Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor
and Treasurer. The Auditor is to hold
for four and the others two years—all to
be elected by the people. The Governor
has been thus elected heretofore.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Washington, Nov. 16.—A dispatch
from Athens says that hostilities have
been resumed in Crete.
The Judiciary Committee to-day ex-
amined several unimportant witnesses
regarding the government of Maryland,
and have postponed further investigation
of that subject until after the first week
of the session of Congress.

FROM WILMINGTON.
Wilmington, Nov. 16.—The conserva-
tive ticket has been brought out here.
A considerable reaction has taken
place among the colored voters, some of
whom will vote the conservative ticket.
The time of the committee will not be
occupied with the impeachment in-
vestigation.
Gen. Sickles has been mustered out,
but will retain the rank of Colonel in
the regular army.
Senator Wilson, in a letter to a North
Carolina negro, dated November 8th
says:

"I came home from the South with
the conviction that the cotton tax ought
to be repealed, and that it ought to ap-
ply to the crops this year, and I am con-
vinced in this conviction by all I hear
from your section. I hope Congress
will at once repeal the cotton tax."

FROM LONDON.
London, Nov. 16.—The Pope objects
to a Conference. The Great Powers
are divided on the subject. It is said
that only Spain will support the tempo-
ral power.
It is now said that America is to pay
\$11,500,000 for the three West India
Islands, subject to French lien on San-
ta Cruz, or \$7,500,000 for the other
two.

FROM RICHMOND.
Richmond, Nov. 16.—The large dis-
tilleries of Jones & Byrne, and Myers
& Bro., were seized to-day for violation
of the revenue laws.

FROM CHARLESTON.
Charleston, Nov. 16.—Gov. Orr and
Gen. Canby are in conference to-day on
the subject of future taxation and approp-
riations in the State.
It is understood that material changes
will be made, which will develop the
resources of the State and lessen the
burden upon the people.

FROM ST. PAUL.
St. Paul, Nov. 17.—A kerosene lamp
exploded last night at a party given by
Gen. Sibley, whose daughter lost an arm.
A female servant is dead, and others
burned, but not seriously.

FROM ST. LOUIS.
St. Louis, Nov. 17.—Seymour Vou-
llaire, a prominent lawyer of this city
was shot by Isaac M. Roth, a post office
clerk. The difficulty grew out of a di-
vorce case in which Roth testified in fa-
vor of Mrs. Voullaire.

FROM BINGHAMTON, N. Y.
Binghamton, Nov. 17.—A freight en-
gine exploded here, killing the engineer
and fireman instantly.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Washington, Nov. 17.—The tele-
graph is used freely by the radical lead-
ers here in their efforts to keep the Al-
abama Convention in check.
The leaders of the convention desire
to reduce the State to the condition of
Tennessee, while the radical leaders
here insist upon nearly universal suf-
frage, taking the ground that the elec-
tions in the North showed opposi-
tion to negro supremacy and not to negro
suffrage. The leaders are hopeful of
controlling the Convention.

It is stated that numerous dispatches
are passing between the leaders here &
Gen. Pope and Swayne.
Fifteen Senators and thirty Represen-

tatives from remote States have arrived.
There is a prospect of full benches at
the opening of the session.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.
San Francisco, Nov. 18.—In the suit
of the State of Colorado against the
steamship Moses Taylor for \$760,000
for failure to stamp passage tickets,
Judge Sawyer decided the stamp act
unconstitutional.
The China steamer Great Republic is
now 8 days over due.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Washington, Nov. 18.—A Havana
special says that another rebellion in
Jamaica is imminent.
It is stated that the city of St. Do-
mingo has been destroyed. No particu-
lars given.
A Phosphate of lime factory at Rox-
bury, Mass., is burned. Loss \$100,000.

FROM MONTGOMERY.
Montgomery, Nov. 18.—In the Bay-
onet Convention to-day, an ordinance
was passed to a third reading appropri-
ating \$50,000 to pay the officers and
members thereof, who are to receive \$8
and \$5 mileage for each day's
travels of and from the capital.

The Committee on Taxation reported
a section to the Constitution (so-called)
providing that all taxes shall be assessed
in exact proportion to the value of prop-
erty; but the Legislature may levy a
poll tax of \$1.50 on each poll to be ap-
plied exclusively to poll fund. Ordered
to be printed.
The Franchise question was discussed
till adjournment.

FROM CHICAGO.
Chicago, Nov. 18.—Negro suffrage is
certainly defeated in Minnesota by a
thousand votes.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.
Philadelphia, Nov. 18.—A dry goods
house, liabilities \$300,000, and a ma-
chineist firm, liabilities \$3,000,000, have
failed.

FROM WASHINGTON.
Washington, Nov. 18.—Hon. Ed-
mund Cooper has been appointed As-
sistant Secretary of the treasury, and
will enter upon his duties on the 1st of
December.
Revenue to-day \$255,000.

A private letter from General McCul-
loch says he will under no circumstances
accept public office.
Canby's report to Grant, as comman-
der of the second district, is published.
The number of troops in the district is
as follows:
Commissioned officers, 141; enlisted
men, 2,773.
The number of cases tried by milita-
ry tribunal is 957.
The cost of reconstruction so far ma-
terially exceeds a quarter of a million.

FROM WILMINGTON, N. C.
Wilmington, Nov. 18.—Preparations
are complete for the election to-morrow.
In some counties a good many negroes
are co-operating with the Southern white
men.
In Halifax county one negro is on the
conservative ticket.

FROM RICHMOND.
Richmond, Nov. 18.—Judge Burn-
ham to-day delivered the charge to the
grand jury.
He said that a happier state of society
was beginning to appear, and while we
cannot close our eyes to threatened evils
and disturbances in the community, yet
the crisis may be safely passed by for-
bearance, and by a firm and impartial
administration of law.

He called attention to the fact that
the greater number of the crimes before
the court were committed by freedmen.
All cases must be tried critically and
impartially.
A telegram to the Enquirer from
Danville announces the robbery of the
house of J. M. Walker last night of
\$32,000 in money.

FROM AUGUSTA.
Augusta, Nov. 18.—Returns from
Florida show that the convention is car-
ried by a decided majority of the regis-
tered voters.

Nearly all of the blacks voted, though
but few whites.
A large number of negroes are elect-
ed to the convention. In Leon county
three out of four delegates are negroes.
The conservative press of Georgia
advocates the meeting of a convention
at Macon on the 5th of December to
organize a party in opposition to recon-
struction under the military bills, and
with a vim to defeat the constitution
when submitted by the reconstruction
convention, the conservatives taking it
for granted that no constitution will be
submitted that can be acceptable to them.

Neither the time nor the place of
meeting of the reconstruction conven-
tion are yet known.
FROM WASHINGTON.
Washington, Nov. 19.—Among other
items of current gossip, it is said that
the President is displeased with Rollins'
evidence before the impeachment com-
mittee.
Sheridan has been summoned before
the impeachment committee.
Speaker Colfax has not yet prepared
lists of the committees.

Stevens will introduce a bill dividing
Texas into two or more States.
Rollins will probably be removed the
first of December.

FROM MONTGOMERY.
Montgomery, Nov. 19.—In the Re-
construction Convention to-day the com-
mittee on Militia reported an ordinance
to organize a State volunteer militia
force, subject to the orders of the Gov-
ernment.

The question of substituting the mi-
nority report, on the franchise question,
for the majority report was decided in
the negative by a vote of yeas 19,
nays 70. The majority report will carry.
It disfranchises all persons who do
not vote on the new Constitution, and
binds the voter not to contest negro suf-
frage hereafter, nor to maltreat any per-
son on account of past or present sup-
port of the United States Government
or the policy of Congress.

FROM WILMINGTON.
Wilmington, Nov. 19.—About 1,400
votes have been polled—nearly all ne-
groes; 125 whites voting against the
Convention. The whites will vote to-
morrow, almost unanimously against
the Convention.

FROM MOBILE.
Mobile, Nov. 19.—The steamer On-
ward, with seven hundred bale of cot-
ton was burned day-before-yesterday,
near Bell's Landing, on the Alabama
river. No lives lost.

FROM ST. LOUIS.
St. Louis, Nov. 19.—The steamers
Amanda and Ananath sunk in the up-
per Missouri.
The Indian Commissioners left Fort
Laramie, having accomplished nothing.

FROM HAVANA.
Havana, Nov. 19.—A hurricane
swept over St. Domingo, on the 30th
ult., lasting four hours, completely de-
stroying the capital, destroying 200 lives
and nearly all the shipping that was in
the harbor. No American vessels re-
ported lost.
No news from the interior.

FROM CHARLESTON.
Charleston, Nov. 19.—At the elec-
tion for a Convention to-day, the votes
cast in the city were, blacks 2,438;
whites 13. No votes cast again-
st the Convention. All quiet in the city
and State. The whites take no parts in
the election. Business going on as usual.

FROM MONTGOMERY.
Montgomery, Nov. 21.—At last
night's session of the Convention, the
majority agreed to strike out of the ar-
ticle on the franchise question that
clause which disfranchises all who do
not vote on the new Constitution. This
action is said to be in consequence of
orders from the Radical leaders.

FROM NEW YORK.
New York, Nov. 20.—The Austral-
ian cannibals have eaten Rev. R. Hol-
er, Wesleyan Missionary, and six native
christians.
Gold 49.

FROM MONTGOMERY.
Montgomery Nov. 21.—In the night
session of the Reconstruction Conven-
tion, after a protracted contest, the third
clause of section second of the article on
Franchise, which disfranchised all who
do not vote on the new constitution, was
stricken out by a vote of 55 yeas to 32
nays. The article was perfected and
the final vote deferred until to-morrow.

FROM RALEIGH.
Raleigh, Nov. 21.—The election
went off very quietly to-day. The
whites voted heavily and nearly unani-
mously the Conservative ticket and against
the Convention, but over three hundred
whites who registered failed to vote at
all. Over one thousand votes were cast
to-day, making two thousand for the
two days voting. The ballots are not
yet counted and the result is still un-
known, but it is thought that the negroes
have carried the city.

FROM CINCINNATI.
Cincinnati, Nov. 21.—A freight train
ran into the rear of an express train at
six o'clock this morning, on the Hamil-
ton and Dayton road, at Lockland.—
The rear cars were from Toledo, the
last being the sleeping car, in which
four ladies and on man were burned to
death. Nearly the whole train was
burned.

FROM MEMPHIS.
Memphis, Nov. 21.—The success of
the Convention in Mississippi is doubt-
ful.

DIED.—In Jacksonville, Ala. Nov. 11th,
1867, Mrs. MARY REINHARDT, in her 83rd
year. She was born in Lincoln Co.,
N. C.—Married about 1844 to Mr. C. Rhine-
hardt who died in Memphis, Tenn., December
28th, leaving her a widow with six children.
With cheerfulness and fortitude she bore
the trials and discharged the duties allotted
to her in the Providence of God. For sixty
years she was a professed disciple of Jesus,
in connection with the Presbyterian church,
uniformly exhibiting the reality of her faith
in her walk and conversation. She delighted
in the ordinances of God's house; and when
deprived by disease and the infirmities of age,
of the privilege of attending public worship,
she solicited and enjoyed seasons of social
prayer at her own residence. As her end ap-
proached, she spoke of the nearness and pre-
ciousness of Jesus, and her readiness to be
"absent from the body and present with the
Lord." She was gathered into the garner,
"Like as a shock of corn cometh in his sea-
son."
D

Wheat Wanted.
100 Bushel of Wheat wanted, for
which the market price will be given
in cash, delivered at Woodward's or Car-
roll's.
S. D. McLELLAN.

AN APPEAL
TO
FARMERS & PLANTERS!
ABSOLUTE necessity in times gone by,
forced you to purchase an occasional
supply of such medicines as might be admin-
istered to the various members of your fam-
ily by yourselves, without the aid of a Physi-
cian.

Various purgative Pills, Cough Mixtures,
Chill Medicines, Diarrhoea Compounds, Ton-
ics, Blood Purifiers, and many other articles,
have been prescribed for you at a northern
stand-point, and in many cases, those who
prepared them knew nothing about the treat-
ment of diseases in any climate, and in the
absence of better compounds, they in many
instances, met with your A P P R O V I N G
S M I L E S.

Now, gentlemen, by your assistance and
your influence, which we intend to MERIT,
we wish to effect a slight change in the pro-
gramme; and so long as we give satisfaction
shall hope to be the recipients of public pa-
tronee. Our plan is, that the

Medical Profession.
Those who are experienced in Southern treat-
ment, and have been and are in every re-
spect identified with the southern people, and
who are known and acknowledged as such,
shall, as far as possible, manufacture & sup-
ply that demand, thus enabling every family
to procure at all times, a class of Medicines,
that are likely to give, by far, more satisfac-
tion than if prepared in a locality where dis-
eases are treated differently. We are well a-
ware that there will be arrayed against us
an army of

Northern Astringent Vendors.
Who are making every appeal that imagina-
tion can invent, in order to win the confi-
dence of the southern people; but we are de-
termined to be REPRESENTED in the mat-
ter, and call upon the world to decide.
There are three members composing our
firm, all graduated and experienced southern
Physicians, and with all our ability and ex-
perience we have prepared and now offer you
a class of

FAMILY MEDICINES.
Not secrets nor patents, which we think are
honestly required by every farmer, planter &
family throughout the southern country, and
an assortment of the **GREAT SOUTHERN**
PREPARATIONS should be in every
house.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
English Female Bitters.
Is a powerful Uterine Tonic and Female Reg-
ulator, and is just the Medicine so much need-
ed by the female community, both old and
young, throughout the Southern States. It re-
lieves all irregularities, removes obstructions, cures
menstrual or suppressed menstruation, falling
of the Womb, Leucorrhoea or Whites, Chlo-
rosis, Hysterics, Palpitation of the Heart, &
all that class of complaints peculiar to fe-
males. It restores, arouses and invigorates
the womb, thereby inducing regularity and
health.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
KING OF CHILLS
Absolutely cleanses your stomach, arouses
your torpid liver, opens the bowels, carries
off the bile, makes quick and permanent
cures, never affects the heart, nerves, or ears,
gives tone to the system, and can be admin-
istered to infants. It cures all forms of
Chills and Fever, Intermittent Fever, Bilious
Fever, Congestive Chills, Duob Chills, and
no family should be without it.
CHILLS AND FEVER can be permanent-
ly cured, whether of recent or long standing.
Do not shake any longer, get a bottle and be
cured.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
AMYGDALE PECTORAL.
A scientific preparation for Coughs, Colds,
Sore Throat, Hooping Cough, Pneumonia,
Pleurisy, Croup, Whooping Cough, Dry Cough,
Pain in the side, Tightness in the Chest, In-
fluenza, spitting of Blood, and for all other
Pulmonary Affections. It immediately loos-
ens the phlegm, relieves the cough and pain,
promotes free expectoration, and soothes and
quiets the trembled nervous system, enabling
them to sleep at night. Price \$1 00.

DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
Fluid Extract Bearberry, Caneba & Buchu
FOR THE KIDNEYS.

For all affections of the Kidneys and Bladder,
whether affecting old or young, male or fe-
male; for gravel, urinary deposits of all
kinds, retention of urine, frequent micturition
and pain in urinating, pain in small of the
back, and all those troublesome symptoms aris-
ing from excesses, effects of early indiscretion
or habits of dissipation. Gleet, Leucorrhoea,
evil foreboding, melancholy, sleepless nights,
nervousness, etc., can be cured by using this
medical compound. Large bottles \$1 00.

YOUR LIFE BLOOD
Must be purified by using
DROMGOOLE & CO.'S
CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCH.
Which will immediately eradicate all impu-
rities of the Blood, Constitutional Derange-
ments, skin Diseases and Eruptions, Scrofu-
la, Camp Itch, Tetter, Scaldhead, Ringworm,
Syphilis and all Syphilitic Diseases, Effects
of Mercury, Tumors, Boils, old Ulcers and
Sores, Pimples, Blisters, Balmagments, and
all those diseases requiring a Blood Purifier.
It is composed of Sillings, Yellow Dock,
Sassaaparilla, Burdock and Iodide Potash.
Price 41 50.

Our other Preparations of equal Purity
are as follows:
Dromgoole & Co.'s RED DIARRHOEA
REMEDY, for all forms of Diarrhoea, Vom-
iting, etc.
**Dromgoole & Co.'s DYSENTERY COM-
POUND**, for Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Mu-
cus Diarrhoea, etc.
**Dromgoole & Co.'s VEGETABLE ANTI-
HILLIOUS PILLS**, a sure, safe and effectual
compound for family use.

Dromgoole & Co.'s LIVER PILLS, for
arousing the Liver, cleansing the stomach
and bowels of all bilious matter, etc.
Dromgoole & Co.'s EUREKA SECRET
CURE, for a certain cure of troublesome
diseases. Price \$2 50.
**Dromgoole & Co.'s TONIC HAIR RES-
TORATIVE**, for restoring the hair to its nat-
ural color and preventing baldness.

**Dromgoole & Co.'s LONE STAR LINI-
MENT**, for Rheumatism, Pains, Bruises,
Sprains, etc.
Dromgoole & Co.'s PILE SALVE—a
certain, safe and effectual remedy for all
forms of Piles.

Orders solicited—none sent out on
commission.
J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO.,
Proprietors, Memphis, Tenn.
Sole Wholesale and Retail by
EDWIN MORRIS & Co., Louisville, Ky.
J. C. DuBois & Co., Mobile, Ala.
BARNES, WARD & Co., New Orleans, La.
COLLINS BROS., St. Louis, Mo.
And Druggists generally.

Jacksonville Republican

VOL. 31.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. NOV. 30, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1600.

Jacksonville Republican.
EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY
SATURDAY MORNING, BY
J. F. GRANT.

PITNER, COOPER & CO.
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Pitner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.
We Receive and Sell, Ship
or Store COTTON and other
Produce for the Planters, Mr.
J. H. Cooper who will give his special
attention to that branch of the business.
Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866.—Gm.

IMPORTANT
TO
COTTON PLANTERS.

Under present regulations, parties can obtain Permits from Assessors to ship cotton from one District to another, without preparing the tax, by consigning the cotton to the Collector of District to which cotton is shipped. I will pay the tax on all cotton thus consigned to "C. B. Andrews," Collector, Selma, Ala., if so instructed by consignors. Messrs. Smith & Riddle, Oxford, will store and ship all cotton consigned to me from that depot, free of charge to shippers. A liberal patronage is solicited.
Selma, Oct. 21, 1867.—Gm.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,
GROCERY
AND
Commission Merchants,
OXFORD, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of choice Groceries, for sale on the most reasonable terms. They are also prepared to pay the Tax on Cotton and attend to its shipment to the best houses in Selma, Mobile or New Orleans. Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

Persons indebted to the old firm of S. & T. J. Morgan & Co., and S. & T. J. Morgan, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment.

E. L. WOODWARD,
Is receiving his Stock of
Fall and Winter
GOODS,

Which he offers as cheap as can be afforded.
His Assortment is General.
If you consider him worthy of patronage, he will be pleased to receive it, and duly appreciate any favors received.
—Terms, Cash. Oct. 12, 1867.

P. ROWAN
Is now receiving the largest stock of
GOODS

Ever brought to this market since the commencement of the war. All are invited to call and examine his stock, with the assurance that they cannot fail, but of the great variety, to be suited both in quality and price.
Jacksonville, Oct. 5, 1867.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY.
ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.
Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal,
Rev. R. J. C. HALL, Assistant.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 26th inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose. Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require. The plan of instruction is thorough and practical. The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced. The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community. The expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$30 per session for tuition; and from \$15 to \$20 per month for good board in private families. Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session. All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support. For further particulars address the principal, or
G. B. DOUTHETT,
Secretary Board of Trustees,
Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in civil cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb. Jan. 6, 1868.

JUST PUBLISHED.
NEW WORK ON SINGING.
BASSINIS
Twenty Melodie Exercises,

IN FORM OF
SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR
MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES,
INTENDED AS

Studies to acquire the Art of Singing.

"These exercises were composed by a person of unusual musical talent, and are of a nature to be of great service to the cultivation of the voice, and will take the place of CONGREGATIONAL SINGING, being more melodious and better adapted for teaching. Some of these exercises are especially beautiful as well as useful, a mingling of the child and the adult, which secures the interest as well as the improvement of the student. The various styles developed in these exercises render them invaluable in an educational point of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelligence of the pupil. They must be studied carefully with reference to the inimitable marks of expression and forms of ornamentation. Upon the minute accuracy with which these are accomplished depends the actual sterling advancement of the pupil; any evasion or slurring in these respects is time and effort utterly wasted. While, on the other hand, a close and patient investigation, and minutely faithful execution of them, will give unexpected power and facility, and open to the student the means and resources by which great artists produce their most brilliant and profound respect.—*Wilson's Art Journal.*

In Two Volumes,
Price, each, in Boards, Retail, \$2.00
do. do. in Cloth, Retail, \$2.50
A Single Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on receipt of Wholesale Price, \$1.50.

Published by WM. HALL & SON,
No. 523 Broadway, N. Y.

Publishers and Dealers in Music, and Manufacturers of FLUTES, FIFES, FLAGEOLETS, &c., &c. Send for catalogue of prices.

Just Received,
Domestics,
Calicoes, &c.

By
E. L. WOODWARD.

DURYEE'S
VIOLINE,
[TRADE MARK.]

A New Writing Fluid.

Of a Beautiful Violet Color,

ALSO
VIOLINE COPYING FLUID.

To Copy Without Press.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Manhattan Ink and Color Co.

49 LIBERTY STREET.

To Painters Furniture and other Manufacturers

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO

THE MANHATTAN PAINT OIL,

50 Cents Per Gallon.

Invented by G. DURYEE, M. D. Chemist of New York.

Who has spent several years experimenting for a substitute for Linseed Oil.

It is well known that aboumen gives to oil its lustre and its lasting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of aboumen with any other oil would make it equally valuable.

Knowing the properties of a new oil, especially after the failure of many failures, we have awaited severe tests before entering the arena. Neither shall we make vain promises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil with those who use it. We dare say this much, that after two years' trial, in all weather, this oil has been found as indestructible as the best boiled linseed oil.

It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.

With lead it dries in six hours.

With zinc it gives the lustre of Damur varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing.

The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil.

It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on.

Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of coal varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.

Among the many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to

The Messrs Corrugated Iron Roofing and Bridge Co., of Boston & New York.

G. Whitlock, Brook. F. Long, New York.

Wm. Navy Yard, Mr. Gibbs, of Pacific

J. C. Follows, N. Y. S. S. Co., N. Y.

New York, Nov. 16, 1867.

To MANHATTAN PAINT OIL CO.

I take pleasure in stating that I have used your Oil on wood and iron, with different kinds of paint, and have no hesitation in saying that, in my opinion, it makes a better coating than linseed, and that, for all purposes where exposed to weather, is much preferable. Yours, J. T. WILBURN.

Brown Metallic Paint, 3½ cents per lb. Varnish for Housework, and First Coats Furniture, \$2 per gallon.

SOLD BY DEALERS IN PAINT OIL, &c.

MANUFACTURED BY
The Manhattan Paint Oil Co.,
49 Liberty St., New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR
THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c. of
HON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.
By Henry Cleveland,
Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address
NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.
Feb. 16, 1867.

JOHN W. INZER. LEROY F. BOX.
INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors in Chancery,
ASHVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in all the Courts of Calhoun, Chatham, Talladega, Shelby, Jefferson, Blount, DeKalb, Cherokee & Muscogee; also in the Superior Court of the State. Prompt attention given to the collection of all claims.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,
Of Alabama,
Has located in the country near Secon, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,
TUMORS, POLYPI,
DISEASES OF FEMALES, &c.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient nor had an accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years has visited almost every city in the South. He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, on some three of our should desire it. Feb. 27, 65.

A SAFE
CERTAIN,
AND
Speedy Cure
for
NEURALGIA
AND ALL
NERVOUS
DISEASES.
Its Effects are
Magical.

It is an UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three pills. No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing, affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the most, always the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can always be used with PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of our most eminent physicians, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval. Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage.

One package, \$1.00, Postage 6 cents.
Six packages, 5.00, " 27 "
Twelve packages, 9.00, " 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
Oct. 12, 1867.

By the Governor of Alabama,

A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
STATE OF ALABAMA.

WHEREAS, information has reached this Department, that an atrocious murder was recently committed in Cleburne county upon the body of Michael Pessanelli; and Whereas, it is formally charged, that the said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH MARKS; and it appearing that the said Marks has fled from justice, and is still running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. Patton, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars

to any person who may arrest the said Joseph Marks, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1867, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON.

By the Governor,
MICHAEL TAYLOR,
Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and heavy built, weighs about one hundred and seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair, which was quite long when he fled; his complexion is fair. He is slow spoken. The second toe on the left foot has been cut, so that it hangs down. The first and third toes on the same foot incline towards each other, and nearly if not quite touch.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining Counties; and give prompt and faithful attention to all business confided to his care.

Particular attention given to the collection of debts. Oct. 19, 1867.—17

GOODS.
ICOES,
ESTICS &c.
And For Sale by
WOODWARD

COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE
OIL CANS, &c., &c.
The Cooking for a Family may be done with a few cents of fuel, and at a small expense, than by any other method.

W. G. CLARK, Esq., President
SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.
ATLANTA, April 12, 1867.

It affords me much pleasure to announce the following resolution of the Association:

"That as a testimonial of our appreciation of the zealous, faithful and efficient services of John S. Threlkeld, Esq., as Secretary of this Association, we hereby resolve to present him with a testimonial of our appreciation of his services."

By order of the Association, the committee on Resolutions of the Southern Press Association, in the City of New York, do commendatory employed in connection with the printing of these letters, services which were of

When our father asked this question, in an awful tone, Lucilla Richmond could not say "no," and dared not say "yes," but as an intermediate course burst into tears, and sobbed behind her handkerchief.

"Bring them to me, Lucilla," said her father, as if she had answered him, as, indeed, she had; and the girl, trembling and weeping arose to obey him.

Then Mrs. Richmond, her daughter's very self, grew older, came behind her husband's chair, and patted him on the shoulder.

"Please don't be hard with her, my dear," she said, coaxingly. "He's a nice young man, and it is our fault after all as much as her's, and you won't break her young heart, I'm sure."

"Perhaps you approve of the whole affair, ma'am," said Mr. Richmond.

"I—no—that is I only"—gasped the little woman; and hearing Lucilla coming, sank into a chair, blaming herself dreadfully for not having been present at all her daughter's music lessons during the past year.

For a long time she had given lessons to Miss Lucilla for 12 months, and who had taken the liberty of falling in love with her, knowing well that she was the daughter of one of the richest men in Yorkshire.

"It was inexcusable in a poor music teacher, who should have known his place," Mr. Richmond declared and he clutched the little perfumed bit of night as he looked upon his face which told of no softening. They came at last, six little white envelopes, tied together with blue ribbon, and were laid at his elbow by his despairing daughter.

"Lock these up until I return home this evening," he said to his wife, "I will read them then. Meanwhile Lucilla, is not to see this music master on any pretence."

And then Miss Lucilla went down on her knees. "Oh, dear papa!" she cried "dearest papa, please do not say I must never see him again. I could not bear it. Indeed I could not. He is poor, I know, but he is a gentleman, and—I like him so much, papa."

"No more of this absurdity, my dear," said Mr. Richmond. "He has been artful enough to make you think

him perfection. I suppose. Your parents know what is best for your happiness. A music teacher is not a match for Miss Richmond."

With which remark Mr. Richmond put on his hat and overcoat and departed.

Then Lucilla and her mother took the opportunity of falling into each other's arms.

"It's so naughty of you," said Mrs. Richmond. "But oh, dear, I can't blame you. It was exactly so with me I ran away with your papa, you know, and my parents objected because of his poverty. I feel the greatest sympathy for you, and Frederick has such fine eyes, and is so pleasing, I wish I could soften your papa."

"When he has seen the letters there'll be no hope. I'm very much afraid," sobbed Miss Lucilla. "Fred is so romantic, and papa hates romance."

"He used to be very romantic himself in those old times," said Mrs. Richmond. "Such letters as he wrote me. I have them in my desk yet. He said he should die if I refused him."

"So does Fred," said Lucilla.

"And that life would be worthless without me; and about my being beautiful (he thought so you know.) I'm sure he ought to sympathize a little," said Mrs. Richmond.

But she dared not promise that he would.

She coaxed her darling to stop crying and made her lie down—then went up into her own room to put the letters in her desk, and as she placed them in the pigeon-hole, she saw in another bundle tied exactly as those were and drew them out.

These letters were to a Lucilla also. One who had received them 20 years before—and now she was a matron old enough to have a daughter who had heart troubles—unfolded them one by one, wondering how it came to pass that lovers' letters were so much alike.

Half a dozen—just the same number, and much more romantic than those the music master had written to her daughter Lucilla. A strange idea came into Mrs. Richmond's mind she dared not suppress her husband; by a look or a word she had never attempted such a thing.

But he was very fond of her daughter. When she left the desk she looked guilty and frightened, and something in her pocket rustled as she moved. But she said nothing to any one on the subject until the dinner hour arrived, and with it came her husband, angered and more determined than ever. The meal was passed in silence; then, having adjourned to the parlor, Mr. Richmond seated himself in a great arm chair and demanded:

"The letters," in a voice of thunder.

Mrs. Richmond put her hand into her pocket, and pulled it out again with a frightened look.

Mr. Richmond again repeated, still more sternly:

"Those absurd letters, if you please, my dear ma'am."

And then the little woman faltered:

"I—that is—I believe—yes, dear—I believe I have them," and gave him, a white pile of envelopes, encircled with blue ribbon, with a hand that trembled like an aspen leaf.

As for Lucilla, she began to weep as though the end of all things had come at last, and felt sure that if papa should prove cruel she should die.

"Six letters—six shameful pieces of deception, Lucilla," said the indignant parent. "I am shocked that a child of mine could practice such duplicity. Hem! let me see number one, I believe—June, and this is December—Half a year you have deceived us then Lucilla. Let me see—ah! From the first moment he adored you, eh? Nonsense. People don't fall in love in that absurd manner. It takes years of acquaintance and respect and attachment. With your smiles for his goal, he would win both fame and fortune, poor as he is? Fiddlesticks, Lucilla! A man who has common sense would always wait until he had a fair commencement before he proposed to any girl. Praise of your beauty! The loveliest creature he ever saw! Exaggeration my dear. You are not plain, but such flattery is absurd. 'Must hear from you or die! Dear, dear—how absurd!'"

And Mr. Richmond dropped the first letter and took up another.

"The same stuff," he commented. "I hope you don't believe a word he says—A plain, earnest, upright sort of man would never go into such rhapsodies, I am sure. Ah! now. In number three he calls you 'an angel! He is romantic, upon my word. And what is all this?'"

"Those who would forbid me to see you can find no fault with me but my poverty. I am honest—I am earnest in my efforts. I am by birth a gentleman, and I love you from my soul. Do not let them sell you for gold, Lucilla."

"Great heavens, what impertinence to your parents!"

"I don't remember Fred's saying any-

thing of that kind," said little Lucilla.

"He never knew you would object."

Mr. Richmond shook his head, frowned, and read on in silence until the last sheet lay under his hand. Then with an ejaculation of rage he started to his feet.

"Infamous!" he cried. "I'll horse-whip him!—I'll murder him! As for you, by Jove, I'll send you to a convent. Elope, elope with a music teacher! I'm ashamed to call you my daughter. Where's my hat? Give me my boots. Here, John, call a cab!"

But here Lucilla caught one arm and Mrs. Richmond the other. "Wait, wait," said Lucilla. "Fred never proposed such a thing. Let me see the letter. Oh, papa, this is not Fred's—upon my word it is not. Do look papa; it is dated 20 years back, and Frederick's name is not Charles! Papa, these are your lovers' letters to mama, written long ago—her name is Lucilla, you know!"

Mr. Richmond sat down in his arm chair in silence, very red in the face.

"How did this occur?" he said sternly; and little Mrs. Richmond, retreating into a corner, with her handkerchief to her eyes, sobbed:

"I did it on purpose," and paused, as though she expected a sudden judgment. But, hearing nothing, she dared at last to rise and creep up to her husband timidly.

"You know Charles," she said. "It's so long ago since, and I thought you might not exactly remember—how you fell in love with me at first sight; how papa and mama objected, and how at last we ran away together; and it seemed to me that if we could bring it all back plainly to you as it was then, we might let dear Lucilla marry the man she likes, who is good, if he is not rich. I do not need it to be brought back any plainer myself; women have more time to remember, you know, and we've been very happy have we not?"

And certainly Mr. Richmond could not deny that. So Lucilla, feeling that her interests might safely be left in her mother's keeping, slipped out of the room, and heard the result of the little rare next morning. It was favorable to the young music teacher, who had really only been sentimental, and had not gone half so far as an elopement; and, in the course of time, the two were married with all the pomp and grandeur befitting the nuptial of a wealthy merchant's daughter, with the perfect approbation of Lucilla's father, and to the great joy of Lucilla's mamma, who justly believed that her little ruse had brought about all her daughter's happiness.

THE SECRETS OF MASONS.—The public sometimes ask of us: "What are those ceremonies which Freemasons prize so greatly and preserve so sacredly among themselves?" We reply: "These would be of no use to you even if we could communicate them. They have a special meaning to those who are first prepared in heart. The cry of the little one in its cradle, which to you, its mother, is so fraught with meaning, has little meaning to others. The love look of the maiden, which to her lover is expressive of such a world of tenderness, conveys but little meaning to me. And so it is with those signs and other methods of Masonic recognition; they only serve a purpose to those who are prepared to understand and to respond to them, but would convey no meaning to you."

Yet we will communicate to you some signs and passwords and a ceremonial form full of Freemasonry, and equally as binding upon you as they are upon us.

1st. When from the lips of parent or Christian friend you hear the words of solemn counsel, warning, rebuke or exhortation, answer those words; we charge you in the name of God, by refraining from evil practices and drawing nearer to the cross of Him whose spirit has put into the hearts of loving friends thus to do you good. Those words of counsel are the true words of Freemasonry; ancient as the warning words which God addressed to our erring parents in Eden.

2d. When upon the convulsed face of suffering humanity you perceive the tears slowly trickling down—when you see the hands painfully clenched under the agonizing of human sorrow, and hear the choking sob and heavy sigh, answer those signs by a charge you in the name of God, answer them quickly and give your sympathy and aid as it may be in your power to afford. These are the grand hailing signs of Masonry; ancient as the day that Rachel sorrowed in her death-pangs and universally binding upon Masons and anti-Masons, man and woman, "to the last syllable of recorded time."—*Nat. Freeman.*

WALTON gotten by vanity shall be unimpaired; but he that gathereth by labor shall increase.

The best "Lady's Companion"—Her husband.

To the Afflicted.
DR. GEORGE W. LEACH proposes a new system of cure in place of the vast internal doses which enfeeble the stomach, poison the blood and endanger the life. He can be consulted at any time in Jacksonville, personally or by letter, giving name of the person, whether over or under 35 years of age, and the disease. He cures cancers, wens, ulcers, scrofula, piles, diseases of the lungs, syphilis, kidneys, and comes others; charging but a very small amount in advance, afterwards if no cure no pay. He has a number of testimonials of cure—has recently treated 11 cases of cancer, seven of which are entirely well and the others getting well.
G. W. LEACH, Faith Doctor.

REDUCED RATES.
THE
MONTGOMERY MAIL,
ISSUED
Daily and Weekly.
AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.
By J. CARR GIBSON & Co.,
Proprietors.

JOSEPH HODGSON, J. F. WHITFIELD, Editors.

The proprietors of the MAIL take pleasure in announcing that they have materially reduced the Rates of Advertising and Subscription, to-wit:

On and after the first day of June, 1867, rates of Subscription and Advertising will be as follows:

TERMS OF THE DAILY MAIL.	
Twelve months	\$10 00
Six months	5 00
Three months	2 00
One month	1 00
Two weeks	70
One week	40
Single copies	10

Newspapers and Dealers will be furnished at the rate of 60 cents per dozen.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY MAIL
ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.

One copy, 1 year	\$4 00
One copy, 6 months	2 50
Clubs of Ten, one year	40 00
Clubs of Twenty, one year	60 00

All subscriptions to the paper are discontinued so soon as the time expires for which payment has been made, unless renewed.

THE MAIL HAS A CIRCULATION IN ALABAMA UNEQUALLED BY ANY OTHER NEWSPAPER, and is rapidly on the increase. It is the official organ of the City of Montgomery, and, since the first day of January last, has been awarded the publication of the list of letters in accordance with the law, requiring this list to be published in the paper having the

LARGEST CIRCULATION.
In Politics, the MAIL is a fearless and independent advocate of CONSTITUTIONAL CONSERVATIVE PRINCIPLES.

The DAILY MAIL contains all the latest telegraphic and general intelligence, full proceedings of legislative bodies, &c., &c., while the WEEKLY MAIL, being one of the Largest Sheets in the South, is filled with reading matter only, embracing all the current news of the week.

Subscriptions, Advertising and Job Printing Solicited.
Money, in REGISTERED LETTERS, may be sent at our risk.

CHOICE HOTEL,
BROAD STREET, ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

BAGGAGE taken to and from the depot free of charge. Aug. 25th.

Bargains, Bargains.
ALL persons indebted to the undersigned are earnestly requested to give him a call, and if you cannot pay, talk about it. You may forget small matters after awhile. You have doubtless known it to be the case. "Come and let us reason together."
D. P. GUNNELS.
Oxford, Ala. August 3, 1867.

DRUGS, DRUGS.
P. L. TURNLEY,
(Successor to the firm of Turnley & Gibson.)

Announces to the public that he has and is receiving a very superior stock of Drugs, medicines, chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes, Oils, Laques, also Clover and Grass Seeds of all kinds and feels confident that he can please all of his Alabama Customers and Friends that will call on him or send their orders. Recollect he may be found at his old commodious stand No. 3, under the Choice Hotel, Rome, Ga.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW!
LIGHT FOR THE MILLION!
A VALUABLE DISCOVERY!
The Eureka Illuminating Oil
Costs only One Cent for three hours. Cheap, Clean and Neat. No Smoke. No Offensive Smell. No Grease. No Chimney. Not Explosive. Costs only 25 Cts. Per Gallon.
No Family should be without it.

Samples for testing will be sent prepaid, on receipt of 50 cents. County and State Rights for sale on liberal terms, either for Cash, Real Estate or Personal Property. Address, Eureka Oil Manufacturing Co., 37 Park Row, New York.

WILLIAM B. MARTIN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS returned and re-opened his office at No. 8, Office Row, Jacksonville Ala. He will practice in Calhoun, the adjoining Counties, the District Court of the United States at Huntsville and the Supreme Court of the State at Montgomery.

Any business confided to his care will be promptly and vigilantly attended to.
Feb. 9, 1867.

Sewing Machine for Sale.
A First-class Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, but little worn and in good order, for sale, very low.
Enquire at this Office.
Feb. 16th

Wheat Wanted.
100 Bushel of Wheat wanted, for cash, delivered at Woodward's or Carroll's.
S. D. McCLELEN.

"White Men must Rule America."
THE SELMA MESSENGER,
DAILY AND WEEKLY,
BY M. J. WILLIAMS & CO.
ROBERT McKEE, Editor.

TERMS.—Daily, one year, in advance, \$10 00
Weekly, " " " 3 00
Two copies, " " " 5 09
Five " " " 10 00

The terms are invariable.
Advertisements inserted in either the Daily or Weekly, or both, at reasonable rates.

The Daily Messenger
Has been considerably improved, and the Proprietors contemplate making further improvements at an early day. It contains the very latest intelligence from all parts of the world. In fact, it is a perfect epitome of the current events of the day.

The Weekly Messenger
Is published every Friday morning. Each number contains from twenty-eight to thirty-two long columns of reading matter, consisting of editorials on all important topics of discussion, selections from all the best papers in the United States, full telegraphic reports, poetry, miscellaneous matter, the Selma articles corrected carefully by the Chamber of Commerce, the Markets in all the principal cities of America, etc., etc.

In short, its editor spares no labor, and its publishers no expense, to make it a perfect newspaper for the farmer, the merchant, the lawyer, and the fireside.

Address:
M. J. WILLIAMS & CO., Selma, Ala.

THE MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.
A New Feature.

Having determined, in addition to the usual political, miscellaneous and local matter, to devote a column daily and a page weekly, to the promotion of the Agricultural, Stock Raising, Domestic and Sporting interests of Alabama, we respectfully solicit contributions or correspondence on these topics. There being no other paper in the State giving special attention to this department, we trust the Advertiser will receive the co-operation and support of those interested.

The politics of the Advertiser are thoroughly independent and conservative, dealing justly and fairly with all men, and holding itself above all factions and all parties, for the good of the State and country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
DAILY.

One copy, one month	\$1 00
" " three months	2 50
" " six months	5 00
" " twelve months	10 00

WEEKLY.

One copy, three months	\$1 50
" " six months	2 50
" " twelve months	4 00

Six copies twelve months sent to one Post office address 20 00
Ten copies twelve months sent to one Post office address 30 00

Clubs received for six months at the foregoing rates.

All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance; and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

1810 & SCREWS,
Editors and Proprietors.

DR. M. W. FRANCIS,
HAS resumed the duties of his profession in all its branches.
Office, N. W. Corner of Public Square, JACKSONVILLE, ALA.
November 18, 1865—17.

N. P. STOVALL, D. E. BUTLER,
Of Augusta, Ga. Of Madison, Morgan co. Ga.

STOVALL & BUTLER,
COTTON WAREHOUSE,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AUGUSTA, GA.

HAVE FORMED A PARTNERSHIP for the purpose of conducting the above business. They will devote their best energies to advance the interests of their customers in the STORAGE AND SALE OF COTTON AND OTHER PRODUCE.

M. P. Stovall is well known as having been successfully engaged for many years in the business.

D. E. Butler is also favorably known as long connected with the Planting interest and public enterprises of the State.

Office and Sales Room, corner of Jackson and Reynolds streets, now occupied by M. P. Stovall. Sep. 28, '67.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.
E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS.
Of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, etc.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR.
From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS.
Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to \$50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

Card Photographs of Generals, Statesmen, Actors, etc. etc.

Our Catalogue embraces over five thousand different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D. will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.
The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy.
Just published—Stereoscopic Views of the Interior of the Mammoth Cave of Ky, taken by aid of the new Magnesium Light.
August 31, 1867.

BLANK DEEDS,
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

DR. C. C. PORTER,
Surgeon Dentist,
Jacksonville, Alabama
Will be in
Jacksonville

On the first week in every month—Room, the same formerly occupied by him on the north-west corner of the Public Square.

Blacksmithing.
THE undersigned, respectfully informs the public that they are prepared to execute Blacksmith work of every description, in the neatest and most durable manner, and at prices as favorable as any other workmen. Their shop is near the Stage Stable, on the west side of Main street, south of the public square. One of us formerly worked with Mr. A. Adams, to whom he refers for information relative to his ability to do good and faithful work.

Terms cash, or Produce at market price.
STEPHEN L. McLEAN,
STEPHEN L. HORE.
Jacksonville, June 29, 1867.

ROME
STEAM ENGINE
AND
MACHINE WORKS,
ROME, Ga.
NOBLES & MITCHELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Horizontal, Vertical and Portable
STEAM ENGINES,
From one to Five Hundred Horse Power
Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cylinder BOILERS,
Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks
BLAST PIPES,
COTTON PRESSES,
SUGAR MILLS, &c.
MACHINERY FOR
Rolling Mills,
Blast Furnaces,
Railroads,
Saw & Grist-mills, &c.
CENTRIFUGES

Of every description, up to 25,000 lbs. weight.
Car wheels, Hammered, Locomotive and Car Axles;
Mining Machinery
For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;
Bridge-castings and Bolts;
All kinds of Machinery and
BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New and Improved Machinery and Tools. RAILROAD BRIDGE CONTRACTORS, FURNACE & ROLLING MILL MEN, AND MINING ENGINEERS, will find it to their interest to send us their orders. We use only the best material and do our work well. We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the same work can be imported, or done at any other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and the large contracts we have heretofore filled, will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLES & MITCHELL.
JAS. NOBLES, sr., Thos. P. MITCHELL, Cash.
JOHN W. NOBLE, Master Machinist & Draughtman
WM. NOBLE, GEORGE NOBLE,
SAMUEL NOBLE, Superintendent.
July 21, 1866.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS & others.
The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the BEST, CHEAPEST and most DURABLE Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriages & Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Slating Roofs, (it being Fire and Water-proof) Floor Oil Cloths, (one Manufacturer having used 5000 lbs. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for beauty, durability, and adhesiveness. Price \$6 per bbl. of 500 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint.

Address DANIEL BOWELL,
Nov. 16 Gm. 254 Pearl St. New York.

Tax Notice.
I will be in Jacksonville, on Monday the 10th December, and will remain there during the same week, for the benefit of those who wish to pay their Tax for the year 1867.

I will also attend at the following times & places, for the same purpose.

June Bug, Dec. 2, 1867.	H. G.
Madison, " " " "	"
Oxford, " 4 & 5 "	"
Yards & Roads " 6 "	"
White Plains, " 7 "	"

SMITH & RIDDLE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS,
Hardware and
Commission Merchants.

We are now receiving and will continue to receive fresh lots of Groceries and
Plantation Supplies

Every week, which they offer to Planters and Country Merchants at as low figures as can be bought in the up country. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

We are prepared to put tax on Cotton consigned to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile, New Orleans or New York.

Will soon have a Large Ware-house completed in rear of our building for storing Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867—6m.

Notice.
THOSE indebted to the estate of Sims Kelly, dec'd will save cost by calling on me at Jacksonville and settling. I have waited long and have been hard pressed to get money enough to pay the taxes. Securities may save money by urging the principals to pay up.
S. C. KELLY, Ex'r.
Oct. 12, 1867.

DENTISTRY.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH \$25 00 to \$55 00 a Set. Warranted to fit and of best quality. Teeth filled and warranted \$1 00 to \$3 00s. Teeth pulled scientifically, from many years' experience. Irregularities and diseases of the teeth properly treated by H. T. SPAULDING, at W. C. Land's, Corner Public Square, Jacksonville, Ala., Oct. 26, 1867.

SPUN COTTON;
FOR SALE;
At Wholesale and Retail;
BY
E. L. WOODWARD.

Empire Shuttle Sewing Machines
ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
For Family and Manufacturing Purposes.

Agents wanted. Address, EMPIRE S. M. CO., 616 Broadway, New York.

GROVESTEN & CO.
Piano Forte Manufacturers,
409, Broadway, New York.

THE attention of the public and the trade is invited to our New Scale, Seven Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes, which for volume and purity of tone are unrivalled by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements—French grand action, harp pedal, iron frame, over-string bass, etc., and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEN, who has a practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is fully warranted in every particular.

The "Grovesteen Piano-Forte"
Received the highest award of merit at the celebrated World's Fair,
Where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York; and also at the American Institute for five successive years, the Gold and silver Medals from both of which can be seen at our warehouses.

By the introduction of improvements we make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by manufacturing largely, with a strict cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will preclude all competition.

Our prices are from \$100 to \$250 cheaper than any other first-class Piano-Forte. Terms—Net cash in current funds. Descriptive circulars sent FREE.

NEW WOOL FACTORY,
At McKibbin's old stand on Chocoma Creek, 71 miles below Oxford and 2 1/2 above Munford. This Splendid Machinery has been purchased with a view to suit the wants of the Southern people, being clothed entirely with a superior quality of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to give satisfaction where the wool is properly prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the Depot at Munford and returned free of charge. Our old friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to call and examine our machinery.

McKIBBIN & BROTHER.
June 22, 1867.—3m.

MONTVALE SPRINGS—1867.
THIS popular Summer resort having been placed in thorough repair, and furnished with new furniture, will be opened for visitors on the 1st of June under the direction and control of the undersigned proprietors of the American Hotel, Atlanta Ga.

Montvale presents the strongest attractions to both the invalid and pleasure seeker, no less on account of its refinement and the beauty of its surrounding scenery, than of the restorative powers of its waters. We have reduced the price of board to the lowest figures consistent with a proper provision for the entertainment of our guests.

Board per day \$3 00, per week \$20 00, per month \$50 00, with an allowance for families. Travellers by rail reach the Springs by special conveyance from London, or by regular daily mail coaches from Knoxville Tenn.

WHITE & WHITLOCK.
PHOTOGRAPHS,
AMBROTYPES, &c.
E. GOODE, Artist,
(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)
Rooms first door north of E. L. Woodward's Store. June 16, 1866

W. C. LAND,
Watchmaker,
CONTINUES the Watch Repairing business above McClellan's store, west side of the public square. A good lot of materials on hand, and work done with despatch and at low rates to suit the times. Jacksonville, Feb. 24, 1866

House and Lot to Rent.
A house containing four large rooms and two entries, suitable for a boarding house, with kitchen, smoke-house, and a good garden, with choice fruit trees, and well watered, will be rented on good terms. For particulars enquire at this office.
April 20, 1868.

HERE'S YOUR STOVE!
The Home Comfort!
H. G. NOBLE,
DEALER IN
Tin Ware Stoves, &c.

HAS the pleasure of informing the public that the above named COOKING STOVES, which is rapidly coming into use, has arrived, and can be seen at his Shop, Corner of Alabama and Franklin streets. Having the advantage of twenty-five years' experience in the business, he can safely recommend the "Home Comfort" as being superior to any other ever offered in this market. It is more convenient, durable and economical, and therefore the most desirable. Call and see for yourself.

H. G. NOBLE.
M. J. TURNLEY, G. I. TURNLEY,
M. J. & G. I. TURNLEY,
Attorneys at Law

AND
Solicitors in Chancery,
General Collecting Agents.
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice Law in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, Cleburne, Cherokee, Bain, St. Clair and in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the U. S. District Court, Northern and Middle Division of Alabama.

JOHN FOSTER, WM. H. FORNEY,
FOSTER & FORNEY,
Attorneys at Law,
Jacksonville Alabama.

WILL practice in the Counties of Calhoun, Talladega, Randolph, St. Clair, Cherokee, DeKalb and the Supreme Court of the State.
Dec. 23d, 1865.

Bible Agency.
Rev. E. B. McClellan has been appointed by the Jacksonville Bible Society, a branch of the American Bible Society, Agent for the sale and distribution of Bibles, and also for the collection of donations to aid in that cause. He is commended by the Society to the confidence, friendship, co-operation and assistance of members of all religious denominations, and benevolent friends of morality and religion generally.

MUSIC LESSONS
ON THE PIANO, given by Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, commencing with the lessons of the Jacksonville Female Academy. Pupils can commence at any time during the session, and be charged for the time. Country Produce at the market price taken in payment. Jacksonville, Jan. 30, '66

Something New, Useful and Saleable!
Hawthurst's Soluble Blue and Bleaching Powder.

"TABLE MANNA," for Family Use, "NATIONAL WASHING FLUID," "STARCH POLISH," "MAGIC SOLDERING FLUID," "INDIAN PAIN ANNILATOR," "Good Samaritan's Liniment," Silver Solution," &c. &c.

FAMILY RIGHTS FOR SALE
1000 Agents Wanted. Male and Female.

A good reliable agent wanted in every town to take entire control, for his neighborhood, of several of the best, most saleable and profitable articles of every day life ever presented to the public. Profits large—satisfaction guaranteed. The right man or woman can make from \$10 to \$20 a week easily. Enclose stamps for full description and illustrated catalogue. Samples sent free. Exclusive control of territory given. Address, New York Manufacturing, 37 Park Row, New York.

Executors Sale OF LAND.
THE undersigned Executors of the Estate of John Prater, deceased, will sell to the highest bidder, on Monday the 18th day of NOVEMBER, 1867, at the late residence of deceased, the following Lands, lying in Calhoun county, to-wit: thirty acres, seven by eight in the south east fourth of south west fourth of section 5; and two acres in the north west corner of the east half of the north west fourth of section 8; all in Township 13, Range 9, including the late residence of John Prater, deceased.

There is a good Spring on the place and a tolerable orchard.
The Land will be sold on twelve months credit with interest from date; the purchaser will be required to give note and approved security—the sale will take place within the usual hours.

A. J. & JAMES PRATER, Executors.
Oct. 19, 1867.

POSTIVELY The Last Notice.
THE Notes and Accounts due me in Calhoun county, are in the hands of H. A. EATONS, of Jacksonville. I have waited patiently for their payment for years; and now give fair warning to all persons indebted to me, that unless they call upon Mr. Eatons, and pay them, before the 10th day of August, 1867, they will be placed in the hands of an Attorney, for collection by law, as early as possible.

Wheat and Flour of good quality, will be taken at the market price, from those who prefer paying in those articles in place of money.
C. J. CLARK.

July 13, 1867.—3t.

The Jacksonville Female ACADEMY.
THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, August 5th, 1867, under the direction of REV. D. F. SMITH, Principal, Miss MARY A. TURNLEY, Assistant, and Mrs. MARTHA E. FRANCIS, Teacher of Music.

Other competent Assistants will be employed if needed.
The course of study embraces all branches of instruction usually taught in Academies and High Schools.

Rates of Tuition per Session of 20 weeks.

First Class,	\$15 00
2nd "	20 00
3rd "	25 00
4th "	30 00
Music, Extra,	25 00
French "	12 00
Contingent Fund,	2 00

A deduction of 20 per cent. will be made in favor of those who will pay in advance or quarterly.

No pupils will be received for a less period than two months.

No deduction for absence, except in cases of sickness.

Parents and guardians may feel assured that the intellectual and moral improvement of the pupils will be faithfully sought.

Free access will be granted to the different Sabbath Schools and Churches in the Town, as parents may direct.

As to health, good society, and opportunities for religious instruction, Jacksonville presents advantages equal, if not superior to those of any Village or Town in Alabama.

Lectures will be delivered to the whole school, at least, on every every two weeks, on some practical, moral or religious topic.

Board can be had in good families on reasonable terms.

E. L. WOODWARD, Chm'n.
J. F. GRANT, Sec'y.

J. C. FRANCIS,
A. ADAMS,
B. C. WYLY,
J. H. PRIVETT,
M. J. TURNLEY,
L. W. CANNON,
W. H. FLEMING,
A. WOODS.

July 23, 1867.

BEAR PRINTING PAPER.
A traveller asked a boy what that hungry looking hound was following him for? "Can't say, certain stranger," was the impudent reply of the youngster, "but I reckon he takes you for a 'bone.'"

A divine preached on Sunday morning from the text: "Ye are the children of the devil," and in the afternoon, by a funny coincidence, "Children, obey your parents."

[The Rural Editor of the New York Saturday Evening Post, "Cosmos," takes sharp hold of the poor practices of slipshod farmers, and gives them a very just castigation. His shots will strike hard to some folks in this region, and they deserve it, too.]

It is pretty poor practice for a farmer to dig and delve, tug and grub, and clear up fifty acres of land at a cost of \$2,00, and then in the third year surrender about a fifth of it to the briars, brambles and ox-eye daisies. We will add, thistles, mustard and dogweed.

Poor practice to half manure, half plow, half seed and half cultivate a field, and then harvest from it less than a half a crop.

To keep two inferior, scrawny, scrub cows for dairy purposes, that gives less than one good one, and consumes more food than three.

To purchase in town 500 loads of livery stable manure, and suffer 600 of better home made manure to run to waste.

To attempt to fatten three hogs into 1,200 lbs. of pork on just so much food as would keep two nicely growing.

To estimate Agricultural Fairs as ar-rant humbugs, and spend three days every month saving the country at political meetings, horse-racing and other losing games.

To plant out a big orchard of choice fruit trees with a first thought of money making, and leave them to do or die.

To keep two fancy five hundred dollar carriage horses and pay six dollars a day for a team to plow.

It is positively a poor practice to call "book larin'" all bosh, to ignore news and Agricultural papers, and attempt to keep up an even poke with your progressive neighbors by main strength and stupidity.

"On with the Dance,
Let joy be unconfin'd."

DANCING ACADEMY.
MR. & MRS. J. A. BAILEY, respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that they will open the second session in Dancing, at the Jacksonville Hotel, on Saturday morning at 8 o'clock Nov. 2nd, for Masters and Misses, and Saturday night at 8 o'clock for Gentlemen.

They return their sincere thanks for the liberal patronage received during the first session, and hope for its continuance.

Nov. 2, 1867—17.

Jacksonville

Republican

VOL. 31.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA. NOV. 30, 1867.

WHOLE NO. 1600.

Jacksonville Republican.

EDITED, PRINTED & PUBLISHED, EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, BY J. F. GRANT.

A. G. PIERCE, S. P. SMITH, J. H. COOPER.

PIERCE, COOPER & CO.
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERS

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Pittner's Corner, Broad St., Rome, Ga.

We receive and sell, Ship or Store COTTON and other Produce for the Planter, Mr. F. H. Cooper, who will give his special attention to that branch of the business.
Rome, Ga., Sept. 28, 1866.—Gm.

IMPORTANT

COTTON PLANTERS.

Under present regulations, parties can obtain Permits from Assessors to ship cotton from one District to another, without paying the tax, by consigning the cotton to the Collector of District to which cotton is shipped.

I will pay the tax on all cotton thus consigned to "C. B. Andrews," Collector, Selma, Ala., if so instructed by consignors. Messrs. Smith & Riddle, Oxford, will store and ship all cotton consigned to me from that depot, free of charge to shippers.

A liberal patronage is solicited.
ABNER WILLIAMS.
Selma, Oct. 21, 1867.

S. & T. J. MORGAN,

GROCERY

AND
Commission Merchants,
OXFORD, Ala.

Keep constantly on hand a fine assortment of choice Groceries, for sale on the most reasonable terms.

They are also prepared to pay the Tax on Cotton and attend to its shipment to the best houses in Selma, Mobile or New Orleans.
Oxford, Oct. 5, 1867.

All persons indebted to the old firm of S. & T. J. Morgan & Co., and to S. & T. J. Morgan, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment.

E. L. WOODWARD,
Is receiving his Stock of
Fall and Winter
GOODS,

Which he offers as cheap as can be afforded.

His Assortment is General.
If you consider him worthy of patronage, he will be pleased to receive it, and fully appreciate any favors received.
—Terms, Cash. Oct. 12, 1867.

P. ROWAN

Is now receiving the largest stock of
GOODS

Ever brought to this market since the commencement of the war. All are invited to call and examine his stock, with the assurance that they cannot fail, but of the great variety, to be suited both in quality and price.
Jacksonville, Oct. 5, 1867.

JACKSONVILLE ACADEMY,

ENGLISH & CLASSICAL.
Prof. W. J. BORDEN, Principal,
Rev. R. J. C. HAY, Assistant.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday the 20th inst. in the large and commodious buildings provided for this purpose.

Such additional teachers will be employed as the number and wants of the pupils may require.

The plan of instruction is thorough and practical.

The regulations, formed for the moral and intellectual improvement of the pupils, are mild, though positive, and are rigidly enforced.

The location is in the midst of a healthy and refined community.

The expenses are moderate—from \$15 to \$30 per session for tuition, and from \$15 to \$20 per month for board in private families.

Pupils received at any time and charged from the date of admission to the close of the session.

All interested are invited to give this Institution a rigid scrutiny, and if found worthy, to give it also their patronage and support.

For further particulars address the principal, or
G. B. DOUTHITT,
Secretary Board of Trustees.
Jacksonville, July 20, 1867.

G. C. ELLIS, J. H. CALDWELL.

ELLIS & CALDWELL,
Attorneys at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of Law, will practice together, except in criminal cases, in the counties of Calhoun, Talladega, St. Clair, Randolph, Cherokee and DeKalb.
Jan. 6, 1866.

JUST PUBLISHED.

NEW WORK ON SINGING.

BASSINIS

Twenty Melodic Exercises,
IN FORM OF
SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR
MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES,

INTENDED AS
Studies to acquire the Art of Singing.

"These exercises were composed by a distinguished singer, and are well adapted for the cultivation of the voice, and will take the place of CONCONE'S SOLFEGGIOS; being more melodious and better adapted for teaching."

"Some of these exercises are specially beautiful as well as useful, a mingling of the *color* of voice, which secures the interest as well as the improvement of the student. The various styles developed in these exercises render them invaluable in an educational point of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelligence of the pupil. They must be studied carefully with reference to the innumerable marks of expression and force of ornamentation. Upon the minute accuracy with which these are accomplished depends the actual artistic advancement of the pupil; any evasion or flinching in these respects is time and effort utterly wasted. While, on the other hand, a close and patient investigation, and minutely faithful execution of them, will give unexpected power and facility, and open to the student the means and resources by which great artists produce their most brilliant and profound results."—*Watson's Art Journal*.

In Two Volumes,
Price, each, in Boards, Retail, \$2.00
do. do. in Cloth, Retail, \$2.50
A Single Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on receipt of Wholesale Price, \$1.50.

Published by WM. HALL & SON,
No. 542 Broadway, N. Y.

Publishers and dealers in Music, and Manufacturers of FLUTES, FIFES, FLAGEOLETS, &c., &c., &c. Send for catalogue of prices.

Just Received,

Domestic,

Calicoes, &c.
By
E. L. WOODWARD.

DURVEE'S

VIOLINE,

A New Writing Fluid.
Of a Beautiful Violet Color,
ALSO
VIOLINE COPYING FLUID,
To Copy Without Press.

MANUFACTURED BY THE
MANHATTAN INK AND COLOR CO.,
49 LIBERTY STREET.

To Painters Furniture and other Manufacturers.

YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO
THE MANHATTAN PAINT OIL,
50 Cents Per Gallon.

Invented by G. DURVEE, M. D. Chemist of New York.

Who has spent several years experimenting for a substitute for Linseed Oil.

It is well known that alabaster gives to oil from linseed oil its besting virtues; therefore, a chemical combination of alabaster with any other oil would make it equally valuable.

Knowing the properties against a new oil, especially after the failure of many failures, we have awaited severe tests before entering the arena. Neither shall we make vain promises or boast, but leave the merits of our oil to the test of time. We have seen this much, that after two years' trial, in all weather, this oil has been found as indestructible as the best boiled linseed oil.

It may be thinned with turpentine or raw linseed oil.

With lead it dries in six hours!

With zinc it gives the lustre of Damur varnish.

For a roofing oil it will be found just the thing.

The price is about two-thirds that of linseed oil.

It will not injure the most delicate colors, nor will it crack or peel off.

Furniture Manufacturers will like it for first coats to varnish on.

Boiler makers and Iron Finishers will here find a substitute having the appearance of copal varnish.

Ship Painters are asked to give it a trial.

Among the many parties who have tried it we take pleasure in referring to
The Messrs. Corrugated Iron Roofing and Bridge Co., of Boston & New York.
G. Whitlock, Brookline, New York.
J. H. Gibb, of Pacific
J. C. Follows, N. Y. S. S. Co., N. Y.

New York, Nov. 10, 1867.

To MANHATTAN PAINT OIL CO.

I take pleasure in stating that I have used your Paint Oil on wood and iron, with different kinds of paint, and have no hesitation in saying that, in my opinion, it makes a better coating than linseed, and that, for all purposes where exposed to weather, is much preferable. Yours, J. T. WILBURN.

Brown Metallic Paint, 34 cents per lb.
Varnish for Housework, and First Coats Furniture, \$2 per gallon.

SOLD BY DEALERS IN PAINT OIL, &c.
MANUFACTURED BY
The Manhattan Paint Oil Co.,
49 Liberty St., New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE LIFE, LETTERS, SPEECHES, &c. of

RON. ALEXANDER H. STEVENS.

By Henry Cleland,
Late Editor of the Augusta (Ga.) Constitutionalist.

Sent for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address
NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.
Feb. 16, 1867.

JOHN W. INZER. LEROY F. BOX.

INZER & BOX,
Attorneys at Law.

Solicitors in Chancery
ASHVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in all the Courts of the State, and in the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, and in the Supreme Court of the United States.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON,
of Alabama.

Has located in the country near Scottsbluff, Kemper county, Mississippi, where he may be consulted. He operates with perfect success for

PILES, FISTULA,
TUMORS, POLYPI,
DISEASES OF FEMALES, &c.

Dr. C. has never lost a patient, nor had accident to happen. He has operated on the most respectable of the profession of all the Southern States, and for a good many years has visited almost every city in the South. He will visit Gadsden, and points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, if time there our should desire it. Feb. 23, '65

A SAFE
CERTAIN,
AND
Speedy Cure
FOR
NEURALGIA,
AND ALL
NERVOUS
DISEASES.

Its Effects are
Magical.

It is an ESSENTIAL REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than two or three PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this wonderful REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing, affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of our most eminent physicians, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval. Sent by mail on receipt of price, and postage.

One package, \$1.00, Postage 5 cents.
Six packages, 5.00, " 27 "
Twelve packages, 9.00, " 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO. Sole Proprietors,
129 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.
Oct. 12, 1867.

By the Governor of Alabama,

A PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
STATE OF ALABAMA.

WHEREAS, information has reached this Department, that an atrocious murder was recently committed in Cleburne county upon the body of Michael Pennell; and

Whereas, it is formally charged, that the said murder was perpetrated by JOSEPH MARKS; and it appearing that the said Marks has fled from justice, and is still running at large;

Now, therefore, with a view of vindicating the outraged law, and having the murderer brought to condign punishment, I, R. M. Patton, Governor of the State of Alabama, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of

Three Hundred Dollars

to any person who may arrest the said Joseph Marks, and deliver him into the custody of the Sheriff of Cleburne county.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of Montgomery, this 5th day of June, A. D. 1867, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety-first.

R. M. PATTON.

By the Governor,
MICHAEL TAYLOR,
Secretary of State.

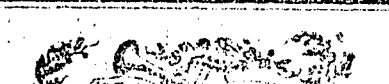
DESCRIPTION.

Joseph Marks is low in stature; stout and heavy built, weighs about one hundred and seventy-five pounds; he is about twenty-five years of age; he has blue eyes, light hair, which was quite long when he fled; his complexion is fair. He is slow spoken. The scar on the left foot has been cut, so that it hangs down. The first and third toes on the same foot, incline towards each other, and nearly if not quite touch.

H. L. STEVENSON,
Attorney at Law,
AND
Solicitor in Chancery,
JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Calhoun and adjoining Counties; and give prompt and faithful attention to all business confided to his care.

Particular attention given to the collection of debts.
Oct. 19, 1867.—17



POETRY.

Then Lucilla and her mother took the opportunity of falling into each other's arms.

"It's so naughty of you," said Mrs. Richmond. "But oh, dear, I can't blame you. It was exactly so with me. I ran away with your papa, you know, and my parents objected because of his poverty. I feel the greatest sympathy for you, and Frederick has such fine eyes, and is so pleasing, I wish I could soften your papa."

"When he has seen the letters there'll be no hope, I'm very much afraid," sobbed Miss Lucilla. "Fred is so romantic, and papa hates romance."

"He used to be very romantic himself in those old times," said Mrs. Richmond. "Such letters as he wrote me. I have them in my desk yet. He said he should die if I refused him."

"So does Fred," said Lucilla.

"And that life would be worthless without me; and about my being beautiful (he thought so, you know), I'm sure he ought to sympathize a little," said Mrs. Richmond.

But she dared not promise that he would.

She coaxed her darling to stop crying and made her lie down—then went up into her own room to put the letters into her desk, and as she placed them in the pigeon-hole, she saw in another a bundle tied exactly as those were and drew them out.

These letters were to a Lucilla also. One who had received them 20 years before—and now she was a matron old enough to have a daughter who had heart troubles—unfolding them one by one, wondering how it came to pass that lovers' letters were so much alike.

Half a dozen—just the same number, and much more romantic than those the music master had written to her daughter Lucilla. A strange idea came into Mrs. Richmond's mind she dared not oppose her husband; by a look or a word she had never attempted such a thing.

But he was very fond of her daughter. When she left the desk she looked guilty and frightened, and something in her pocket rustled as she moved. But she said nothing to any one on the subject until the dinner hour arrived, and with it came her husband, angered and more determined than ever. The meal was passed in silence; then, having adjourned to the parlor, Mr. Richmond seated himself in a great arm chair and demanded:

"The letters," in a voice of thunder.

Mrs. Richmond put her hand into her pocket, and pulled it out again with a frightened look.

Mr. Richmond again repeated, still more sternly:

"Those ab-urd letters, if you please, my dear woman."

And then the little woman faltered:

"—that is—I believe—yes, dear—I believe I have them," and gave him a white pile of envelopes, encircled with blue ribbon, with a hand that trembled like an aspen leaf.

As for Lucilla, she began to weep as though the end of all things had come at last, and felt sure that if papa should prove cruel she should die.

"Six letters—six shameful pieces of deception, Lucilla," said the indignant parent. "I am shocked that a child of mine could practice such duplicity. Hem! let me see number one, I believe—June, and this is December—Half a year you have deceived us then, Lucilla. Let me see—ah! 'From the first moment he adored you,' eh? Nonsense. People don't fall in love in that absurd manner. It takes years of acquaintance and respect and attachment."

"With your smiles for his goal, he would win both fame and fortune, poor as he is!" Fiddlesticks, Lucilla! A man who has common sense would always wait until he had a fair commencement before he proposed to any girl.

"Praise of your beauty! The loveliest creature he ever saw!" Exaggeration my dear. You are not plain, but such flattery is absurd. 'Must hear from you or die?' Dear, dear—how absurd!"

And Mr. Richmond dropped the first letter and took up another.

"The same stuff," he commented.

"I hope you don't believe a word he says—A plain, earnest, upright sort of man would never go into such rhapsodies, I am sure. Ah! now, in number three he calls you 'an angel!' He is romantic, upon my word. And what is all this?"

"Those who would forbid me to see you can find no fault with me but my poverty, I am honest—I am earnest in my efforts. I am by birth a gentleman, and I love you from my soul. Do not let them sell you for gold, Lucilla."

"Great he vens, what impertinence to your parents."

"I don't remember Fred's saying any-

thing of that kind," said little Lucilla. "He never knew you would object."

Mr. Richmond shook his head, frowned, and read on in silence until the last sheet lay under his hand. Then with an ejaculation of rage he started to his feet.

"Infamous!" he cried: "I'll horse-whip him!—I'll—murder him! As for you, by Jove, I'll send you to a convent. Klope, klope with a music teacher! I'm ashamed to call you my daughter. Where's my hat? Give me my boots. Here, John, call a cab!"

But here Lucilla caught one arm and Mrs. Richmond the other.

"Oh, papa, are you crazy?" said Lucilla. "Frederick never proposed such a thing. Let me see the letter. Oh, papa, this is not Fred's—upon my word it is not. Do look papa! it is dated 20 years back, and Frederick's name is not Charles! Papa, these are your love-letters to mama, written long ago. Her name is Lucilla, you know!"

Mr. Richmond sat down in his arm chair in silence, very red in the face.

"How did this occur?" he said sternly; and little Mrs. Richmond, retreating into a corner, with her handkerchief to her eyes, sobbed:

"I did it on purpose," and, paused, as though she expected a sudden judgment. But, hearing nothing, she dared at last to rise and creep up to her husband timidly.

"You know Charles," she said. "It's so long ago since, and I thought you might not exactly remember—how you fell in love with me at first sight; how papa and mama objected, and how at last we ran away together; and it seemed to me that if we could bring it all back plainly to you as it was then, we might let dear Lucilla marry the man she likes, who is good, if he is not rich. I do not need it to be brought back any plainer myself; women have more time to remember, you know, and we've been very happy have we not?"

And certainly Mr. Richmond could not deny that. So Lucilla, feeling that her interests might safely be left in her mother's keeping, slipped out of the room, and heard the result of the little ruse next morning. It was favorable to the young music teacher, who had really only been sentimental, and had not gone half so far as an elopement; and, in the course of time, the two were married with all the pomp and grandeur befitting the nuptial of a wealthy merchant's daughter, with the perfect approbation of Lucilla's father and to the great joy of Lucilla's mamma, who justly believed that her little ruse had brought about all her daughter's happiness.

THE SECRETS OF MASONS.—The public sometimes ask of us: "What are those ceremonies which Freemasons prize so greatly and preserve so sacredly among themselves?" We reply: "These would be of no use to you even if we could communicate them." They have a special meaning to those who are first prepared in heart. The theory of the little one in its cradle, which to you, its mother, is so fraught with meaning, has little meaning to others. The love look of the maiden, which to her lover is expressive of such a world of tenderness, conveys but little meaning to me. And so it is with those signs and other methods of Masonic recognition; they only serve a purpose to those who are prepared to understand and to respond to them, but would convey no meaning to you.

Yet we will communicate to you some signs and passwords and a ceremonial form full of Freemasonry, and equally as binding upon you as they are upon us.

1st. When from the lips of parent or Christian friend you hear the words of solemn counsel, warning, rebuke or exhortation, answer those words, we charge you in the name of God, by refraining from evil practices and drawing nearer to the cross of Him whose spirit has put it into the hearts of loving friends thus to do you good. Those words of counsel are the true words of Freemasonry; ancient as the warning words which God addressed to our erring parents in Eden.

2d. When upon the convulsed face of suffering humanity you perceive the tears slowly trickling down—when you see the hands painfully clenched under the agonizings of human sorrow, and hear the choking sob and heavy sigh, answer those signs, we charge you in the name of God, answer them quickly and give such sympathy and aid as it may be in your power to afford. These are the grand hailing signs of Masonry; ancient as the day that Rachel sorrowed in her death-pangs and universally binding upon Masons and anti-Masons, man and woman, "to the last syllable of recorded time."—*Nat. Freemason*.

WALTH gotten by vanity shall be diminished; but he that gathereth by labor shall increase.

The best "Lady's Companion"—Her husband.

Terms of Subscription.
For one year, in advance, \$3 00
For six months, " " 1 75
Terms of Advertising.
One square of ten lines or less,
first insertion, \$2 00
Each subsequent insertion, 1 00
Over one square counted as two, over two as three, &c. A liberal discount made on advertisements continued for three, six, or twelve months.
Announcement of Candidates, \$5 00
Obituaries charged at advertising rates.

M. FULENWIDER, with **BOGGS, NOTT & WOODS** of Selma, is our authorized Agent, to contract, receive and receipt for subscription and advertising for the Republican.

BLANK LAND DEEDS and **DEEDS OF TRUST**, neatly and correctly printed, for sale by the quire or single copy, at this office. Also every description of Blanks for Justices of the Peace.

To Administrators and Executors.
Administrators and Executors who desire to publish notices of Grant of Letters, and Sales of Land and other property, in the *Republican*, can do so as heretofore. Such publications are required to be made, signed, and paid for by themselves, and not by the Judge of Probate—consequently they are not "official patronage," and not affected by Gen. Pope's order 49.

Rabbit Town Road.

I wish to call the attention of the Merchants and business men of Jacksonville, to the fact, that the Rabbit Town Road is getting impassable. I propose that all the citizens meet on Monday week at the Court House at 8 A. M. and work out the road to the top of the mountain. Those who cannot work to send a hand or pay \$2 00. With 50 hands I can make the road passable in two days. Come one—come all—it is to the interest of the Town that this work be done.
D. F. SHUFORD,
Nov. 23, Marshal.

See notice of reception of New Goods, & Groceries, by Col. P. Rowan.

FOR SALE.
Two valuable Town Lots, near the Spring, two acres in one, and half an acre in the other, with dwelling house, for sale low—enquire at this Office.
Nov. 30, 1867.

An Explanation.

Circumstances having given rise to a rumor that we had sold the Republican office, or disposed of the editorial control of this paper to the Radical party, renders it necessary for us to make some explanation to its patrons.

Owing to the oppressive nature of Gen. Pope's despotic order, forbidding civil officers to publish their advertisements in this paper, which deprived it of a portion of its legitimate patronage, we did propose to sell out entirely, for what we considered less than two-thirds of its real value, content to retire altogether from the disgusting arena of modern politics, mixed up as it is with radicalism, leaguism and niggerism; but owing to the depression of business, scarcity of money, and other causes we did not succeed in selling. Our readers and patrons may rest assured, that while we own or control this paper, it will undergo no political change, which we cannot honestly entertain, and as honestly and candidly avow. Should we undergo a sincere change of opinion of political principle or policy, we will be the first to avow it through our columns. But unless such change should occur, although we have suffered, do suffer, and may still continue to suffer, in common with two or three hundred other papers in this Military District, from the effects of despotic orders—come weal or woe, prosperity or adversity, sink or swim, live or die, we will never desert the just, the true, the honorable and the good, and affiliate with or aid any political party, whose principles, motives, aims and ends, we utterly detest and abhor.

In this connection we hope we may be pardoned for saying, that what might come with a better grace from another pen, that we have a past record of more than thirty years of political consistency, integrity and stability, which we could not be induced to compromise for any present immunity or party advantage. From our earliest knowledge or recollection of political principles and party action, every pulsation of our heart has beat true to democratic republicanism and constitutional liberty; and we intend to guard it, in the hope and trust that it will remain true to the end.

As to the Military Order referred to in this article, we have only to say, that we regard it as the most inexcusable, shameless and vital stab at the very heart of civil liberty, through the liberty of the press, ever given in this government.

In conclusion we will say, that we do not in the slightest degree, blame any of the County Officers for obeying the order in question. It was all that

they could do, without the certainty of removal, and having their places filled, greatly to the public detriment, by political renegades and adventurers; especially in this, the old Banner County, against which there is such bitter and implacable hostility, on account of the gallantry and political firmness and integrity of its citizens.

The attention of parents and guardians, and the friends of education generally is invited to the notice of the new Polytechnic Academy, the first session of which will commence on the 2nd Monday in January next, with Gen. John H. Forney and Col. H. A. Rutledge as Instructors. For thorough scholarship, disciplinary and other qualifications of first class Teachers, these gentlemen have few if any superiors in the South. This Academy will combine several new features and advantages, not usually enjoyed in Schools and Academies. Let the public, who are to be most benefited, see to it, that this Academy receive a liberal patronage, while the opportunity is afforded.

Several family rights, with receipts for making and directions for using Jackson's Washing Compound have been left at this office for sale, by Capt. Wm. Johnston, the Agent for this County. The price is only one dollar, and it is the opinion of good judges, who have thoroughly tested it, that it is worth twenty times that amount in a single year.

J. M. Carroll has received a fresh supply of Chewing Tobacco, of superior quality, and cheap as any heretofore.

Better than Washing Machines.

Wm. Johnston, of Choctawhatchee valley, is sole Agent for this county, for the sale of "Jackson's Universal Washing Compound," patented in 1866, a far superior article to any of the washing compounds ever heretofore invented. It will wash in hard or soft water—no need of rubbing or pounding—will not injure the fabric washed, on the contrary it fixes and preserves the colors, and will remove paint, grease or stains of all kinds. The articles composing it are cheap and easily obtained, and will prove a saving of \$20 per year to a family of five persons. It has been tried in the family of the publisher of this paper and pronounced splendid. We have no hesitation in recommending it, and think that every family ought to obtain the right to use it.

A further trial this week has confirmed and more than confirmed all that has been said in its favor above. Every family ought to procure the receipt and right to use it.

To Our Friends.—As defenders of the people, and as sentinels upon the wall, it is plainly our duty to warn the public against a perilous foe in whatever shape or form he may present himself.

Harbinger of death are clustering thickly around you, and every family is in quest of some kind of reliable family medicine to stay the blighting hand of disease. Just here, permit us to give you some honest advice—a number of Southern Physicians are now preparing a class of family medicines, specially adapted to the diseases of the South. See advertisement of the "Great Southern Preparation" in another column, and we take much pleasure in giving them hearty recommendation.

We are always ready to reckon up our trials, but are we equally so to keep account of the sins which drew them down upon us?

Wonderful Freak of Nature.

A Black Woman Gives Birth to Triplets Two of them Coal Black—The Other White

From a gentleman conversant with the facts we learn of one of those wonderful freaks of nature which sometimes occur most unaccountably. The present case is one that our medical gentlemen should investigate, as it certainly partakes of the wonderful. It is a subject for scientific investigation, to ascertain the cause of so curious and genuine a freak of nature.

About four days ago a colored woman living on the Louisville Road, about two miles from the city, was seized with pain of labor, and soon afterwards became a mother—not of one child, but of three. Two of the infants are black as ebony, and the other, curious to relate, is white as the purest Caucasian. The woman herself is very black, as is also her husband, we understand. Our informant did not make a note of her name at the time, and was unable to furnish it to us, at present. The facts are vouched for by a gentleman well known to our city, who saw the infants, and who came from the place yesterday, and gave us the facts.

Here is a chance for Barnum. We have heard of blacks turning white by some slow process. Black women have not unfrequently given birth to children in whose veins the blood of the white man courses. But such an event as this is unheard of, we think—a black woman giving birth to black and white at the

same time. It is beyond understanding and a problem difficult of solution. Science and medical art may advance some theory for it, but it is beyond the comprehension of common mortals. The children and mother, at last accounts, were doing well.
Savannah Republican.

LATEST NEWS.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

Montgomery, Nov. 22.—In the Reconstruction (bayonet) Convention today the article of the Constitution on the judiciary, as reported, provides that the Governor shall appoint all the judges of the several courts, solicitors and chancellors, to be confirmed by the Senate. The magistrates shall be appointed by the Governor, but the Legislature may change the manner of appointing them. The chancellors shall appoint the registers, and the judges shall appoint clerks of the several courts. The

Montgomery, Nov. 26.—The reconstruction (bayonet) convention to-day the following article: A new

ARTICLE ON TAXATION.

All taxes on property in this State all be assessed in proportion to the value of such property; provided that a General assembly may levy a poll tax not to exceed \$1 50 on each poll which shall be applied exclusively in aid of the public school fund. The day session was consumed in discussing the proposition to vest the power the Governor to appoint all judicial officers.

The convention finally provided for a election of the Supreme Court judges and chancellors by the Legislature, and all other judicial officers by a people.

From the Chicago Tribune 2d, (Radical) publication—A Radical Broadside Against It.

Mr. Thaddeus Stevens threatens to new his efforts to secure the confiscation of the property of certain classes in the South; and we hope that, when he brings forward his motion, it may promptly and effectually be squelched. The South is already not only poverty-stricken, but absolutely beggared. Let our readers imagine what the condition of the loyal States would be if all our national securities, now in the hands of the people, were made suddenly worthless; if the bonds of the individual States were reduced in value one-half, and made unsaleable at almost any price; the bank circulation were caused to suddenly disappear; if the greenbacks were wiped out like pencil marks, by a damp sponge; if nineteen-twentieths of the manufacturing machinery were destroyed; if three-fourths of the domestic animals were killed off; if half of the household furniture, conveniences and utensils were broken up; if half the young men in the country were slain; if the labor system, such as we have enjoyed, were utterly upturned; if all public and private credit were so far destroyed that no State could borrow a dollar and no man could buy for his note a bushel of corn; if, in a word out of all our former wealth nothing but weedy land and heritage of disorder remained—imagine the loyal States, we say, so reduced, and we have a picture of what the South is to-day!

FROM RICHMOND.

Richmond, Nov. 22.—Mr. Davis left Canada on Tuesday, and to avoid attracting attention in New York, he went on board the steamer Albemarle at her sailing hour.

On his arrival here he took a coach and drove to Judge Ould's residence. He was not expected, even by his counsel. His counsel to-night deny the report that they have any intention of resisting a trial before Judge Underwood.

Mr. Davis is in excellent health and quite cheerful. Many friends are calling on him to-night.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, Nov. 22.—General Mower this evening issued special order No. 193, suspending those portions of orders No. 191 and 192, of the 20th 21st insts., removing State and judicial officers.

The Times has a special saying that Gen Grant has directed Gen. Mower to suspend his order making removals until Gen. Hancock's arrival.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The following is Kelly's resolution:

Resolved, That the welfare of the people in the maintenance of the South and the credit of the Government requires the repeal of the tax imposed by existing laws on cotton and the produce of mechanical manufacturing industry.

It is said the wool interest will oppose the repeal of the tax.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

Montgomery, Nov. 23.—The Convention passed an ordinance imposing an additional tax of ten per cent. on the taxes otherwise assessed on the taxable property in this State for the purpose of paying the expenses of the Convention, to be assessed and collected during the tax year of 1868.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 24.—The impeachment committee continued its session till a late hour last night, and will meet again to-morrow morning and report during the day. There will be three reports. The documents are voluminous.

Heavy transactions have been made in gold.

The report is expected to influence the market, and most feverish anxiety exists.

Later.—The impression that the committee will stand five for impeachment gains ground. It is said that high official circles have intimation to this effect.

Latest.—Noon.—The galleries in the capitol are crowded.

The impeachment committee is still in session.

The chair announced the committee at half past one o'clock, but the report on impeachment was delayed, though there seems no doubt that Churchill has gone over to the impeachers, giving them five votes and the majority.

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army of dependents ready to do its will

These are only interrogative suggestions; but they point out, in a general way, the objections that we hold to be valid against the whole confiscation scheme; and we are sure they will strike our readers as forcibly as they have impressed us; and having considered them, they will agree with the ablest thinkers and wisest statesmen of our party, that confiscation would be a cruelty for which no necessity has yet arisen—for which none will arise.

Selma & Rome Railroad.

It is gratifying to see evidences of vigorous prosecution in this important work. The parties who have taken the contract to rebuild the bridge over the Etowah are now here. We are informed that they have made contracts with Mr. Samuel Noble to furnish the lumber, and with Nobles & McCullough for the iron work. They hope to have the bridge completed in two months.

Rome Courier

Fresh Supply

OF

Dry Goods,

GROCERIES

AND

CLOTHING!

Received this week

By P. ROWAN.

Nov 30, 1867.

The Polytechnic Academy.

THE first session of the "Polytechnic Academy," will commence in Jacksonville, on the 2nd Monday in January, 1868.

Instructor in Mathematics, Philosophy & Military Discipline.

Instructor in Ancient Modern Languages, Composition & Education.

Teachers for the Preparatory Department, and Assistant Instructors will be employed as the necessities of the Academy may demand.

The second session will commence 4th Monday in July.

TERMS, per session of 20 weeks, from \$15 to \$30.

BOARD in private families can be obtained at low rates.

For further particulars apply to

JOHN H. FORNEY,

Nov. 30, 1867. Jacksonville, Ala.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

SOUTHERN HOME JOURNAL.

The Publishers of the Southern Home Journal design making this paper strictly a literary production of the South, not in a spirit of contention, but rather contentment, avoiding every thing of a political nature, to be devoted to choice Literature, Biography, History, Poetry, and the News of the day. Our aim will be to make the Home Journal as useful and entertaining as a paper of its kind can be made, and we shall spare neither pains nor expense in the accomplishment of our object.

As there is not a weekly paper of this class published in the South, the Publishers ask for the liberal patronage of all who feel an interest in the advancement of the South to that high standard, in every respect, to which the intelligence of her people entitles her, and which she ought ever to occupy among the peoples of the world. Let it not be longer said that the Southern section of the country is dependent on Eastern enterprise for everything—even for a choice family paper.

The following distinguished writers will be regular contributors to the Home Journal.

Major John Estlin Cooke,

W. Gilmore Simms, Esq.

Paul H. Hayne, Esq.

Charles H. Smith, Esq. (Bill Arp.)

Professor James Wood Davidson

George H. Miles, Esq.

T. O. De Leon, Esq.

Thomas E. Van Bibber, Esq.

Rev. J. L. Beynolds.

Mrs. Anna Cora Mowatt Ritchie.

A. J. Ryan, Author of the Conqueror

Banner.

William H. Carpenter, Esq.

Rev. James B. Averitt.

Edward Spencer, Esq.

Edward A. Pollard, Esq.

Mrs. Fanny Dowling.

Mrs. Margaret J. Preston.

Professor M. Schiele De Vere.

John R. Thompson, Esq.

Rev. E. J. Stearns.

James Hungerford, Esq.

John C. Carpenter, Esq.

Miss Fannie Fielding.

TERMS:

Single Copies 6 cents, to be had of all News Dealers; to Subscribers, \$3 per annum; four copies, \$10; eight copies, \$20. The person who sends us \$20 for a club of eight copies, (all sent at one time,) will be entitled to one extra copy free. Postmasters, and others who get up clubs in their respective towns, can afterwards add single copies at \$2 50. No subscriptions taken for a less period than one year.—When a draft or money-order can conveniently be sent, it will be preferred, as it will prevent the possibility of the loss money by mail. The postage of the Home Journal to all parts of the country is only twenty cents a year, or five cents a quarter, payable at the office where the paper is delivered.

To the person who sends us \$75 for a club of twenty-five subscribers, from a district where the paper cannot be obtained of a Newsdealer, we will send as a premium, a No. 23 G. over & Baker SEWING MACHINE, the retail price of which is \$55.

We prefer to sell our paper solely through the Newsdealer, but believing that parties who interest themselves in obtaining subscribers for any paper should be paid for their trouble, we are induced to offer the above liberal premium to those who do so for us.

All who feel an interest in the success of this enterprise, and desire to become contributors to its columns, will please address J. Y. SLATER & CO., Publishers, 203 West Baltimore St., Baltimore.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons, that I will not pay, or be responsible, for any debt of any character, contracted by my wife Ann Turner, nor for any supplies furnished her, as necessary or otherwise, by any person or persons—as she has voluntarily, and without the slightest cause, left my home and went, without my consent, and against my positive wishes, and will—Nov. 27, 1867—M. TURNER.

We copy the following sales from the Talladega Reporter, for the information of the public, and register of parties concerned.

REGISTER SALES.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree from the Chancery Court held at Jacksonville, for the 36th Dist. of the Northern Chancery Div. of Ala. at the July Term, 1867, in favor of C. J. Cooper, and vs. Isham W. Andrews, Nancy Anderson and Benj. Johnson, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, Ala. within the usual hours of sale, on Monday the 6th day of January, 1868, the following described Land, to-wit: The north-east fourth of sec. 26, T. 16 R. 8 east in the Coosa Land Dis. Calhoun co. Ala. to satisfy said decree.

ALSO—at the same time and place and on the same terms, under another decree rendered by said court in favor of Joel R. Love, and vs. James M. Fain, F. C. Fain et al., I will sell the following described Lands, to-wit: The south half of the N E fourth of sec. 15, T. 14, R. 7, also the N E half of the N E fourth of sec. 3, T. 14, R. 7, east in the Coosa Land Dis. Calhoun co. Ala. to satisfy said decree.

ALSO—at the same time and place and on the same terms, under another decree rendered by said court in favor of C. B. Sisson and vs. Martin O'Keeffe, I will sell the following described Lands, to-wit: The W. half of the N E fourth, and the E half of the N W fourth and the W half of the S E fourth, and the E half of the S W fourth, and the W half of the N W fourth, of sec. 9, T. 14, R. 9, also the E half of the South W fourth and the W half of the S W fourth of sec. 4, T. 14, R. 9 east in the Coosa Land Dis. Calhoun co. Ala. to satisfy said decree.

ALSO—at the same time and place and on the same terms, under another decree rendered by said court, in favor of Mandeville and Stewart and vs. Sabrina Buttram, et al., I will sell the following described Lands (except a dower interest of one-third of said Lands,) to-wit: The S E fourth of the N E fourth of sec. 27, T. 13, R. 11; also the E half of the S E fourth of sec. 27, T. 13, R. 11; also the S W fourth of sec. 27, T. 13, R. 11; also the W half of the S W 1-4, and the S half of the N W fourth of sec. 26, T. 13, R. 11; also the W half of the N E 1-4 and the W 1/2 of the S E 1/4 of sec. 34, T. 13, R. 11, east in the Coosa Land Dis. Calhoun co. Ala. to satisfy said decree.

WM. M. HAMES, Register.

Nov. 28, 1867.

Through Rates Freight

ON COTTON.

FROM

FROM GREENSBORO & GADSDEN, ALA.

VIA ROME, Ga. & CHARLESTON, S. C.

TO NEW YORK, per Bale of 500

lbs. or under, \$8 74.

THROUGH bills Lading given, necessary permits to accompany, and cotton tagged. No insurance necessary on Rail Roads from Rome to Charleston.—Agents of the different lines will attend to receiving and forwarding. To prevent extra charges for mending Cotton in transit, shippers will save by putting their Cotton, in perfect order. World recommend the bales should be well covered with tagging.

J. M. ELLIOTT,

Supt. Coosa Steamboat Line.

C. M. PENNINGTON,

Eng. & Sup. Rome R. R.

J. B. PECK,

M. T. W. & A. R. R.

Radical Troubles Greeting Out of the Bayonet Bills.

From the New York Times (Republican.)

But the Republican party has never taken the ground, or held the doctrine, that voting was a power to be exercised as a matter of right, without any regard to qualifications. No party in the country has ever taken that ground. All parties from the foundation of the Government, have held that there must be evidence of qualification of some kind, before the franchise should be conferred. Every foreigner who comes here to live must reside here five years before he can vote. All parties approve these requirements and they will involve the theory that suffrage is a political power, to be exercised under responsibility, and upon proof of certain qualifications for it, and not a natural right to be enjoyed without regard to qualifications or responsibilities of any sort. And this is the position held by the Republican Party, and by the great body of the people to-day. The action of Congress has placed them in a false position upon this subject, and has apparently committed them to a principle which they do not hold.

If the question were free from "side issues," it would be easily and promptly settled. If it were simply this: "Are the negroes of the South," as a body, qualified to take part in the reorganization of the Southern State Governments; is it wise or safe to leave them to decide what principles shall be embodied in the State Constitution, what shall be the form and powers of the State Governments, and what shall be the securities for life and property under them?" there are not ten men out of a thousand in the Republican Party who would not say no. Nobody believes they are. How should they be? The great mass of them have been kept in the most stupid ignorance all their lives; they can neither read nor write; they have heard nothing of politics and know nothing of the simplest facts of our history or our Government; they have neither the capacity to form opinions nor the material to form them from; and as a matter of necessity, as well as of fact, they will be and are simply tools in the hands of party leaders and wire-pullers on the one side or the other. Circumstances just now throw them into the hands of the Republicans. The weight of their votes can and will be thrown into the Republican scale. And it is this fact which leads the Republicans to accept for them the principle of universal suffrage, and which, we may add, leads the Democrats to oppose it.

We do not think it would be wise to attempt to change now. In the first place it cannot be done; and in politics nothing is wise which is impossible. Moreover it would arrest the whole progress of reconstruction and involve fresh conflicts, complications, and delays in a matter where delay is of itself one of the worst things that can happen. But the Reconstruction Act reserves to Congress the whole business of revising the Constitutions that may be sent up from the States for its approval. If they contain provisions which Congress does not approve, it can strike them out and send them back for revision and amendment. This seems to us a power which Congress should exercise freely and boldly; and it may so exercise it in regard to suffrage as to make the Southern Constitutions conform to what is the real sentiment and purpose of the Republican party upon this subject. It can substitute impartial suffrage for universal suffrage. It can forbid State Governments from making color a ground of disfranchisement, without compelling them to admit ignorance, stupidity, and incapacity to the ballot-box. It can permit them to prescribe such qualifications for the suffrage as may seem expedient, insisting only that whatever qualifications may be prescribed shall apply to all inhabitants of the State alike, without regard to race or color.

By some such action as this it seems to us the rights of the negroes at the South may be protected, without putting in peril any interest or principle which the Republican party has at heart.

Words That We Mean.

We have had the proceedings of the misnamed Alabama Convention reported in our columns to gratify our readers; but we have not taken any particular editorial notice of this singular assemblage, because we do not feel the slightest interest in the peculiar shape and qualities of the non-decript thing its incubation may torture into life. We say torture into life, because this monstrous conception of wrong, and ruin and military violence, born of political rapacity besotted ignorance and the cowardly surrender of all patriotic susceptibilities and all true devotion to the principles of free government, must come into the world, shuddering at its own dreadful existence. We have from the third day of its session taken it for granted that the Convention would attempt to fix universal negro suffrage as a permanent institution upon the State, accompanied by such sufficient disfranchisement of the legal corporations, as would subject the State, bound hand and foot to the complete rule and dominion of a set of men who have united themselves with the blacks for the express purpose of robbing our people of their remaining property, attacking and abusing if possible their respectability, and desecrating with the unspringing hand of a vulgar malice, everything honorable and cherished. Regarding this as a foregone conclusion, from the spirit and acts of the Conven-

tion, we have not cared in the least how the thing was accomplished, or whether the voracious plunderers were to be foisted into office by means of popular elections or to be appointed by some one who may be chosen Governor by negro votes—universal negro suffrage being decreed we have been perfectly indifferent as to the result, and have not cared a fig whether the white radicals cheat their black dupes out of all the offices by contriving to have them all filled by an Executive regime, or whether the negroes should roast and eat (after the pleasant fashion of their enlightened ancestors) every one of their pilfering, hypocritical and cheating white allies. We are against the dishonest, treacherous and disreputable concern, now and forever. We will never under any stress of circumstances, yield our sanction to their hideous and devilish work. If the American people, absolutely require that we shall pass under the yoke of this dark and horrible captivity, we can do no more than bow our heads in grief and shame and submit to our bitter and barbarous fate but we will not even then, sanction such unspicable outrage. But we are well assured that the American people will not visit such calamitous consequences upon their peaceful and law abiding countrymen in Alabama. Nor, in our opinion, will they now strike so fatal a blow at their own honor and their own integrity. If there were no other important and more selfish reasons to restrain them they could never be so lost to justice, to common sense and to a proper magnanimity. They know too well that when they degrade Alabama they inflict a grievous and perhaps irremediable wound upon the Union of which she is a part, and that when they cover and curse ten States with the moral leprosy of a corrupt, lazy and licentious population, it is not only these ten States that must suffer, but the character and interests of the entire nation. They may wish and very properly to preserve the freedom, and establish the civil rights of the negro, but they do not desire to confer upon him the privilege of the ballot, at the expense of the productive industry, the martial sensibilities, so useful and honorable as a national trait, and the intellectual progress of one third of the States comprising the Federal system.

Before the late civil war, Alabama produced yearly one-sixth of the cotton raised in the United States. Her seven hundred thousand bales were equal to an annual acquisition of forty millions in gold coin. This immense sum was so much national wealth, standing as a set off against indebtedness on account of foreign importations and employing with a rich harvest of gain to many factors, many merchants and a large shipping interest belonging to our common country. But with the labor of the States, already so costly and precarious, thoroughly demoralized the worst appliance of demagoguery; with county and precinct politics and with State elections, taking the place of the Plough and Hoe; with recklessness, incompetence and general thieving in the civil administration with social disturbances always threatening different localities, what must be the inevitable result? It is to be seen in one word, at its utter and terrible ruin. No one can now ride through any county in the State, without observing with a bleeding heart the visible degradation and decay; fenceless fields, rotting roofs, slovenly farming, tumbledown gates and yard-poles; the cheerless countenances of the people, indicating a sad and real change, the worse since the termination of the civil struggle.

Already British diplomacy, aided by the unthinking folly of the Republican party threatens to desolate almost as fiercely as Hyder Ali smote the Carnatic, the broad cotton fields of the South by compelling the unremunerated planters to abandon its cultivation. Already the price of this once valuable staple to us is so irregular and low, and the cost of raising its precious fibres so high that the Egyptian, Brazilian and East India cotton is menacing the extinction of the American product from the European markets. It is quite certain that it will not do to make any further sacrifices to the vicious fanaticism of the negroes, primary sufficient and exact to continue the cultivation of cotton in the United States. We must now pause on the brink, or fall for ever over the precipice of desolation; and we say here, in the powerful names of commerce, white industry, and the spirit of the age, that if the franchise of the emancipated blacks, can only be secured at the terrible cost of hundreds of millions of dollars, disfranchising of the white race, and the disgrace of shrouding ten great and fruitful States of the terming South with deathlike and ghastly eclipses, then the once contented slave has been emancipated for no good or wise end, and his late oppressors may not be without some profit.

We therefore have an abiding faith, that so far from being required to sanction the Alabama abandonment, now having its painful and dangerous birth at the Capital, the Democratic and Conservative masses of the North, will either terrorize the Republican party itself to speedily and merciless destruction or seize upon and slay it with their own hands. At any rate, we have no language of compromise or even suzerainty with these constitution mongers, who are so far beyond the enactment that gave them their birth, and who are impudently pretending to represent our noble State in a work that should command the intellect, the integrity, the experience, and the grave debate of the best and ablest in our land. They represent Alabama in a trust of the highest

dignity and the weightiest value and responsibility! These obscure mountebanks, these itinerants of all States and occupations, watching wherever they may happen to be, their felonious opportunities, as Hawks watch their prey; those political Trampers ready for the spoils of friend or foe; these disbanded Soldiers of Fortune and free companionship, those Land sharpers and cotton speculators, these impetuous exiles, these poor deluded negroes who cannot read or write, and these office seeking Southern men, who have so strangely, so pitilessly forgotten the founders of her civil polity. Alabama knows them not except as the people of the great North and West know them, as public assassins of liberty, and she the lawful State, the rightful Alabama will never know them except to spurn them from her presence as something too hateful to be borne.

Just calmly think, if you can citizens of the indecency of such a thing—think of the absence of all self respect to be implied from the fact of men—they call themselves men—flocking into Alabama, at such a time too, and after a few months residence, without property in the State or any personal tie whatever, as in many cases, thrusting themselves forward as the false representatives of one hundred and twenty thousand white men, a part of their constituency, but in truth representing no one but themselves and negroes not yet enfranchised by the State. Could any thing in the possible range of human action be more despicable, could anything be more dishonorable, could anything be better calculated to excite present indignation and future wrath?

We appeal from these charlatans and swindlers, these quacks and adventurers to our magnanimous fellow-citizens in the North, in Ohio, in Pennsylvania and New York particularly, from those dread surveillance many of these men have escaped to harness and insult this unfortunate Country. We appeal to them, whose encouraging voices we have recently heard with so much hope, to interpose and protect us, since we cannot now help ourselves, from the horror of this insufferable outrage.

TO CONSPIRATORS.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge,) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a long and tedious disease of Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address:

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 163 South Second Street, Williamsburg, New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar Street, New York.

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or receding hair, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin. Having the same sent clear and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, 823 Broadway, New York.

NEW FIRM.

New Goods,

AND

NEW LOCATION.

D. P. GUNNELS & E. G. ROBERTSON

HAVING associated themselves in the Dry Goods Business in the south room of New York Building, call the attention of the public to their large and carefully selected stock of Goods, comprising every thing usually kept in a village house. When visiting our Town, give us a call

D. P. GUNNELS & CO. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

N. J. TURNLEY. GEORGE ISABEL TURNLEY.

TURNLEY & SON,

Attorneys at Law

AND

Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

HAVE all necessary Blanks, and are ready to file applications for all who desire relief under the Bankrupt Act of 1867.

They will attend the Bankrupt Courts held by the Register, at Gadsden, Lelannon and Centre, and may be consulted at their office in Jacksonville, where one of them may always be found.

Nov. 9, 1867.

J. G. BELL. W. T. BELL.

J. G. BELL & BRO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

WATER STREET, SELMA, ALA.

Special attention given to the Sale & Shipment of Cotton. Consignments respectfully solicited.

Sept. 8, 1866.

THE GREAT CAUSE

HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price six cents.

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE

Treatment, and Radical Cure of Seminal weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by self-abuse; Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage, generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, Mental & Physical Inequality, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, blisters, instruments, rings, or cordons, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a Boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers.

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.

127 Bowery, N. Y. P. O. Box 4,586.

NEW GOODS.

CALICOES,

DOMESTICS &c.

Just Received and For Sale by

WOODWARD

June 8, 1867.

KEROSENE & GAS STOVES.

TEA AND COFFEE BOILERS, GLUE POTS, OIL CANS, &c., &c.

✓ All the Cooking for a ✓ Family may be done with ✓ Kerosene Oil, or Gas, ✓ with 1 lb. trouble, and at ✓ 67 less expense, than by any ✓ other fuel.

Each Article manufactured by this Company is guaranteed to perform all that is claimed for it.

Send for Circular.

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

KEROSENE LAMP, HEATER CO., 117

60 PEARL STREET N. Y.

Empire Sewing Machine Co.

Principal Office, 616 Broadway, NEW YORK.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN Sewing Ma-

chine. (Improve Shuttle, Crank Motion Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered noiseless in action.) Its motion being all positive, it is not liable to get out of order. It is the best Family Machine. Notice is called to our new and improved Manufacturing Machine, or Tailors and Dress and Shoe Fitters. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No consignments made.

EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.

CHEAP PRINTING PAPER.

To Editors and Publishers.

LETTER FROM W. G. CLARK, Esq., President OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ATLANTA, April 12, 1867.

J. S. THRASHER, Esq.

Dear Sir:—It affords me much pleasure to communicate to you the following resolution of the Southern Press Association:

Resolved, That as a testimonial of our appreciation for the zealous, faithful and effective service of John S. Thrasher, Esq., as Superintendent of this Association in years past, we hereby tender him the thanks of this Association, and confer upon him the complimentary position of Agent of the Southern Press Association in the City of New York.

The terms of commendation employed in the above resolution do no more than justice to your important services during your superintendency—services which none can more highly appreciate than myself. Should occasion require, I shall be glad to avail myself of the aid rendered by the resolution.

Very Respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

W. G. CLARK, President.

NOTICE.

I would respectfully request every daily, tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly and monthly journal South of the Potomac and Ohio rivers and the 26 deg. 30 min. parallel of latitude West of the Mississippi, to publish this advertisement twice, and send to me at New York, each time a copy of the paper containing it, post paid, with bill for the same.

It is desirable in my contributions to secure cheaper printing paper for our Southern journals, that I shall have the fullest information regarding the sizes of paper used by the several publications, and I can procure it in no other way than by requesting particular attention to the need of sending copy of the publication with the bill.

I desire it sent twice to provide against mail failures, and that they be postpaid to secure post office delivery.

J. S. THRASHER, Box 5939 New York, N. Y.

ALA. & TENN. RIVER R. R.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description Consigned to this House will be forwarding promptly and as low as through any house in Selma.

Feb. 16, 1867.—uf.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

12 Hours to Atlanta and \$8.00 saved

24 Hours to Chattanooga & \$18 saved.

On and after Monday June 4th, 1866, Trains on this road will run as follows:

Through Passenger & Freight Trains.

Passenger trains will leave Selma daily, (except Sundays) at 4 P. M.

do do (except Sunday) at 12 noon.

do do will leave Blue Mountain (except Sundays) at 4 A. M.

do do will arrive at Selma (except Sundays) at 12 noon.

Freight Trains, will Further Notice.

Will leave Selma Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5:15 A. M.

And arrive at Blue Mountain at 7:50 P. M.

Will leave Blue Mountain Tuesdays, Thursdays & Saturdays at 5:15 A. M.

Arrive at Selma at 7:30 P. M.

Passenger trains connect at Selma with boats to Montgomery and Mobile, and with the Selma and Meridian Railroad for Vicksburg, New Orleans and West.

Also Blue Mountain they connect with Taylor, Gilmer & Co's splendid line of Coaches from there to Rome, Ga., and thence by rail to Atlanta, Savannah, Charleston, Chattanooga and all points North and East.

Through free from Selma to Kingston on Western and Atlantic Railroad ONLY \$12.00

E. G. BARNBY, June 9, 1866. Sup't & Agent for Lessee.

SELMA

Advertisements.

Woolsey, Walker, & Co.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

SELMA and MOBILE.

Any prepared to advance Bagging, Rope, Ties, Supplies & Money to their friends, and to sell at the highest market price all Cotton and Produce consigned to them at either SELMA or MOBILE.

Sept. 7, 1867.—3m.

BOGGS, MOFFAT & WOODS,

GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

Central Block, Water Street, SELMA, Ala.

Will keep on hand a complete assortment of Groceries, Flour, Lard, Tallow, Butter, Eggs, &c., &c., and will ship to any part of the South at the lowest rates.

Will advance liberally on consignments of Cotton & other produce let with them for sale.

J. A. Curry. J. H. Annspaugh.

J. A. CURRY & CO.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

Water Street, SELMA, Ala.

We will make advances on Cotton and furnish Bagging and Rope to all who favor us with their patronage.

We have good Brick Warehouses constantly under guard for the storage of Cotton and other produce consigned to us.

Aug. 24, 1867.—6m.

BOWEN & HOOPER,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Western Produce.

Corn, Water and Washings, &c., &c., delivered at the "Tramp House."

ARE now opening a full and complete assortment of Groceries and Western Produce, which they offer in Packages or at Retail at the lowest market rates.

Consignments of Cotton, Flour and other Produce, for storage, sale or shipment, respectfully solicited, and faithfully and promptly attended to.

Thankful for former favors, they will be happy to again meet their old friends, and ask a fair share of patronage from the public generally.

BOWEN & HOOPER.

August 24, 1867.—1y.

AGNES WILLIAMS,

COTTON FACTOR

AND

Commission Merchant.

Selma, Ala.

THANKFUL for the patronage heretofore extended him, again tenders his services to the public in the sale of Cotton, Flour, &c. Will advance Bagging & Rope to his patrons. A liberal share of patronage respectfully solicited.

Aug. 5th, 1867.

WM. WHITE. A. J. PHARES.

WHITE & PHARES,

Commission Merchants,

S. E. T. M. A. A. A.

Sole agents consignments of COTTON, WHEAT, FLOUR, & other Produce.

Liberal cash advances made on shipments. Respectfully refer to the following Merchants:

Messrs. S. & T. J. Morgan, Oxford.

E. L. Woodward, Jacksonville.

J. D. Hoke, " "

P. Rowan, " "

July 13, 1867.—Gm.

ROBT. A. PETTIBONE,

(Successor to N. D. JONSON & Co.)

RECEIVING

AND

Forwarding Merchant,

Selma, Alabama.

Ware House and Wharf at the terminus of the Alabama & Tennessee Rivers Rail Road.

Cotton or Merchandise of any description Consigned to this House will be forwarding promptly and as low as through any house in Selma.

Feb. 16, 1867.—uf.

G. MC CONNICO, Selma.

J. A. JONES, Bibb Co.

R. H. CROSWELL, Selma.

CENTRAL WAREHOUSE CO.,

RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

SELMA, ALA.

SPECIAL attention given to the sale and purchase of merchandise and supplies of every description.

Were respectfully solicit consignments, on which liberal cash advances will be made, and close storage given in a fire-proof warehouse.

All Goods consigned to Central Warehouse will be received directly from Steamboats on a first class Wharf Dock, and not exposed to the weather. No charges for drayage to Railroad Depot.

March 2, 1867.

Notice.

THOSE owing the firm of J. L. Pinson & Co. formerly of Alexandria, Ala. will find their notes and accounts turned over to H. L. Stevenson, Esq. for collection. There being forced to this arrangement, from the fact that Mr. J. L. Pinson is a non-resident, and I am not able to attend to the business.

F. M. PINSON.

August 10, 1867.

AN APPEAL

FARMERS & PLANTERS!

ABSOLUTE necessity in times gone by, forced you to purchase an occasional supply of such medicines as might be administered to the various members of your family by yourselves, without the aid of a Physician.

Various purgative Pills, Cough Mixtures, Chill Medicines, Diarrhoea Compounds, Tonics, Blood Purifiers, and many other articles, have been recommended for you at a southern stand-point, and in many cases, those who prepared them knew nothing about the treatment of diseases in any climate, and in the absence of better compounds, they in many instances, met with your APPROVING SMILES.

Now, gentlemen, by your assistance and your influence, which we intend to MERIT, we wish to effect a slight change in the programme; and so long as we give satisfaction shall hope to be the recipients of public patronage. Our plan is, that the

Medical Profession,

Those who are experienced in Southern treatment, and have been and are in every respect identified

Heights of Mountains and Cities.

A writer in the San Francisco Bulletin, under the date, furnishes the following information upon this interesting subject:

A paragraph about the height of cities and mountains, quoted in your paper is a pleasant illustration of how many errors can be crowded into twenty five lines. Allow me to correct a portion of these misstatements, especially as the real facts are of general interest and worth preserving.

I take up the statements in the order of the paragraphs in question. First, Mount Mitchell 6,576 feet, not 6,470, is not the highest mountain east of the Rocky Mountains; Black Mountain (6,701) is. Mount St. Elias is not 7,900 feet high, nor 17,600, as usually stated, but 14,970, as measured by the English hydrographers. Aconcagua (given at 23,944 feet) is not the highest peak in South America; the determinations of its altitude are somewhat at variance with each other, but 23,000, the measurement of the officers of the Beagle, (on the memorable expedition of which Darwin formed a part) is the most probable. There are several peaks in the Bolivian Andes higher than this; of these, Illimani is the most elevated, its height being 24,812 feet, as determined by the recent government survey of Bolivia. The highest summit of Europe is Mont Blanc, its height, however, is not 17,750 feet, but 15,780 metres (15,779 feet), as determined from the mean of seven of the most elaborate and reliable geodetic measurements, which cost twenty years of labor. The highest point of Asia is not Kanchinjunga, which is not 28,178, but 28,156 feet according to the government survey; it is Gaurisankar, or Mt. Everest, 29,002 feet, as fixed by the accurate determination of the great topographical survey of India.

Salt Lake City is not the highest city in the United States. Virginia City is probably the highest town with sufficient population to be entitled to the name of a "city." It is about 6,300 feet above the sea; as it is built on the steeply inclined side of a mountain, different parts of it differ several hundred feet from each other in elevation. If, however, Austin, Nevada, may be called a city, it has the precedence of Virginia City, as its elevation is about 6,500 feet; while Aurora is nearly 1,000 feet higher than Austin, 7,446 feet. Whether the statement that Mexico is the highest city on the continent should be allowed to pass unchallenged, depends upon the construction of the word "city."

Sensible Advice.—Formerly, when negroes voted in New Jersey, a candidate sent an old negro preacher two barrels of nice potatoes. Next meeting day he exhorted his hearers on the duty of voting and the difference between Whigs and Democrats. He told the story of the receipt of the potatoes and added: "My brethren, some tell you to vote for de Whigs, some tell you to vote for de Democrats, but I tell you to vote where you get de taters!"

The First Hatched Radical Egg.

For two years and a half the "loyal" people of the country have been incubating the ten Southern States with the "Rump," to hatch out "loyal" Radical States to be "admitted into the Union." After such a long & painful incubation; after such a costly incubation—\$500,000,000 per year—after holding the star of our destiny still, as Joshua held the sun, for two and one-half years—his bright career checked and his glory eclipsed and dimmed, the Union discovered and the veil of the temple of Liberty rent in twain—the great event has at last happened—the egg is hatched. The first-born child of Radicalism has been warmed into life by the "Rump," and made glad the "loyal" heart of the nation. It is a nigger. Its name is Tennessee; and the midwife was Brownlow. Fourteen thousand white men out of 150,000, voting for Brownlow, made a majority. Do we want ten more such eggs hatched under the reconstruction bill?—Ohio Crisis.

ORIENTAL APOTHEGMS.

As by repeated efforts a stone is mounted upon the summit of a hill and instantly thrown down, so may we ourselves, by our virtues and our vices, be elevated or cast down.

He is a wise man that knoweth that his words should be suited to the occasion, his love to the worthiness of the object, and his anger according to his strength.

No one is, by nature, noble, respected of any one, nor a wretch. His own actions conduct him either to wretchedness or the reverse.

The non-commencement of anything from the fear of offense, is the mark of a weak man. Who, brother, leaveth off eating entirely, from the fear of indigestion?

In misfortune, in error, and when the time appointed for certain affairs is about to elapse, a servant, who has his master's welfare at heart, ought to speak unasked.

The qualification by which a man earneth his bread, and for which he is celebrated in the world, should be nourished and improved.

The man whose heart is tainted with fear, although profuse of speech, in the presence of the king, amongst learned men, or in the company of women well inclined for a husband, is a coward.

Sovereigns have occasion even for straw and things to rub their teeth or pick their ear; but how much more for

an able speaker, and a dexterous obviator of difficulties.

Although a gem may tumble at the feet, and a piece of glass be worn upon the head, yet, at the season of buying and selling, glass is glass, and gems are gems.

It should not be suspected of a man whose life hath been spent in noble deeds, that his reason is lost when he is only involved in trouble. A fire may be overturned, but its flame will never descend.

Servants and houses should be suited to the situation. A gem should not be placed at the feet. The same is to be understood of an able man.

What wise men have declared proper may be received from a child. When the fun is invincible, how useless is the appearance of a lamb?

By the touchstone of misfortune, a man discovereth the quality of wife, relations, and servants; and of his own strength and judgment.

The tempest never rooteth up the grass, which is feeble, humble, and shooteth not up on high but exerts its power even to the lofty trees; for the great use not their might, but upon the great.

Skillful men make falsehood look like truth; and those acquainted with the painter's art make an even surface appear uneven.

In gratifying the wishes of men of vicious principles, when shall we find improvement, happiness and purity? If the tree be poisonous, the fruit is unwholesome, although sprinkled with the water of immortality.

He who doth not wish another's ruin, should, even unasked, speak to him for his good. This is a supreme duty, and the contrary is the opinion of bad men.

He who hath riches hath friends; he who hath riches is a man of consequence in the world; he who hath riches is esteemed a learned man.

The house of the childless is empty; and so is the heart of him who hath no wife. The mind of the fool is empty; and everything is empty where there is poverty.

The fate of a man of feeling is like that of a tuft of flowers, twined; but he may either mount upon the heads of all, or go down to decay in the wilderness.

J. W. Proctor—"A Northern man by birth and education," who "never spent six months in the South," and believes in "none of the issues which led to the recent war," addresses a letter to *Times* Grant through the New Orleans-Times, accusing him of "passing over the recent battlefields where his flag waved in triumph and thrusting his satire, already covered with blood, into the sacred bosoms of a fallen and prostrate foe, with uplifted hands imploring mercy." This has reference to the General's recent declaration in favor of the Radicals. Mr. Proctor says the great body of the people of the South cheerfully acquiesced in the first Reconstruction Act passed by Congress, but the subsequent acts, placing the political power of several of the States in the hands of the negroes, "has produced a bitterness of feeling which it will be difficult to remove." The letter advocates conciliatory measures, and says the Radical platform cannot be carried out without bloodshed. "The recent elections have demonstrated beyond the possibility of doubt that the people of the North will not permit these gross outrages to be committed on the South." "The next war may be waged on one side by a union of patriot North and South, to vindicate the constitution and maintain the supremacy of the white race in the Republic."

Mr. Proctor regrets that General Grant has permitted that "vicious politician," W. H. Murray, to flatter him into a position which will ruin his reputation, and that he has "expressly sanctioned the arbitrary and despotic acts of that little Nero, Gen. Sheridan." In conclusion, Mr. P. predicts that if any of the Generals are elevated to the Presidency, it will be Sherman. "He has waited patiently until you, and the other Generals who have been named for this office, are fairly and fully committed to the Radicals, when he will place himself at the head of the Conservative element of the country, and standing upon his proposed treaty with General Johnson as a platform, will turn your right and left flank, and disperse the motley crowd of whites and blacks which now occupy your center."

GROVESTEN & CO.
Piano Forte Manufacturers.
499, Broadway, New York.

Attention of the public and the trade is invited to our New Scale, Seven Octave, Rosewood Piano-Fortes, which for volume and purity of tone are unrivaled by any hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements—French grand action, harp pedals, iron frame, over-string bass, etc.—and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. Grovesten, who has a practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is fully warranted in every particular.

The "Grovesten Piano-Forte" received the highest award of merit at the celebrated World's Fair.

Where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York, and also at the American Institute for five successive years, the Goto and Squire Models from both of which can be seen at our warehouses.

By the introduction of improvements we make a still more perfect Piano-Forte, and by manufacturing largely, with a strict cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price which will preclude competition. Our prices are from \$700 to \$1,200, cheaper than any other first-class Piano-Fortes.

Terms—Net cash in current funds. Descriptive circulars sent free.

Jan. 12, 1867—ly

DR. C. C. PORTER.

Surgeon Dentist.

Jacksonville, Alabama.

Will be in

Jacksonville

On the first week

in every month—

Room, the same

formerly occupied

by him on the

north-west corner

of the Public Square.

Blacksmithing.

The undersigned, respectfully

inform the public that they are

prepared to execute blacksmith

work of every description, in the neatest

and most durable manner, and at prices as

favorable as any other workmen. Their shop is

near the Stage Stable, on the west side of Main

street, south of the public square. One of us

formerly worked with Mr. A. Adams, to

whom he refers for information relative to

his ability to do good and faithful work.

Terms cash, or produce at market price.

STEPHEN L. McLEAN,

STEPHEN L. HONE.

Jacksonville, June 29, 1867.

ROME

STEAM ENGINE

AND

MACHINE WORKS,

FOR THE

NOBLE & MITCHELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Horizontal, Vertical and Portable

STEAM ENGINES,

From one to Five Hundred Horse Power

Locomotive, Flue, Tubular & Cyl-

inder BOILERS.

Gasometers, Tanks, Smoke-Stacks

BLAST PIPES,

COTTON PRESSES,

SUGAR MILLS, &c.

MACHINERY FOR

Rolling Mills.

Mill & Furnaces,

Railroads,

Saw & Grind Mills, &c.

ESTABLISHED

Of every description of machinery, the weight

Car wheels, flammings, Locomotive

and Car Axles.

Mining Machinery

For Gold, Copper, Iron and Lead Mines;

Bridge-castings and Bolts;

All kinds of Machinery and

BRASS CASTINGS.

We have rebuilt our Works and have New

and Improved Machinery and Tools, Rail-

road, Mill, and Grind Mills, CONCRETE

PUMPS, and ROLLING MILLS, AND

MINING MACHINERY, will find it to their

interest to send us their orders. We use only

the best material and do our work well.

We will GUARANTEE ALL WORK done at

our establishment.

Prices will be as low or lower than the

same work can be performed, or done at any

other establishment in the South.

Our long experience in the business and

the large contracts we have heretofore filled,

will guarantee satisfaction to our customers.

NOBLE & MITCHELL.

Jas. Noble, Secy. Thos. P. Mitchell, Cash.

Jos. W. Young, Master Workman & Druggist

Wm. Noble, George Noble.

SAVING NOLLE, Superintendent.

July 24, 1867.

NEW WOOL FACTORY.

At McKinnon's old stand on

Cherokee Creek, 12 miles be-

low Oxford and 24 above Man-

ual. This splendid Machinery

has been purchased with a view

to suit the wants of the Southern people, be-

ing clothed entirely with a superior quality

of ENGLISH CARDS, it cannot fail to

give satisfaction where the wool is properly

prepared. Wool will be conveyed from the

port at Manual and returned free of charge.

Our old friends and the public generally

are respectfully invited to call and examine

our machinery.

MCKINNON & BROTHER.

June 22, 1867—3m.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

AMBRYPEYES, &c.

E. C. GIBBS, Artist.

(Formerly of Asheville, Ala.)

Room first door north of E. L. Wood

ward's Store. June 16, 1867

Tax Notice.

I will be in Jacksonville, on Monday the

10th December, and will remain there dur-

ing the same week, for the benefit of those

who wish to pay their Tax for the year 1867.

H. GRAHAM, T. C.

I will also attend at the following times &

places, for the same purpose.

H. G.

June 22, Dec. 2, 1867.

Madison, " 3

Madison, " 4 & 5

York, " 6 & 7

White Plains, " 1

SMITH & BIDDLE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS,

Hardware and

Commission Merchants.

We are now receiving and will continue

to receive fresh lots of Groceries and

Plantation Supplies

Every week, which they offer to Planters and

Country Merchants at as low figures as can

be bought in the up country. Call and ex-

amine before purchasing elsewhere.

We are prepared to pay out on Cotton con-

signment to us for shipment to Selma, Mobile,

New Orleans or New York.

Will soon have a large Ware-house com-

pleted in rear of our building for storing

Cotton. Oxford, Ala. Nov. 9, 1867—6m.

Notice.

THOSE indebted to the estate of Sims

Kelly, dec'd will save cost by calling on

me at Jacksonville and settling. He re-vo-

luted and have been hard pressed to get

money enough to pay the taxes. Securities

may save money by urging the principals to

pay up.

S. C. KELLY, Ex'r.

Oct. 12, 1867.

"White Men must Rule America."

THE SELMA MESSENGER,

DAILY AND WEEKLY,

BY M. J. WILLIAMS & CO.

ROBERT MCKEE, Editor.

TERMS.—Daily, one year, in advance, \$10 00

Weekly, " " " 3 00

Two copies, " " " 5 00

Five " " " 10 00

The terms are invariable.

Advertisements inserted in either the

Daily or Weekly, or both, at reasonable rates.

The Daily Messenger

Has been considerably improved, and the

Proprietors contemplate making further im-

provements at an early day. It contains the

very latest intelligence from all parts of the

world. In fact, it is a perfect epitome of the

current events of the day.

The Weekly Messenger

Is published every Friday morning. Each

number contains from twenty-eight to thirty-

two long columns of reading matter, consist-

ing of editorials on all important topics of

discussion, selections from all the best papers

in the United States, full telegraphic re-ports,

poetry, miscellaneous matter, the Selma mar-

kets corrected carefully by the Chamber of

Commerce, the Markets in all the principal

cities of America, etc., etc.

In short, its editor spares no labor, and its

publishers no expense, to make it a perfect

newspaper for the farmer, the merchant, the

lawyer, and the fireside.

Address:

M. J. WILLIAMS & CO., Selma, Ala.

THE

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

A New Feature.

Having determined, in addition to the us-

ual political, miscellaneous and local mat-

ter, to devote a column daily and a page weekly,

to the promotion of the Agricultural, Stock

Raising, Domestic and Sporting Interests of

Alabama, we respectfully solicit contributions

or correspondence on these topics. There be-

ing no other paper in the State giving special

attention to this department, we trust the Ad-

vertiser will receive the co-operation and sup-

port of those interested.

The politics of the Advertiser are thorow-

ly independent and conservative, dealing just-

ly and fairly with all men, and holding itself

above all factions and all parties, for the good

of the State and country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

One copy, one month\$ 1 00

" " three months 2 50

" " six months 5 00

" " twelve months 10 00

WEEKLY.

One copy, three months\$ 1 50

" " six months 2 50

" " twelve months 5 00

Six copies twelve months sent to one

Post office address 20 00

Ten copies twelve months sent to one

Post office address 30 00

Clubs received for six months at the fore-